# Standard Specification for Quenched and Tempered Alloy Steel Bolts, Studs, and Other Externally Threaded Fasteners<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A 354; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

# 1. Scope \*

1.1 This specification<sup>2</sup> covers the chemical and mechanical requirements of quenched and tempered alloy steel bolts, studs, and other externally threaded fasteners 4 in. and under in diameter for application at normal atmospheric temperatures, where high strength is required and for limited application at elevated temperature (Note 1). Any alloy steel capable of meeting the minimum mechanical and chemical properties set forth in this specification may be used.

Note 1—For bolts, studs, or other externally threaded fasteners, to be used at elevated temperatures, refer to Specification A 193/A 193M.

1.2 Two levels of bolting strength are covered, designated Grades BC and BD. Selection will depend upon design and the stresses and service for which the product is to be used.

Note 2—Quenched and tempered alloy steel bolts for structural steel joints up through  $1\frac{1}{2}$  in. in diameter are covered in Specification A 490. Alloy steel bolts, studs, and other externally threaded fasteners (that is, heavy hex-structural bolts over  $1\frac{1}{2}$  in., hex bolts, anchor bolts, and countersunk bolts) exhibiting similar mechanical properties to bolts conforming to Specification A 490 shall be covered by Grade BD of this specification.

When bolts of Grade BD of this specification are considered for pretentioned applications in excess of 50 % of the bolt tensile strength, the additional requirements of head size, maximum tensile strength, nut size and strength, washer hardness, tests, and inspections contained in Specification A 490 should be carefully considered.

1.3 Nuts are covered in Specification A 563. Unless otherwise specified, the grade and style of nut for each grade of fastener shall be as follows:

Grade of Fastener and Surface Finish	Nut Grade and Style <sup>A</sup>
BC, plain (or with a coating of insufficient thick- ness to require over-tapped nuts)	C, heavy hex
BC, zinc-coated (or with a coating thickness requiring over-tapped nuts)	DH, heavy hex
BD, all finishes	DH, heavy hex

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>Nuts of other grades and styles having specified proof load stresses (Specification A 563, Table 3) greater than the specified grade and style of nut are suitable.

1.4 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.

#### 2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:
- A 153 Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware<sup>3</sup>
- A 193/A193M Specification for Alloy-Steel and Stainless Steel Bolting Materials for High-Temperature Service<sup>4</sup>
- A 490 Specification for Heat-Treated Steel Structural Bolts, 150 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength<sup>5</sup>
- A 563 Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Nuts<sup>5</sup>
- A 751 Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products<sup>6</sup>
- B 695 Specification for Coatings of Zinc Mechanically Deposited on Iron and Steel<sup>7</sup>
- D 3951 Practice for Commercial Packaging<sup>8</sup>
- F 436 Specification for Hardened Steel Washers<sup>5</sup>
- F 606 Test Methods for Determining the Mechanical Properties of Externally and Internally Threaded Fasteners, Washers, and Rivets<sup>5</sup>
- F 788/F 788M Specification for Surface Discontinuities of Bolts, Screws, and Studs, Inch and Metric Series<sup>5</sup>
- 2.2 ANSI/ASME Standards:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F16 on Fasteners and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F16.02 on Steel Bolts, Nuts, Rivets, and Washers.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code applications see related Specification SA-354 in Section II of that Code.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.06.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.01.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.08.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 6}$  Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.03.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 02.05.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 15.09.

B1.1 Unified Screw Threads9

B18.2.1 Square and Hex Bolts and Screws, Inch Series<sup>9</sup> B18.24.1 Part Identifying Number (PIN) Code System<sup>10</sup> 2.3 *Military Standard*:

MIL-STD 105 Single Sampling Plan for Normal Inspection<sup>11</sup>

## 3. Ordering Information

- 3.1 Orders for bolts and studs (including nuts and accessories) under this specification shall include the following:
  - 3.1.1 ASTM designation and year of issue,
  - 3.1.2 Name of product (that is, bolt or stud),
  - 3.1.3 Grade (that is, BC or BD),
  - 3.1.4 Quantities (number of pieces by size, including nuts),
  - 3.1.5 Size and length,
- 3.1.6 Washers—Specify quantity and size (separate from bolts) (4.3),
- 3.1.7 Zinc Coating—When zinc-coated Grade BC fasteners are required, specify the zinc-coating process required, for example hot-dip, mechanically deposited, or no preference (see 4.4).
- 3.1.8 Other Finishes—Specify other protective finish, if required.
- 3.1.9 Specify if inspection at point of manufacture is required,
  - 3.1.10 Specify if Certification (Section 14) is required, and
- 3.1.11 Specify additional testing (Section 9) or special requirements.
- 3.1.12 For establishment of a part identifying system, see ASME B18.24.1.

