

Standard Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Nuts [Metric]¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A 563M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers chemical and mechanical requirements for eight property classes of hex and hex-flange carbon and alloy steel nuts for general structural and mechanical uses on bolts, studs, and other externally threaded parts.

 $\operatorname{Note}\ 1$ —Throughout this specification, the term class means property class.

Note 2—Requirements for the four classes 5, 9, 10, and 12 are essentially identical with requirements given for these classes in ISO 898/II. Requirements for Classes 8S and 10S are essentially identical with requirements in an ISO 4775 Hexagon Nuts for High-Strength Structural Bolting with Large Width Across Flats, Product Grade B, Property Classes 8 and 10. Classes 8S3 and 10S3 are not recognized in ISO standards.

- 1.2 Classes 8S3 and 10S3 nuts have atmospheric corrosion resistance and weathering characteristics comparable to those of the steels covered in Specification A 588/A 588M. The atmospheric corrosion resistance of these steels is substantially better than that of carbon steel with or without copper addition (see 5.2). When properly exposed to the atmosphere, these steels can be used bare (uncoated) for many applications.
- 1.3 The nut size range for which each class is applicable is given in the table on mechanical requirements.
- 1.4 Appendix X1 gives guidance to assist designers and purchasers in the selection of a suitable class.
- 1.5 Appendix X2 gives data on the properties of slotted hex nuts and hex jam nuts.

Note 3—This specification is the metric companion of Specification A 563.

1.6 Terms used in this specification are defined in Specification F 1789 unless otherwise defined herein.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

A 153/A 153M Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F16 on Fasteners and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F16.02 on Steel Bolts, Nuts. Rivets. and Washers.

Current edition approved Oct. 1, 2003. Published October 2003. Originally approved in 1980. Last previous edition approved in 2001 as $A\ 563M-01$.

Iron and Steel Hardware²

A 325M Specification for Structural Bolts, Steel Heat Treated 830 MPa Minimum Tensile Strength [Metric]³

A 394 Specification for Steel Transmission Tower Bolts, Zinc-Coated and Bare³

A 490M Specification for High-Strength Steel Bolts, Classes 10.9 and 10.9.3, for Structural Steel Joints [Metric]³

A 588/A 588M Specification for High-Strength Low-Alloy Structural Steel with 50 ksi [345 MPa] Minimum Yield Point to 4 in. [100 mm] Thick⁴

A 751 Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products⁵

B 695 Specification for Coatings of Zinc Mechanically Deposited on Iron and Steel⁶

D 3951 Practice for Commercial Packaging⁷

F 568M Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Externally Threaded Metric Fasteners³

F 606M Test Methods for Determining the Mechanical Properties of Externally and Internally Threaded Fasteners, Washers, and Rivets [Metric]³

F 812/F 812M Specification for Surface Discontinuities of Nuts, Inch and Metric Series³

F 1789 Terminology for F16 Mechanical Fasteners³

G 101 Guide for Estimating the Atmospheric Corrosion Resistance of Low-Alloy Steels⁸

2.2 ANSI Standards:9

B 1.13M Metric Screw Threads—M Profile

B 18.2.4.1M Metric Hex Nuts, Style 1

B 18.2.4.2M Metric Hex Nuts, Style 2

B 18.2.4.3M Metric Slotted Hex Nuts

B 18.2.4.4M Metric Hex Flange Nuts

² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.06.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.08.

⁴ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.04.

Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.03.
 Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 02.05.

⁷ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 15.09.

⁸ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.02.

⁹ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036.

B 18.2.4.5M Metric Hex Jam Nuts

B 18.2.4.6M Metric Heavy Hex Nuts

2.3 ISO Standards:⁹

ISO 898/II Mechanical Properties of Fasteners, Part II, Nuts With Specified Proof Loads

ISO 4775 Hexagon Nuts for High-Strength Structural Bolting with Large Width Across Flats—Product Grade B—Property Classes 8 and 10

