

Designation: A 250/A 250M - 95 (Reapproved 2001)



Designation: A 250/A 250M - 04

Standard Specification for Electric-Resistance-Welded Ferritic Alloy-Steel Boiler and Superheater Tubes¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A 250/A 250M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

■ 1. Scope*

- 1.1 This specification² covers several grades, designated T1, T1a, T1b, T2, T11, T12 and T22, of minimum-wall-thickness, electric-resistance-welded, carbon-molybdenum and chromium-molybdenum alloy-steel, boiler and superheater tubes.
- 1.2 The tubing sizes and thicknesses usually furnished to this specification are ½ to 5 in. [12.7 to 127 mm] in outside diameter and 0.035 to 0.320 in. [0.9 to 8.1 mm], inclusive, in minimum wall thickness. Tubing having other dimensions may be furnished, provided such tubes comply with all other requirements of this specification.
- 1.3 Mechanical property requirements do not apply to tubing smaller than $\frac{1}{8}$ in. [3.2 mm] in inside diameter or 0.015 in. [0.4 mm] in thickness.
- 1.4 An optional supplementary requirement is provided and, when desired, shall be so stated in the order. for non-destructive examination for certain ASME applications.
- 1.5 The values stated in either inch-pound units or SI units are to be regarded separately as the standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system are not exact equivalents; therefore, each system must be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with the specification. The inch-pound units shall apply unless the "M" designation of this specification is specified in the order.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards: ³

A-450/A 450M <u>1016/A 1016M</u> Specification for General Requirements for Carbon, Ferritic Alloy, and Alloy Steel, Austenitic Alloy Steel, and Stainless Steel Tubes

- E 213 Practice for Ultrasonic Examination of Metal Pipe and Tubing
- E 273 Practice for Ultrasonic Examination of Longitudinal the Weld Zone of Welded Pipe and Tubing

3. Ordering Information

- 3.1 Orders for material under this specification should include the following, as required, to describe the desired material adequately:
 - 3.1.1 Quantity (feet, metres, or number of lengths),
 - 3.1.2 Name of material (electric-resistance-welded tubes),
 - 3.1.3 Grade (Table 1),
 - 3.1.4 Size (outside diameter or minimum wall thickness),
 - 3.1.5 Length (specific or random),
 - 3.1.6 Optional requirement (11.6), (7.3.6),
 - 3.1.7 Test report required (see Certification Section of Specification A 450/A 450M), A 1016/A 1016M),
 - 3.1.8 Specification designation, and
 - 3.1.9 Special requirements and any supplementary requirements selected.

4. General Requirements

4.1 Material

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel, and Related Alloys, and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.10 on Stainless and Alloy Steel Tubular Products.

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² For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code applications see related Specification SA-250 in Section II of that Code.

³ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.01. volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements

Element	Composition, %						
	Grade T1	Grade T1a	Grade T1b	Grade T2	Grade T11	Grade T12	Grade T22
Carbon	0.10-0.20	0.15-0.25	0.14 max	0.10-0.20	0.05-0.15	0.05-0.15	0.15 max
Manganese	0.30-0.80	0.30-0.80	0.30-0.80	0.30-0.61	0.30-0.60	0.30-0.61	0.30-0.60
Phosphorus, max	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.030	0.025
Sulfur, max	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020
Silicon	0.10-0.50	0.10-0.50	0.10-0.50	0.10-0.30	0.50-1.00	0.50 max	0.50 max
Molybdenum	0.44-0.65	0.44-0.65	0.44-0.65	0.44-0.65	0.44-0.65	0.44-0.65	0.87-1.13
Chromium				0.50-0.81	1.00-1.50	0.80-1.25	1.90-2.60

4.1 Product furnished under this specification shall conform to the applicable requirements of Specification A 1016/A 1016M, including any supplementary requirements that are indicated in the current edition purchase order. Failure to comply with the general requirements of Specification A 450/A 450M, unless otherwise provided herein. A 1016/A 1016M constitutes nonconformance with this specification. In case of conflicts with the requirements of this specification and Specification A 1016/A 1016M, this specification shall prevail.

5. Materials and Manufacture

- 5.1 The steel shall be killed.
- 5.2 The tubes shall be made by electric-resistance welding.
- 5.3 Heat Treatment
- 5.3.1 After welding, or when cold finished, after the final cold-drawing pass, all tubes shall be heat treated and, except as provided in 5.3.2, furnished in the full annealed, isothermal annealed, normalized, or normalized and tempered condition at the option of the manufacturer. If furnished in the normalized and tempered condition, the minimum tempering temperature shall be 1200°F [650°C], except T22 shall be tempered at 1250°F [676°C] minimum.
- 5.3.2 When grades T1, T1a, T1b, and T2 are cold finished, the tubes may, at the option of the manufacturer, be heat treated after the final cold-drawing pass at a temperature of 1200°F or higher, provided one of the heat treatments specified in 5.3.1 was applied after welding.