#### 4. Materials and Manufacture

- 4.1 The steel shall be made by the open-hearth, electric-furnace, or basic-oxygen process.
- 4.2 All fasteners shall be heat-treated. At the option of the manufacturer, heat treatment may be performed on the raw material, during the manufacturing operations, or after final machining. Heat treatment shall consist of quenching in a liquid medium (except Grade BD sizes  $1\frac{1}{2}$  in. and smaller shall be quenched in oil) from above the transformation temperature and then temperating by reheating to a temperature of not less than  $800^{\circ}\text{F}$  ( $427^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) for Grade BC and for Grade BD.
- 4.3 When used, suitable hardened washers shall be quenched and tempered (non-carburized) in accordance with Specification F 436.
  - 4.4 Zinc Coatings, Hot-Dip and Mechanically Deposited:
- 4.4.1 When zinc-coated fasteners are required, the purchaser shall specify the zinc coating process, for example, hot-dip, mechanically deposited, or no preference.
- 4.4.2 When "hot-dip" is specified, the fasteners shall be zinc coated by the hot-dip process in accordance with the requirements of Class C of Specification A 153.
- <sup>9</sup> Available from American National Standards Institute, 11 West 42nd St., 13th Floor, New York, NY 10036.
- <sup>10</sup> Available from American Society of Mechanical Engineers, Three Park Avenue, New York, NY 10016–5990.
- <sup>11</sup> Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, Bldg. 4 Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, Attn: NPODS.

- 4.4.3 When mechanically deposited is specified, the fasteners shall be zinc-coated by the mechanical-deposition process in accordance with the requirements of Class 50 of Specification B 695.
- 4.4.4 When no preference is specified, the supplier may furnish either a hot-dip zinc coating in accordance with Specification A 153, Class C or a mechanically deposited zinc coating in accordance with Specification B 695, Class 50. Threaded components (bolts and nuts) shall be coated by the same zinc-coating process and the supplier's option is limited to one process per item with no mixed processes in a lot.
- Note 3—When the intended application requires that assembled tension exceeds 50 % of minimum bolt proof load, an anti-galling lubricant may be needed. Application of such a lubricant to nuts and a test of the lubricant efficiency are provided in Supplementary Requirement S1of Specification A 563 and should be specified when required.
- 4.5 Zinc-coated bolts and nuts shall be shipped in the same container unless specifically requested otherwise by the purchaser.

Note 4—Research conducted on bolts of similar material and manufacture indicates that hydrogen-stress cracking or stress cracking corrosion may occur on hot-dip galvanized Grade BD bolts.

## 5. Chemical Composition

5.1 All fasteners shall be made from alloy steel conforming to the chemical composition requirements in accordance with Table 1. The steel shall contain sufficient alloying elements to qualify it as an alloy steel.

Note 5—Steel is considered to be alloy, by the American Iron and Steel Institute, when the maximum of the range given for the content of alloying elements exceeds one or more of the following limits: manganese, 1.65 %; silicon, 0.60 %; copper, 0.60 %; or in which a definite range or a definite minimum quantity of any of the following elements is specified or required within the limits of the recognized field of constructional alloy steels: aluminum, chromium up to 3.99 %, cobalt, columbium, molybdenum, nickel, titanium, tungsten, vanadium, zirconium, or any other alloying elements added to obtain a desired alloying effect.

- 5.2 Product analysis may be made by the purchaser from finished material representing each lot of fasteners. The chemical composition thus determined shall conform to the requirements given in Table 1. Choice of alloy steel composition necessary to ensure meeting the specified mechanical requirements shall be made by the manufacturer and shall be reported to the purchaser for information purposes only.
- 5.3 Application of heats of steel to which bismuth, selenium, tellurium, or lead has been intentionally added shall not be permitted.
  - 5.4 Chemical analyses shall be performed in accordance

**TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements** 

Element	Heat Analysis, %	Product Analysis, %
Carbon:		<u> </u>
For sizes through	0.30 to 0.53	0.28 to 0.55
1½ in.		
For sizes larger than	0.35 to 0.53	0.33 to 0.55
1½ in.		
Phosphorus, max	0.035	0.040
Sulfur, max	0.040	0.045

with Test Methods A 751.