3. Ordering Information

- 3.1 Orders for nuts under this specification shall include the following:
 - 3.1.1 Quantity (number of nuts);
 - 3.1.2 Nominal diameter and thread pitch;
- 3.1.3 Dimensional style of nut (for example, hex, heavy hex, or hex flange);
 - 3.1.4 Property class of nut;
- 3.1.5 *Zinc Coating*—Specify the zinc coating process required, hot-dip, mechanically deposited, or no preference (see 4.7);
- 3.1.6 Other Finishes—Specify other protective finish if required;
 - 3.1.7 ASTM designation and year of issue; and
 - 3.1.8 Any special requirements.
- 3.2 The strength requirements for any class of nut may be satisfied by substituting a nut of a higher class provided that the nut width across flats is the same. With the written approval of the purchaser, the supplier may substitute as follows: Class 12 nuts for Classes 10, 9, and 5; Class 10 nuts for Classes 9 and 5; Class 9 nuts for Class 5; Class 10S for Class 8S; Class 8S3 for Class 8S; and Class 10S3 for Classes 10S, 8S, and 8S3.

Note 4—Purchasers are cautioned that different classes of nuts have different nut thickness (see 7.2 through 7.5). Dimensional suitability of the nut for the intended application should be considered before approving substitution of a higher class.

Note 5—Examples of ordering descriptions are: (a) 10 000 M12 \times 1.75 hex nuts, Class 9, ASTM A 563M–XX; (b) 2500 M24 \times 3 heavy hex nuts, Class 10S, hot-dip zinc-coated, ASTM A 563M–XX; and (c) 5000 M10 \times 1.5 hex flange nuts, Class 10, ASTM A 563M–XX.

4. Materials and Manufacture

- 4.1 Steel for nuts shall be made by the open-hearth, basic-oxygen, or electric-furnace process.
- 4.2 Nuts may be made cold or hot by forming, pressing, or punching, or may be machined from bar stock.
- 4.3 Classes 10, 12, 10S, and 10S3 nuts shall be heat treated by quenching in a liquid medium from a temperature above the transformation temperature and tempering at a temperature of at least 425°C.
- 4.4 Classes 8S and 8S3 nuts made of any steel permitted for these classes may be heat treated by quenching in a liquid medium from a temperature above the transformation temperature and tempering at a temperature of at least 425°C.
- 4.5 Class 8S nuts made of steel having a carbon content not exceeding 0.20 %, phosphorus not exceeding 0.04 %, and sulfur not exceeding 0.05 % by heat analysis may be heat treated by quenching in a liquid medium from a temperature above the transformation temperature and need not be tem-

pered. When this heat treatment is used, particular attention shall be paid to the requirements in 6.1.

- 4.6 Threads shall be formed, tapped, or machined.
- 4.7 Zinc Coatings, Hot-Dip and Mechanically Deposited:
- 4.7.1 When zinc-coated fasteners are required, the purchaser shall specify the zinc coating process, for example, hot-dip, mechanically deposited, or no preference.
- 4.7.2 When hot-dip is specified, the fasteners shall be zinc-coated by the hot-dip process in accordance with the requirements of Class C of Specification A 153/A 153M.
- 4.7.3 When mechanically deposited is specified, the fasteners shall be zinc-coated by the mechanical-deposition process in accordance with the requirements of Class 50 of Specification B 695.
- 4.7.4 When no preference is specified, the supplier may furnish either a hot-dip zinc coating in accordance with Specification A 153/A 153M, Class C, or a mechanically deposited zinc coating in accordance with Specification B 695, Class 50. All components of mating fasteners (bolts, nuts, and washers) shall be coated by the same zinc coating process and the supplier's option is limited to one process per item with no mixed processes in a lot.
- 4.7.5 Hot-dip zinc coated nuts shall be tapped after zinc coating in accordance with the thread limits in 7.8.
- 4.7.6 Mechanically deposited zinc-coated nuts for assembly with mechanically deposited zinc-coated bolts shall be tapped oversize in accordance with the thread limits in 7.8 prior to zinc coating and need not be retapped afterwards.

Note 6—It is the intent of 4.7 and 4.8 together with the requirements specified in 7.8 that galvanized bolts and nuts will assemble freely, regardless of source of supply.

4.8 Hot-dip and mechanically deposited zinc-coated Class 10S nuts shall be provided with an additional lubricant that shall be clean and dry to the touch.