6. Heat Treatment

- 6.1 After welding, or when cold finished, after the final cold-drawing pass, all tubes shall be heat treated and, except as provided in 6.1.1, furnished in the full annealed, isothermal annealed, normalized, or normalized and tempered condition at the option of the manufacturer. If furnished in the normalized and tempered condition, the minimum tempering temperature shall be 1200°F [650°C], except T22 shall be tempered at 1250°F [676°C] minimum.
- 6.1.1 When grades T1, T1a, T1b, and T2 are cold finished, the tubes may, at the option of the manufacturer, be heat treated after the final cold-drawing pass at a temperature of 1200°F or higher, provided one of the heat treatments specified in 6.1 was applied after welding.

7. Chemical Composition

- 76.1 The steel shall conform to the requirements—as to chemical composition prescribed given in Table 1.8
- 6.2 Product Analysis
- <u>86.2.1</u> An analysis of either one length of flat-rolled stock or one tube shall be made on each heat. The chemical composition thus determined shall conform to the requirements-specified.
 - 8.2 If given in Table 1.
- 6.2.2 If the original test for product analysis fails, retests of two additional lengths of flat-rolled stock or tubes shall be made. Both retests for the elements in question shall meet the requirements of the specification; otherwise all remaining material in the heat or lot—(Note 1) (See 8.1) shall be rejected or, at the option of the producer, each length of flat-rolled stock or tube may be individually tested for acceptance. Lengths of flat-rolled stock or tubes which that do not meet the requirements of the specification shall be rejected. Note 1—For flattening and flange requirements, the term *lot* applies to all tubes prior to cutting of the same nominal size and wall thickness that are produced from the same heat of steel. When final heat treatment is in a batch-type furnace, a lot shall include only those tubes of the same size and from the same heat which are heat treated in the same furnace charge. When the final heat treatment is in a continuous furnace, the number of tubes of the same size and from the same heat in a lot shall be determined from the size of the tubes as prescribed in Table 2.

Note 2—For tensile and hardness test requirements, the term *lot* applies to all tubes prior to cutting, of the same nominal diameter and wall thickness that are produced from the same heat of steel. When final heat treatment is in a batch-type furnace, a lot shall include only those tubes of the same size and the same heat which are heat treated in the same furnace charge. When the final heat treatment is in a continuous furnace, a lot shall include all tubes of the same size and heat, heat treated in the same furnace at the same temperature, time at heat, and furnace speed.

9. Tensile

7. Mechanical Requirements

97.1 Tensile Requirements

7.1.1 The material shall conform to the requirements as to tensile properties—prescribed given in Table—3 2.

97.1.2 Table 4.3 gives the computed minimum elongation values for each 1/32-in. [0.8-mm] decrease in wall thickness. Where the wall thickness lies between two values shown above, given in Table 3, the minimum elongation value shall be determined by the following equation:

$$E = 48t + 15.00 [E = 1.87t + 15.00]$$

where:

E = elongation in 2 in.-or [50 mm] %, and

t = actual thickness of specimen, in.[mm].

10. Hardness Requirements

10.1 The

7.2 Hardness Requirements—The tubes shall have a hardness not exceeding the requirements of values given in Table 5 4. 11

7.3 Mechanical Tests Required

117.3.1 *Tension Test*—One tension test shall be made on a specimen for lots of not more than 50 tubes. Tension tests shall be made on specimens from two tubes for lots of more than 50 tubes (Note 2).

11.2 (See 8.2).

7.3.2 Flattening Test—One flattening test shall be made on specimens from each end of one finished tube, not the one used for the flange test, from each lot-(Note 1).

11.3 (See 8.1).

7.3.3 Flange Test—One flange test shall be made on specimens from each end of one finished tube, not the one used for the flattening test, from each lot—(Note 1):

11.4 (See 8.1).

7.3.4 Reverse Flattening Test—One reverse flattening test shall be made on a specimen from each 1500 ft [450 m] of finished tubing.

11.5

7.3.5 Hardness Test—Brinell and Rockwell hardness tests shall be made on specimens from two tubes from each lot (Note 2). 11.6 (See 8.2).

7.3.6 Hydrostatic or Nondestructive Electric Tests — Each tube shall be subjected to either the hydrostatic or the nondestructive electric test. The purchaser may specify which is to be used.

8. Sampling

8.1 For flattening and flange requirements, the term *lot* applies to all tubes prior to cutting of the same specified outside diameter and specified wall thickness that are produced from the same heat of steel. When final heat treatment is in a batch-type furnace,

TABLE 3 2 Tensile Requirements

	<u>-</u>						
Grade	T1	T1a	T1b	T2	T11	T12	T22
Tensile strength, min, ksi [MPa] Yield strength, min, ksi [MPa] Elongation in 2 in. or 50 mm, min, % For longitudinal strip tests a deduction shall be made for each ½s²-in. [0.8-mm] decrease in wall thickness below ¾6 in. [8 mm] from the basic minimum elongation of the following percentage points	55 [380] 30 [205] 30 1.50 ^A	60 [415] 32 [220] 30 1.50 ^A	53 [365] 28 [195] 30 1.50 ^A	60 [415] 30 [205] 30 1.50 ^A	60 [415] 30 [205] 30 1.50 ⁴	60 [415] 32 [220] 30 1.50 ^A	60 [415] 30 [205] 30 1.50 ^A

^A See Table 4 for the computed minimum values.