#### 6. Mechanical Properties

- 6.1 Fasteners shall not exceed the maximum hardness specified in Table 2. Fasteners less than three diameters in length and studs less than four diameters in length shall have hardness values not less than the minimum nor more than the maximum hardness limits required in Table 2, as hardness is the only requirement.
- 6.2 Fasteners 13/8 in. in diameter or less for Grade BC and 11/4 in. in diameter or less for Grade BD, other than those excepted in 6.1, shall be tested full size and shall conform to the tensile strength and either the proof load or the yield strength requirements in accordance with Table 3.
- 6.3 Fasteners larger than 1¾ in. in diameter for Grade BC and fasteners larger than 1¼ in. in diameter for Grade BD, other than those excepted in 6.1, shall preferably be tested full size and when so tested, shall conform to the tensile strength and either the proof load or yield strength require-ments in accordance with Table 3 or Table 4. When equipment of sufficient capacity for full-size testing is not available, or when the length of the fastener makes full-size testing impractical, machined specimens shall be tested and shall conform to the requirements in accordance with Table 5. In the event that fasteners are tested by both full-size and by the machined test specimen methods, the full-size test shall govern if a controversy between the two methods exists.
- 6.4 For fasteners on which both hardness and tension tests are performed, acceptance based on tensile requirements shall take precedence in the event that there is controversy over low readings of hardness tests.

# 7. Dimensions

- 7.1 *Bolts*—Unless otherwise specified, the bolts shall be Hex Head with dimensions conforming to the latest issue of ANSI/ASME B18.2.1.
- 7.2 *Studs*—Studs shall have dimensions conforming to those specified by the purchaser.
  - 7.3 *Threads*:
- 7.3.1 Unless otherwise specified, threads shall be the Unified National Coarse Thread Series as specified in ANSI B1.1, and shall have Class 2 A tolerances.
- 7.3.2 When specified, threads shall be the Unified National Fine Thread Series, 8-Pitch Thread Series for sizes over 1 in. or 14-Pitch UNS on 1 in. size as specified in ANSI B1.1 and shall have Class 2A tolerances.
- 7.3.3 Unless otherwise specified, bolts and studs to be used with nuts or tapped holes that have been tapped oversize, in

TABLE 2 Hardness Requirements for Full-Size Fasteners

			Hardness			
Size, in.	Grade	rade Brinell Rockwell C		well C		
		Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	
1/4 to 21/2	BC	255	331	26	36	
Over 21/2	BC	235	311	22	33	
1/4 to 21/2	BD	311	363	33	39	
Over 21/2	BD	293	363	31	39	

accordance with Specification A 563, shall have Class 2A threads before hot dip or mechanically deposited zinc coating. After zinc coating, the maximum limit of pitch and major diameter may exceed the Class 2A limit by the following amount:

Diameter, in.	Oversize Limit, in. (mm) <sup>A</sup>
1/4 5/16, 3/8 7/16, 1/2 9/16 to 3/4, incl 7/8 1.0 to 11/4, incl	0.016 0.017 0.018 0.020 0.022 0.024
13/ <sub>8</sub> , 11/ <sub>2</sub> 13/ <sub>4</sub> to 4.0, incl	0.027 0.050

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm A}$  These values are the same as the overtapping required for zinc-coated nuts in Specification A 563.

7.3.4 The gaging limit for bolts shall be verified during manufacture or use by assembly of a nut tapped as nearly as practical to the amount oversize shown. In case of dispute, a calibrated thread ring gage of that same size (Class X tolerance, gage tolerance plus) is to be used. Assembly of the gage, or the nut described, must be possible with hand effort following application of light machine oil to prevent galling and damage to the gage. These inspections, when performed to resolve disputes, are to be performed at the frequency and quality in accordance with Table 6.