5. Chemical Composition

- 5.1 Classes 5, 9, 8S, 10, 10S, and 12 shall conform to the chemical composition specified in Table 1.
- 5.2 Classes 8S3 and 10S3 shall conform to the chemical composition specified in Table 2. See Guide G 101 for methods of estimating corrosion resistance of low alloy steels.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements

Property Class of Nut		C	Composition,	%	
	Analysis	Carbon	Manga- nese, min	Phos- phorus, max	Sulfur, max
5, 9, 8S	heat product	0.55 max 0.58 max		0.04 0.048	0.15 ^A
10 ^B , 10S	heat product	0.55 max 0.58 max	0.30 0.27	0.04 0.048	0.05 0.058
12 ^B	heat product	0.20-0.55 0.18-0.58	0.60 0.57	0.04 0.048	0.05 0.058
8S3, 10S3			See Table 2	2	

 $^{^{\}it A}$ For Classes 5 and 9, a sulfur content of 0.23 % max. is acceptable with the purchasers approval.

^B For Classes 10 and 12, a sulfur content of 0.15 % max. is acceptable provided the manganese is 1.35 % min.

TABLE 2 Chemical Requirements for Classes 8S3 and 10S3 Nuts

Element				Compo	sition, %			
			Steel An	alyses for Class 8	S3 Nuts ^A			Class
	N	А	В	С	D	E	F	- 10S3 Nuts
Carbon:								
Heat analysis		0.33-0.40	0.38-0.48	0.15-0.25	0.15-0.25	0.20-0.25	0.20-0.25	0.20-0.53
Product analysis		0.31-0.42	0.36-0.50	0.14-0.26	0.14–0.26	0.18–0.27	0.19–0.26	0.19–0.55
Manganese:								
Heat analysis		0.90-1.20	0.70-0.90	0.80-1.35	0.40-1.20	0.60-1.00	0.90-1.20	0.40 min
Product analysis		0.86-1.24	0.67-0.93	0.76-1.39	0.36-1.24	0.56-1.04	0.86-1.24	0.37 min
Phosphorus:								
Heat analysis	0.07-0.15	0.040 max	0.06-0.12	0.035 max	0.040 max	0.040 max	0.040 max	0.046 max
Product analysis	0.07-0.155	0.045 max	0.06-0.125	0.040 max	0.045 max	0.045 max	0.045 max	0.052 max
Sulfur:								
Heat analysis	0.050 max	0.050 max	0.050 max	0.040 max	0.050 max	0.040 max	0.040 max	0.050 max
Product analysis	0.055 max	0.055 max	0.055 max	0.045 max	0.055 max	0.045 max	0.045 max	0.055 max
Silicon:								
Heat analysis	0.20-0.90	0.15-0.35	0.30-0.50	0.15-0.35	0.25-0.50	0.15-0.35	0.15-0.35	
Product analysis	0.15-0.95	0.13-0.37	0.25-0.55	0.13-0.37	0.20-0.55	0.13-0.37	0.13-0.37	
Copper:								
Heat analysis	0.25-0.55	0.25-0.45	0.20-0.40	0.20-0.50	0.30-0.50	0.30-0.60	0.20-0.40	0.20 min
Product analysis	0.22-0.58	0.22-0.48	0.17-0.43	0.17-0.53	0.27-0.53	0.27-0.63	0.17-0.43	0.17 min
Nickel:								
Heat analysis	1.00 max	0.25-0.45	0.50-0.80	0.25-0.50	0.50-0.80	0.30-0.60	0.20-0.40	0.20 min ^B
Product analysis	1.03 max	0.22-0.48	0.47-0.83	0.22-0.53	0.47-0.83	0.27-0.63	0.17-0.43	0.17 min
Chromium:								
Heat analysis	0.30-1.25	0.45-0.65	0.50-0.75	0.30-0.50	0.50-1.00	0.60-0.90	0.45-0.65	0.30 min
Product analysis	0.25-1.30	0.42-0.68	0.47-0.83	0.27-0.53	0.45-1.05	0.55-0.95	0.42-0.68	0.25 min
Vanadium:								
Heat analysis				0.020 min				
Product analysis				0.010 min				
Molybdenum:								
Heat analysis			0.06 max		0.10 max			0.15 min ^B
Product analysis			0.07 max		0.11 max			0.14 min
Titanium:								
Heat analysis					0.05 max			
Product analysis								

A Class 8S3 nuts may be made of any of the listed steel analyses. Selection of steel analysis shall be the option of the manufacturer.