TABLE 4 3 Minimum Elongation Values

Wall Thick	Wall Thickness		
in.	mm	Grades T1, T1a, T1b, T2, T11, T12, and T22	
5/16 (0.312)	8	30	
9/32 (0.281)	7.2	29	
1/4 (0.250)	6.4	27	
7/32 (0.219)	5.6	26	
3/16 (0.188)	4.8	24	
5/32 (0.156)	4	22	
1/8 (0.125)	3.2	21	
3/32 (0.094)	2.4	20	
1/16 (0.062)	1.6	18	

^A Calculated elongation requirements shall be rounded to the nearest whole number.

TABLE 5 4 Hardness Requirements

	<u> </u>	
Grade	Brinell- <u>h</u> <u>H</u> ardness Number (Tubes 0.200 in. [5. 08 1 mm] and over in wall thickness), <u>HBW</u>	Rockwell Hardness Number (Tubes less than 0.200 in. [5. 08 1 mm] in wall thickness) <u>.</u> <u>HRB</u>
	146	B80
<u>T1</u> T1a	146	<u>80</u>
T1a	<u>146</u> 153	B81
<u>T1a</u> T1b	<u>153</u> 137	<u>81</u> B77
T1b		
<u>T1b</u> T2	<u>137</u> 163	<u>77</u>
T2	163	B85
<u>T2</u> T11	<u>163</u> 163	85
T1 1	163	<u>85</u> B85
<u>T11</u>	<u>163</u> 163	<u>85</u>
T12	163	B85
<u>T12</u> T22	163	<u>85</u>
T22	<u>163</u> 163	B85
<u>T22</u>	<u>163</u>	<u>85</u>

a lot shall include only those tubes of the same size and from the same heat that are heat treated in the same furnace charge. When the final heat treatment is in a continuous furnace, the number of tubes of the same size and from the same heat in a lot shall be determined from the size of the tubes given in Table 5.

8.2 For tensile and hardness test requirements, the term *lot* applies to all tubes prior to cutting, of the same specified outside diameter and specified wall thickness that are produced from the same heat of steel. When final heat treatment is in a batch-type furnace, a lot shall include only those tubes of the same size and the same heat that are heat treated in the same furnace charge. When the final heat treatment is in a continuous furnace, a lot shall include all tubes of the same size and heat, heat treated in the same furnace at the same temperature, time at heat, and furnace speed.

TABLE 2 Number of Tubes in a Lot Heat Treated by the Continuous Process

Size of Tube	Size of Lot
2 in. [50.8 mm] and over in outside diameter and 0.200 in. [5.1 mm] and over in wall thickness Less than 2 in. [50.8 mm] but over 1 in. [25.4 mm] in outside diameter or over 1 in. [25.4 mm] in outside diameter and under 0.200 in. [5.1 mm] in wall thickness	not more than 50 tubes not more than 75 tubes
1 in. [25.4 mm] or less in outside diameter	not more than 125 tubes

9. Forming Operations

<u>129</u>.1 Tubes when inserted in the boiler shall stand expanding and beading without showing cracks or flaws. Superheater tubes when properly manipulated shall stand all forging, welding, and bending operations necessary for application without developing defects.

130. Product Marking

130.1 In addition to the marking prescribed in Specification A 450/A 450M, A 1016/A 1016M, the marking shall include the words "Electric Resistance-Welded Steel."



141. Keywords

141.1 boiler tube; resistance welded steel tube; steel tube, alloy; superheater tube; welded steel tube

SUPPLEMENTARY REQUIREMENTS

The following supplementary requirements may become a part of the specification when specified in the inquiry or invitation to bid, and purchase order or contract. These requirements shall not be considered, unless specified in the order and the necessary tests shall be made at the mill.

S1. Additional Testing of Welded Tubing per ASME Request

- S1.1 Each tube shall be subjected to an ultrasonic inspection employing Practices E 273 or E 213 with the rejection criteria

 referenced in Specification A 450/A 450M. A 1016/A 1016M.
- S1.2 If Practice E 273 is employed, a 100 % volumetric inspection of the entire length of each tube shall also be performed using one of the non-destructive electric tests permitted by Specification—A 450/A 450M. A 1016/A 1016M.
 - S1.3 The test methods described in the supplement may not be capable of inspecting the end portions of tubes. This condition is referred to as end effect. This portion, as determined by the manufacturer, shall be removed and discarded.
- S1.4 In addition to the marking prescribed in Specification A 450/A 450M, A 1016/A 1016M, "S1" shall be added after the grade designation.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

Committee A01 has identified the location of selected changes to this specification since the last issue, A 250/A 250M – 95(2001), that may impact the use of this specification. (Approved March 1, 2004)

(1) Revised and reformatted extensively to adopt the new general requirements specification and conform to the guidelines for form and style.

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