## 8. Workmanship

8.1 Surface discontinuity limits shall be in accordance with Specification F 788/F 788M.

#### 9. Number of Mechanical Tests

- 9.1 Testing Responsibility:
- 9.1.1 Each lot shall be tested by the manufacturer prior to shipment in accordance with the lot identification control quality assurance plan in 9.2 through 9.6.
- 9.1.2 When fasteners are furnished by a source other than the manufacturer, the responsible party as defined in 12.1 shall be responsible for ensuring that all tests have been performed and the fasteners comply with the requirements of this specification.
- 9.2 Purpose of Lot Inspection—The purpose of a lot inspection program is to ensure that each lot conforms to the requirements of this specification. For such a plan to be fully effective it is essential that secondary processors, distributors, and purchasers maintain the identification and integrity of each lot until the product is installed.
- 9.3 Lot Processing—All fasteners shall be processed in accordance with a lot identification-control quality assurance plan. The manufacturer, secondary processors, and distributors shall identify and maintain the integrity of each lot of fasteners from raw-material selection through all processing operations and treatments to final packing and shipment. Each lot shall be assigned its own lot-identification number, each lot shall be tested, and the inspection test reports for each lot shall be retained.
- 9.4 Lot Definition—A lot is a quantity of a uniquely identified fastener product of the same nominal size and length produced consecutively at the initial operation from a single mill heat of material and heat treatment lot and processed at

TABLE 3 Tensile Requirements for All Full-Size Fasteners—Inch-Pound Units

Bolt	Threads	Stress		Grade BC			Grade BD	
Size, in.	per inch	Area, <sup>A</sup> in. <sup>2</sup>	Tensile Strength, min, lbf <sup>B</sup>	Proof Load, min, lbf <sup>C</sup>	Yield Strength (0.2 % offset),	Tensile Strength, min, lbf <sup>E</sup>	Proof Load, min, lbf <sup>F</sup>	Yield Strength (0.2 % offset
			IIIIII, IDI	min, ibi	min, lbf <sup>D</sup>	IIIII, IDI	min, ibi	min, lbf <sup>G</sup>
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1/4	20	0.0318	4 000	3 350	3 450	4 750	3 800	4 100
1/4	28	0.0364	4 550	3 820	3 950	5 450	4 350	4 700
5/16	18	0.0524	6 550	5 500	5 700	7 850	6 300	6 800
5/16	24	0.0580	7 250	6 090	6 300	8 700	6 950	7 500
3/8	16	0.0775	9 700	8 150	8 450	11 650	9 300	10 075
3/8	24	0.0878	11 000	9 220	9 550	13 200	10 500	11 400
7/16	14	0.1063	13 300	11 150	11 600	15 950	12 750	13 850
7/16	20	0.1187	14 840	12 470	12 900	17 800	14 200	15 400
1/2	13	0.1419	17 750	14 900	15 450	21 300	17 050	18 500
1/2	20	0.1599	19 990	16 790	17 400	24 000	19 200	20 750
9/16	12	0.182	22 750	19 100	19 850	27 300	21 850	23 600
9/16	18	0.203	25 400	21 400	22 100	30 400	24 400	26 350
5/8	11	0.226	28 250	23 750	24 650	33 900	27 100	29 400
5/8	18	0.256	32 000	26 800	27 900	38 400	30 700	33 250
3/4	10	0.334	41 750	35 050	36 400	50 100	40 100 44 800	43 400
3/4	16	0.373	46 600 57 750	39 100	40 650	56 000		48 450
7/ <sub>8</sub> 7/ <sub>8</sub>	9 14	0.462 0.509	57 750 63 600	48 500 53 400	50 350 55 450	69 300 76 400	55 450 61 100	60 100 66 150
78	14	0.509	63 600	55 400	55 450	76 400	61 100	00 150
1	8	0.606	75 750	63 650	66 050	90 900	72 700	78 800
1	12	0.663	82 900	69 700	72 250	99 400	79 600	86 150
1	14 UNS	0.679	84 900	71 300	74 400	101 900	81 500	88 250
11/8	7	0.763	95 400	80 100	83 150	114 450	91 550	99 200
11/8	8	0.790	98 750	82 950	86 200	118 500	94 800	102 700
11/8	12	0.856	107 000	89 800	93 300	128 400	102 700	111 250
11/4	7	0.969	121 150	101 750	105 600	145 350	116 300	126 000
11/4	8	1.000	125 000	105 000	109 000	150 000	120 000	130 000
11/4	12	1.073	134 100	112 600	116 950	161 000	128 800	139 450
13/8	6	1.155	144 400	121 300	125 900	173 250	138 600	150 200
13/8	8	1.233	154 150	129 450	134 400	185 000	148 000	160 300
13/8	12	1.315 1.405	164 400	138 100	143 300	197 200	157 800	170 950
1½ 1½	6 8	1.492	175 650 186 500	147 550 156 650	153 150 162 250	210 750 233 800	168 600 175 050	182 500 194 000
11/2	12	1.581	197 600	166 000	172 300	237 200	189 700	205 500
13/4	5	1.90	237 500	199 500	207 100	285 000	228 000	247 000
13/4	8	2.08	260 000	218 400	226 700	312 000	249 600	270 000
2	41/2	2.50	312 500	262 500	272 500	375 000	300 000	325 000
2	8	2.77	346 250	290 850	301 950	415 000	332 400	360 000
21/4	4½	3.25	406 250 445 000	341 250	354 250	487 000	390 000	422 500
21/4	8 4	3.56		373 800	388 050	534 000	422 200	462 800
21/2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4.00	500 000	420 000	436 000 483 950	600 000	480 000	520 000
2½ 2¾	8 4	4.44 4.93	550 000 566 950	466 200 468 350	488 050	666 000 690 200	532 800 517 650	577 200 566 950
23/4	8	5.43	624 450	515 850	537 550	750 200	570 150	624 450
3	4	5.97	686 550	567 150	591 050	835 800	626 850	686 550
3	8	6.51	748 650	618 450	644 500	911 400	683 550	748 650
31/4	4	7.10	816 500	674 500	702 900	994 000	745 500	816 500
31/4	8	7.69	884 350	730 550	761 300	1 076 600	807 650	884 350
31/2	4	8.33	957 950	791 350	824 650	1 166 200	874 650	957 950
31/2	8	8.96	1 030 400	851 200	887 050	1 254 400	940 800	1 030 400
3¾ 3¾	4 8	9.66 10.34	1 110 900 1 199 100	917 700 983 300	956 350 1 023 650	1 352 400 1 447 600	1 014 300 1 085 700	1 110 900 1 189 100
J/4	J	10.04	1 100 100	303 000	. 323 030	. 1-1 000	. 000 700	1 103 100
4	4	11.08	1 274 200	1 052 600	1 096 900	1 551 200	1 163 400	1 274 200
4	8	11.81	1 358 200	1 122 000	1 169 200	1 653 400	1 240 050	1 358 150