- 5.3 Resulfurized or rephosphorized steel, or both, are not subject to rejection based on product analysis for sulfur or phosphorus unless misapplication is clearly indicated.
- 5.4 Application of heats of steel to which bismuth, selenium, tellurium, or lead has been intentionally added shall not be permitted for Classes 10, 12, 10S, and 10S3.
- 5.5 Chemical analyses shall be performed in accordance with Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology A 751.

6. Mechanical Properties

- 6.1 The hardness of nuts of each class shall not exceed the maximum hardness specified for the class in Table 3. This shall be the only hardness requirement for nuts that are proof load tested.
- 6.2 Unless proof load testing is specified in the inquiry and purchase order, nuts of all classes in nominal thread diameters M4 and smaller, and nuts of all classes with proof loads greater

than 530 kN, as specified in Table 4, may be furnished on the basis of having a hardness not less than the minimum hardness specified in Table 3.

6.3 Nuts of all classes, except those covered in 6.2, shall withstand the proof load stress specified for the diameter and class of nut in Table 3.

Note 7—The proof load of a nut is the axially applied load the nut must withstand without thread stripping or rupture. Proof loads (Table 4) are computed by multiplying proof load stress (Table 3) by the nut thread stress area.

7. Dimensions

- 7.1 Unless otherwise specified, nuts shall be furnished plain (non-coated nor plated).
- 7.2 Class 5 nuts in nominal thread diameters M36 and smaller shall conform to dimensions for hex nuts, Style 1, given in ANSI B 18.2.4.1M. Class 5 nuts in nominal thread

^B Nickel or molybdenum may be used.

TABLE 3 Mechanical Requirements of Nuts

	Property Class														
			5				5	(overtappe			9				
	Proof	Hardness			Proof		Hard	Iness		Proof		Hard	dness		
Nominal	Load Stress,	Roc	kwell	Vickers		Load Stress,	Rockwell		Vickers		Load Stress,	Roc	kwell	Vic	kers
Diameter	MPa	min	max	min	max	MPa	min	max	min	max	MPa	min	max	min	max
M1.6 to M2.5															
M3 to M4	520	B70	C30	130	302						900	B85	C30	170	302
M5 and M6	580	B70	C30	130	302	465	B70	C30	130	302	915	B89	C30	188	302
M8 and M10	590	B70	C30	130	302	470	B70	C30	130	302	940	B89	C30	188	302
M12 to M16	610	B70	C30	130	302	490	B70	C30	130	302	950	B89	C30	188	302
M20 to M36	630	B78	C30	146	302	500	B78	C30	146	302	920	B89	C30	188	302
M42 to M100	630	B70	C30	128	302	500	B70	C30	128	302	920	B89	C30	188	302
							Pr	operty Cla	ass						
		10					12					12	(Overtapp	oed)	
	Proof		Hardness			Proof Load Stress,	Hardness				Proof	Hardness			
	Load Stress,	Rockwell Vickers		Rockwell Vickers			Load Stress,	Rockwell		Vic	kers				
	MPa	min	max	min	max	MPa	min	max	min	max	MPa	min	max	min	max
M1.6 to M2.5															
M3 to M4	1040	C26	C36	272	353	1150	C26	C36	272	353			000	.=.	
M5 and M6						4400	000		.=.		920	C26	C36	272	353
M8 and M10		000		.=.		1160	C26	C36	272	353	930	C26	C36	272	353
M12 to M16	1050	C26	C36	272	353	1190	C26	C36	272	353	950	C26	C36	272	353
M20 to M36 M42 to M100	1060	C26	C36	272	353	1200 1200	C26 C26	C36 C36	272 272	353 353	960 960	C26 C26	C36 C36	272 272	353 353
W42 to W100			• • • •			1200		operty Cla		353	960	C26	U36	212	
								' '							
			SS and 8S				10	S and 10				10 8	6 (Overtap	,	
	Proof Load			ness		Proof Load		Hard			Proof Load				
	Stress,	Roc	kwell	Vic	kers	_ Stress,	Rockwell Vickers		kers	ers Stress,		Rockwell		Vickers	
	MPa	min	max	min	max	MPa	min	max	min	max	MPa	min	max	min	max
M12 to M36	1075	B89	C38	188	372	1245	C26	C38	272	372	1165	C26	C38	272	372

diameters M42 and larger shall conform to dimensions for heavy hex nuts given in ANSI B 18.2.4.6M.