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> Stress Area, in.<sup>2</sup>= 0.7854  $[D - 0.9743/ n]^2$  where D = nominal diameter, in., and n = threads/in.

<sup>B</sup> Based on 125 000 psi for sizes 1/4 to 21/2 in., inclusive, and on 115 000 psi for sizes over 21/2 to 4 in., inclusive.

 $<sup>^{</sup>C}$  Based on 105 000 psi for sizes  $\frac{1}{4}$  to  $\frac{2}{2}$  in., inclusive, and on 95 000 psi for sizes over  $\frac{2}{2}$  to 4 in., inclusive.

D Based on 109 000 psi for sizes 1/4 to 21/2 in., inclusive, and on 99 000 psi for sizes over 21/2 to 4 in., inclusive.

E Based on 150 000 psi for sizes 1/4 to 21/2 in., inclusive, and on 140 000 psi for sizes over 21/2 to 4 in., inclusive.

F Based on 120 000 psi for sizes 1/4 to 21/2 in., inclusive, and on 105 000 psi for sizes over 21/2 to 4 in., inclusive. G Based on 130 000 psi for sizes 1/4 to 21/2 in., inclusive, and on 115 000 psi for sizes over 21/2 to 4 in., inclusive.

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TABLE 4 Tensile Requirements for All Full-Size Fasteners—SI Units

			Grade BC			Grade BD		
Bolt Size, in.	Threads per inch	Stress Area, <sup>A</sup> mm <sup>2</sup>	Tensile Strength, min, kN <sup>B</sup>	Proof Load, min, kN <sup>C</sup>	Yield Strength (0.2 % offset), min, kN <sup>D</sup>	Tensile Strength, min, kN <sup>E</sup>	Proof Load, min, kN <sup>F</sup>	Yield Strength (0.2 % offset), min, kN °
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1/4	20	20.5	17.7	14.9	15.4	21.2	17.0	18.4
1/4	28	23.5	20.2	17.0	17.7	24.3	19.4	21.1
5/16	18	33.8	29.1	24.5	25.4	35.0	28.0	30.3
5/16	24	37.4	32.2	27.1	28.1	38.7	30.9	33.5
3/8	16	50.0	43.1	36.2	37.6	51.7	41.4	44.8
3/8	24	56.6	48.8	41.0	42.6	58.5	46.8	50.7
7/16	14	68.6	59.1	49.6	51.5	70.9	56.7	61.5
7/16	20	76.6	66.0	55.5	57.6	79.2	63.3	68.6
1/2	13	91.5	78.9	66.3	68.8	94.7	75.7	82.1
1/2	20	103	88.8	74.6	77.5	106.5	85.2	92.3
9/16	12	111	101.2	85.0	88.2	121.4	97.1	105.2
9/16	18	131	112.9	94.8	98.5	135.4	108.3	117.4
5/8	11	146	125.7	105.6	109.6	150.8	120.6	130.7
5/8	18	165	142.2	119.5	124.1	170.6	136.5	147.8
3/4	10	215	185.7	156.0	161.9	222.9	178.3	193.1
3/4	16	241	207.7	174.5	181.2	249.2	199.3	215.9
7/8	9	298	256.9	215.8	224.0	308.3	246.6	267.2
7/8	14	328	282.3	237.5	246.6	339.2	271.3	293.9
1	8	391	337.0	283.0	293.8	404.3	323.5	350.4
1	12	428	368.9	309.9	321.8	442.6	354.0	383.5
1	14 UNS	438	377.6	317.1	329.4	452.9	362.2	392.4
11/8	. 7	492	424.2	356.4	369.9	509.1	407.3	441.2
11/8	8	510	439.3	369.0	383.0	527.1	421.7	456.8
11/8	12	552	475.8	399.6	415.1	570.8	456.5	494.6
1 1/4	7	625	538.8	452.6	469.8	646.5	517.2	560.3
1 1/4	8	645	556.0	467.1	484.9	667.2	533.8	578.3
11/4	12	692	596.5	501.0	520.4	715.5	572.3	620.0
13/8	6	745	642.2	539.5	560.0	770.7	616.5	667.9
13/8	8	795	685.6	575.9	597.8	822.7	658.2	713.0
13/8	12	848	731.0	614.0	637.7	876.8	701.3	759.8
11/2	6	906	781.2	656.2	681.2	937.5	750.0	812.5
11/2	8	963	829.6	696.9	723.4	995.5	796.4	862.8
11/2	12	1020	879.2	738.5	767.0	1054.7	843.5	913.9
13/4	5	1226	1056	887.4	921.2	1268	1014	1099
13/4	8	1342	1157	971.5	1009	1388	1110	1203
2	41/2	1613	1390	1168	1212	1668	1334	1446
2	8	1787	1540	1294	1343	1848	1479	1602
21/4	41/2	2097	1807	1518	1576	2169	1735	1879
21/4	8	2297	1979	1663	1726	2375	1900	2059
21/2	4	2581	2224	1868	1939	2669	2135	2313
21/2	8	2865	2469	2074	2153	2963	2370	2568
23/4	4	3181	2741	2303	2390	3289	2632	2851
23/4	8	3503	3019	2536	2633	3623	2898	3140
3	4	3852	3319	2788	2895	3983	3187	3452
3	8	4200	3620	3041	3156	4344	3475	3765
31/4	4	4581	3948	3316	3442	4737	3790	4106
31/4	8	4961	4276	3592	3729	5131	4105	4447
31/2	4	5374	4632	3891	4039	5558	4446	4817
31/2	8	5781	4982	4185	4344	5978	4783	5181
33/4	4	6232	5371	4512	4684	6445	5156	5586
33/4	8	6671	5749	4829	5013	6899	5519	5979
4	4	7148	6161	5175	5372	7393	5914	6407
4	8	7619	6567	5516	5726	7880	6304	6829

A Stress Area, mm<sup>2</sup> =  $0.7854 (D - 0.9382 P)^2$ , where D = nominal product size, mm, and P = thread pitch, mm.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Based on 862 MPa for sizes <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> to 2½ in., inclusive, and on 793 MPa for sizes over 2½ to 4 in., inclusive.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Based on 724 MPa for sizes ½ to 2½ in., inclusive, and on 655 MPa for sizes over 2½ to 4 in., inclusive. <sup>D</sup> Based on 752 MPa for sizes ½ to 2½ in., inclusive, and on 683 MPa for sizes over 2½ to 4 in., inclusive.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>it E}$  Based on 1034 MPa for sizes  $^{1/4}$  to 2 $^{1/2}$  in., inclusive, and on 965 MPa for sizes over 2 $^{1/2}$  to 4 in., inclusive.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>it F}$  Based on 827 MPa for sizes  $^{1/4}$  to  $^{21/2}$  in., inclusive, and on 724 MPa for sizes over  $^{21/2}$  to 4 in., inclusive. <sup>G</sup> Based on 896 MPa for sizes 1/4 to 21/2 in., inclusive, and on 793 MPa for sizes over 21/2 to 4 in., inclusive.