7.3 Class 9 nuts in nominal thread diameters M20 and smaller shall conform to dimensions for hex nuts, Style 2, given in ANSI B 18.2.4.2M or for hex flange nuts given in ANSI B 18.2.4.4M. When the dimensional style of nut is not designated by the purchaser, hex nuts, Style 2, in conformance with ANSI B 18.2.4.2M shall be furnished. Class 9 nuts in nominal thread diameters M24 to M36 inclusive shall conform to dimensions for hex nuts, Style 2, given in ANSI B 18.2.4.2M. Class 9 nuts in nominal thread diameters M42 and larger shall conform to dimensions for heavy hex nuts given in ANSI B 18.2.4.6M.

7.4 Class 10 nuts in nominal thread diameters M20 and smaller shall conform to dimensions for hex nuts, Style 1, given in ANSI B 18.2.4.1M or for hex flange nuts given in ANSI B 18.2.4.4M. When the dimensional style of nut is not designated by the purchaser, hex nuts, Style 1, in conformance with ANSI B 18.2.4.1M shall be furnished. Class 10 nuts in nominal thread diameters from M24 to M36 inclusive shall conform to dimensions for hex nuts, Style 1 given in ANSI B 18.2.4.1M.

7.5 Class 12 nuts in nominal thread diameters M20 and smaller shall conform to dimensions for hex nuts, Style 2, given in ANSI B 18.2.4.2M or for hex flange nuts given in

ANSI B 18.2.4.4M. When the dimensional style of the nut is not designated by the purchaser, hex nuts, Style 2, in conformance with ANSI B 18.2.4.2M shall be furnished. Class 12 nuts in nominal thread diameters M24 to M36 inclusive shall conform to dimensions for hex nuts, Style 2, given in ANSI B 18.2.4.2M. Class 12 nuts in nominal thread diameters M42 and larger shall conform to dimensions for heavy hex nuts given in ANSI B 18.2.4.6M.

7.6 Classes 8S, 8S3, 10S, and 10S3 in nominal thread diameters M12 to M36 inclusive shall conform to dimensions for heavy hex nuts given in ANSI B 18.2.4.6M.

7.7 Unless otherwise specified, threads in nuts shall be the metric coarse thread series as specified in ANSI B 1.13M, and shall have grade 6H tolerances.

7.8 This requirement applies to nuts hot-dip and mechanically zinc-coated that are to be used on bolts, screws, or studs that have metric coarse threads with Grade 6G tolerances before zinc-coating and then are hot-dip or mechanically zinc-coated, except as noted in 7.9, in accordance with 4.7.2 and 4.7.3. Such nuts shall be tapped oversize to have internal threads with maximum and minimum limits that exceed the maximum and minimum limits specified for metric coarse internal threads with Grade 6H tolerances by the following diametral allowances:

TABLE 4 Nut Proof Load Values, kN

Note 1-Nuts of diameters and classes where no proof loads are given are non-standard.

Note 2— Proof loads are computed by multiplying proof load stress (Table 3) by thread stress area and dividing by 1000.

Nominal Diameter and Thread Stress and Thread Pitch Pi	Property Class of Nut											
		5	5 (over- tapped)	9	10	12	12 (over- tapped)	8S and 8S3	10S and 10S3	10S (over- tapped)		
M2 x 0.4	2.07	0.66 1.08 1.76			1.32 2.15 3.53							
M3.5 x 0.6	6.78	2.62 3.53 4.57		4.53 6.10 7.90	5.23 7.05 9.13							
M6 x 1	20.1	8.23 11.7 21.6	6.60 9.35 17.2	13.0 18.4 34.4	14.8 20.9 38.1	16.3 23.1 42.5	13.1 18.5 34.0					
M12 x 1.75	84.3	34.2 51.4 70.2	27.3 41.3 56.4	54.5 80.1 109	60.3 88.5 121	67.3 100 137	53.9 80.1 109	90.6 124	105 143	98.2 134		
M20 x 2.5	245	95.8 154 	76.9 123	149 225 	165 260	187 294	149 235 291	169 263 326	195 305 377	183 285 353		
M27 x 3	459	222 353	177 281	325 516	374 595	424 673	339 539	379 493 603	439 571 698	411 535 654		
		515 706 920	409 560 735	752 1030 1350	866 	980 1340 1760	784 1080 1410	878 	1020 	952 		
M56 x 5.5 M64 x 6 M72 x 6	2030 2680 3460	1280 1690 2180	1020 1340 1730	1870 2470 3180		2440 3220 4150	1950 2570 3320					
M80 x 6 M90 x 6 M100 x 6	4340 5590 6990	2730 3520 4400	2170 2800 3500	3990 5140 6430		5210 6710 8390	4170 5370 6710					

	Diametral Allowance,
Nut Diameter	μm
M5	156
M6	200
M8	255
M10	310
M12	365
M14 and M16	420
M20 and M22	530
M24 and M27	640
M30	750
M36	860
M42	970
M48	1080
M56	1190
M64 to M100	1300

Note 8—Bolts, screws, and studs in diameters smaller than M10 are not normally hot-dip zinc-coated.

7.8.1 Internal threads shall be subject to acceptance gaging using GO and HI thread plug gages having size limits as established in 7.8. Threads of nuts tapped after zinc coating (4.7) shall meet GO and HI thread plug gaging requirements as tapped. Threads of nuts tapped prior to zinc coating (4.8) shall meet HI thread plug gaging requirements prior to zinc coating and GO thread plug gaging requirements after zinc coating.

7.9 Nuts to be used on bolts, screws, or studs that are hot-dip or mechanically zinc-coated to requirements other than

specified in 7.8 shall be tapped oversize by a diametral allowance sufficient to permit assembly on the coated externally threaded fastener.

NOTE 9—If the over-tapping diametral allowance is greater than the limit specified in 7.8, the purchaser is cautioned that the nut may not meet the proof load stress specified in Table 3.

7.10 When specifically permitted by the purchaser, nuts for bolts, screws, or studs having an electrodeposited coating, such as cadmium, zinc, etc., or having a chemically applied coating may be tapped oversize by a diametral allowance sufficient to permit assembly on the coated externally threaded fastener.

Note 10—If the overtapping diametral allowance is greater than the limit specified in 7.8, the purchaser is cautioned that the nut may not meet the proof load stress specified in Table 3.

8. Workmanship

8.1 Surface discontinuity limits shall be in accordance with Specification F 812/F 812M.

9. Number of Tests

9.1 The requirements of this specification shall be met in continuous mass production for stock, and the manufacturer shall make sample inspections to ensure that the product

conforms to the specified requirements (Section 15). Additional tests of individual shipments of material are not ordinarily contemplated. Individual heats of steel are not identified in the finished product.

- 9.2 When additional tests are specified in the inquiry and purchase order, a lot, for purposes of selecting test samples, shall consist of all nuts offered for inspection at one time that have the following common characteristics:
 - 9.2.1 Property class,
 - 9.2.2 Nominal diameter,
 - 9.2.3 Style,
 - 9.2.4 Thread series and tolerance grade, and
 - 9.2.5 Surface finish.
- 9.3 Unless otherwise specified in the inquiry and purchase order, the number of tests for each lot of each required property shall be as follows:

Number of Nuts in Lot	Number of Specimens
800 and under	1
801 to 8000	2
8001 to 22 000	3
Over 22 000	5

10. Test Methods

- 10.1 Hardness and proof load tests of nuts shall be performed in accordance with requirements of Test Method F 606M
- 10.2 For nut proof load testing, the speed of testing as determined with a free-running cross head shall be a maximum of 25 mm/min.

11. Report

11.1 When specified in the order, the manufacturer shall furnish a test report certified to be the last completed set of mechanical tests for each stock size in each shipment.

12. Inspection

- 12.1 If the inspection described in 12.2 is required by the purchaser, it shall be specified in the inquiry and contract or order
- 12.2 The inspector representing the purchaser shall have free entry to all parts of manufacturer's works that concern the manufacture of the material ordered. The manufacturer shall afford the inspector all reasonable facilities to satisfy him that the material is being furnished in accordance with this specification. All tests and inspection required by the specification that are requested by the purchaser's representative shall be made prior to shipment, and shall be conducted as not to interfere unnecessarily with the operation of the works.