**TABLE 5 Mechanical Requirements for Machined Specimens** 

Grade	Size, in.	Tensile Strength min, psi (MPa)	Yield Strength (0.2 % offset), min, psi (MPa)	Elongation in 2 in. or 50 mm, min, %	Reduction of Area, min, %
ВС	1/4 to 21/2, incl	125 000 (862)	109 000 (752)	16	50
BC	Over 21/2	115 000 (793)	99 000 (683)	16	45
BD	1/4 to 21/2, incl	150 000 (1034)	130 000 (896)	14	40
BD	Over 21/2	140 000 (965)	115 000 (793)	14	40

TABLE 6 Sample Sizes and Acceptance Numbers for Inspection of Hot-Dip or Mechanically Deposited Zinc-Coated Threads

Lot Size	Sample Size <sup>A,B</sup>	Acceptance Number <sup>A</sup>
2 to 90	13	1
91 to 150	20	2
151 to 280	32	3
281 to 500	50	5
501 to 1 200	80	7
1 201 to 3 200	125	10
3 201 to 10 000	200	14
10 001 and over	315	21

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> Sample sizes of acceptance numbers are extracted from "Single Sampling Plan for Normal Inspection" Table IIA, MIL-STD-105.

one time, by the same process, in the same manner so that statistical sampling is valid. The identity of the lot is maintained throughout all subsequent operations and packaging.

- 9.5 *Number of Tests*—The number of tests from each lot for each required property shall be in accordance with Table 7.
- 9.6 If any test specimen shows defective machining it may be discarded and another specimen substituted.

#### 10. Test Methods

- 10.1 Test methods shall be conducted in accordance with Test Methods F 606.
- 10.2 Proof load, rather than yield strength determination is preferred and shall be the arbitration method for fasteners 1½ in. and under in diameter.
- 10.3 Hexagon bolts shall be tested by the wedge tension method. Fracture shall be in the body or threads of the bolt without any fracture at the junction of the head and body.
- 10.3.1 At the option of the manufacturer, the yield strength test (Method 2, Yield Strength paragraph of Test Method F 606) and the wedge tension test (Wedge Tension Testing of Full-Size Product paragraph, both from the Test Method

TABLE 7 Sample Sizes and Acceptance Numbers for Inspection of Mechanical and Dimensional Requirements

Lot Size	Sample Size	Acceptance Number	Rejection Number
25 and less	2	0	1
26 to 150	3	0	1
151 to 1 200	5	0	1
1 201 to 35 000	8	0	1
35 000 to 150 000	13	0	1
150 000 and over	20	0	1

section of Test Method F 606) may be accomplished concurrently to satisfy 10.2 and 10.3.

- 10.4 Studs and bolts other than those in 10.3 shall be tested by the axial tension method.
- 10.4.1 At the option of the manufacturer, the yield strength test and the axial tension test may be accomplished concurrently to satisfy 10.2 and 10.4.
- 10.5 The speed of testing determined with a free running crosshead shall be a maximum of  $\frac{1}{8}$  in. (3.2 mm)/min for the bolt proof load (or yield strength) determination and a maximum of 1 in. (25.4 mm)/min for the tensile strength determination.

#### 11. Inspection

- 11.1 If the inspection described in 11.2 is required by the purchaser, it shall be specified in the inquiry and contract or purchase order.
- 11.2 The inspector representing the purchaser shall have free entry to all parts of the manufacturer's works that concern the manufacture of the material ordered. The manufacturer shall afford the inspector all reasonable facilities to satisfy him that the material is being furnished in accordance with this specification. All tests and inspections required by the specification that are requested by the purchaser's representative shall be made before shipment, and shall be conducted as not to interfere unnecessarily with the operation of the works.

#### 12. Responsibility

12.1 The party responsible for the fastener shall be the organization that supplies the fastener to the purchaser and certifies that the fastener was manufactured, sampled, tested, and inspected in accordance with this specification and meets all of its requirements.

## 13. Rejection and Rehearing

13.1 Material that fails to conform to the requirements of this specification may be rejected. Rejection should be reported to the producer or supplier promptly and in writing. In case of dissatisfaction with the results of the test, the producer or supplier may make claim for a rehearing.

# 14. Certification

- 14.1 When specified on the purchase order, the manufacturer or supplier, whichever is the responsible party in accordance with Section 12, shall furnish the purchaser a test report which includes the following:
- 14.1.1 Product description, grade, quantity, ASTM Specification Number and issue date,
- 14.1.2 Alloy grade (AISI, SAE, UNS, etc.), heat analysis, and heat number, and type of quench,
- 14.1.3 Results of hardness, tensile, and proof load tests, as applicable,
- 14.1.4 Statement of compliance to Protective Coating Specification (if applicable) and baking time and temperature. If not baked state "Not baked",
- 14.1.5 Statement of compliance with the surface discontinuity requirements of Specification F 788/F 788M,
  - 14.1.6 Statement of compliance dimensionally,
- 14.1.7 Report, describe, or illustrate manufacturer's markings and their location,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Inspect all bolts in the lot if the lot size is less than the sample size.

- 14.1.8 Lot number, purchase order number, and date shipped,
  - 14.1.9 Country of origin, and
- 14.1.10 Title and signature of the individual assigned certification responsibility by the company officers, with complete mailing address.
- 14.2 Failure to include all the required information on the test report shall be cause for rejection.

#### 15. Product Marking

- 15.1 *Manufacturers Identification*—All products shall be marked by the manufacturer with a unique identifier to identify the manufacturer or private label distributor, as appropriate.
  - 15.2 Grade Identification:
  - 15.2.1 All Grade BC products shall be marked "BC".
- 15.2.2 All Grade BD products shall be marked "BD". In addition to the "BD" marking, the product may be marked with 6 radial lines 60° apart if manufactured from alloy steel conforming to the requirements of this specification.
- 15.2.3 Grade BD product in stock marked to the requirements of the —95 issue, shall be considered acceptable until October 1, 1999, to allow disposition of existing stock.
  - 15.3 Marking Location and Methods:
  - 15.3.1 Bolts shall be marked on the top of the bolt head.
- 15.3.2 Where studs have both coarse and fine threads, all markings shall appear on the coarse thread end or, if preferred, the manufacturer's identification shall appear on the fine thread end and the grade marking on the coarse thread end.

- 15.3.3 Continuous thread studs may be marked on either
- 15.3.4 All markings may be raised or depressed at the manufacturer's option.
- 15.3.5 Grade and manufacturer's or private label distributor's identification shall be separate and distinct. The two identifications shall preferably be in different locations and when on the same level shall be separated by at least two spaces.

## 16. Packaging and Package Marking

- 16.1 Packaging:
- 16.1.1 Unless otherwise specified, packaging shall be in accordance with Practice D 3951.
- 16.1.2 When special packaging requirements are required, they shall be defined at the time of the inquiry and order.
  - 16.2 Package Marking:
- 16.2.1 Each shipping unit shall include or be plainly marked with the following information:
  - 16.2.1.1 ASTM designation and grade,
  - 16.2.1.2 Size,
  - 16.2.1.3 Name and brand or trademark of the manufacturer,
  - 16.2.1.4 Number of pieces,
  - 16.2.1.5 Purchase order number, and
  - 16.2.1.6 Country of origin.

## 17. Keywords

17.1 alloy steel; bolts; steel; studs

# SUPPLEMENTARY REQUIREMENTS

# S1. Marking

S1.1 Studs that are continuously threaded with the same class of thread shall be marked on each end with the marking in accordance with Section 15.

S1.2 Marking small sizes (customarily less than 0.375 in. (9.525 mm) may not be practical. Consult the producer for the minimum size that can be marked.

# **SUMMARY OF CHANGES**

This section identifies the location of selected changes to this specification that have been incorporated since the -00 issue. For the convenience of the user, Committee F16 has highlighted those changes that may impact the use of this specification. This section may also include descriptions of the changes or reasons for the changes, or both.

(1) Table 3, corrected the tensile strength minimum loads (Column 4) and proof loads (Column 5) for Grade BC fine threaded bolts.

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