13. Product Marking

13.1 Nuts in nominal thread diameters M4 and smaller need not be marked.

- 13.2 Nuts of all classes, in nominal thread diameters M5 and larger, shall be marked with the property class designation (5, 9, 10, 12, 8S, 10S, 8S3, or 10S3) on the top or bearing surface, on the top of flange, or on one of the wrenching flats of the nut. Markings located on the top or bearing surface or on the top of the flange shall be positioned with the base of the numeral(s) oriented toward the nut periphery. Class 9 nuts marked on one of the wrenching flats shall have the numeral 9 underlined.
- 13.3 Additionally, nuts of Classes 10, 12, 8S, 8S3, 10S, and 10S3 shall be marked with a symbol to identify the manufacturer or private label distributor, as appropriate. The manufacturer's identification symbol shall be of his design.
- 13.4 For Classes 8S3 and 10S3 nuts, the manufacturer may add other distinguishing marks to indicate the nut is atmospheric corrosion resistant and of a weathering grade of steel.
- 13.5 Markings may be raised or depressed at the option of the manufacturer. However, if markings are located on the bearing surface or on one of the wrenching flats, they shall be depressed.
- 13.6 Property class and manufacturer's or private label distributor's identification shall be separate and distinct. The two identifications shall preferably be in different locations and, when on the same level, shall be separated by at least two spaces.

14. Packaging and Package Marking

- 14.1 Packaging:
- 14.1.1 Unless otherwise specified, packaging shall be in accordance with Practice D 3951.
- 14.1.2 When special packaging requirements are required, they shall be defined at the time of the inquiry and order.
 - 14.2 Package Marking:
- 14.2.1 Each shipping unit shall include or be plainly marked with the following information:
 - 14.2.1.1 ASTM designation and grade,
 - 14.2.1.2 Size,
 - 14.2.1.3 Name and brand or trademark of the manufacturer,
 - 14.2.1.4 Number of pieces,
 - 14.2.1.5 Purchase order number, and
 - 14.2.1.6 Country of origin.

15. Responsibility

15.1 The party responsible for the fastener shall be the organization that supplies the fastener to the purchaser and certifies that the fastener was manufactured, sampled, tested and inspected in accordance with this specification and meets all of its requirements.

16. Keywords

16.1 alloy steel; carbon steel; metric; nuts; steel; weathering steel

APPENDIXES

(Nonmandatory Information)

X1. INTENDED APPLICATION

- X1.1 Table X1.1 presents guidance on the strength suitability of nuts for use in combination with various property classes of metric bolts, screws and studs.
- X1.2 Various nut styles (H1, H2, HH, and HF) have different dimensions (width across flats, thickness, flange diameter). Purchasers are cautioned to consider the dimensional requirements of the application when selecting the most appropriate nut.

TABLE X1.1 Nut/Bolt Suitability Guide

Class of Bolt, ^A Screw, or Stud	Nominal Diameter of Bolt/Nut Combination	Surface Finish of Bolt ^B	Property Class and Dimensional Style of Nut													
				5		9		10		12			8S	8S3	10S	10S3
			H1 ^C	HH^D	H2 ^E	HF^F	HH^D	H1 ^C	HF^F	H2 ^E	HF^F	HH^D	HH^D	HH^D	HH^D	HH^D
F 568, Class 4.6	M5 to M36	plain	G	Н	1	1	Н	1	1	I	1	1	I	I	I	1
		zinc-coated	G	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	1	1	Н	Н	Н	1	Н
	M42 to M100	plain	Н	G	Н	Н	1	Н	Н	Н	Н	1	Н	Н	Н	Н
		zinc-coated	Н	G	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	1	Н	Н	Н	Н
568, Class 4.8	M1.6 to M16	plain	G	Н	1	1	Н	1	1	1	1	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н
		zinc-coated	G	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	1	1	Н	Н	Н	1	Н
568, Class 5.8	M5 to M24	plain	G	Н	1	1	Н	1	1	1	1	Н	1	1	1	1
		zinc-coated	G	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	1	1	Н	Н	Н	1	Н
	M16 to M36	plain	Н	Н	G	1	Н	1	1	1	1	Н	1	1	1	1
		zinc-coated	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	G	1	Н	Н	Н	1	Н
	M42 to M100	plain	Н	Н	Н	Н	G	Н	Н	Н	Н	1	Н	Н	Н	Н
		zinc-coated	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	G	Н	Н	Н	Н
568, Class 8.8.3	M16 to M36	plain	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	G	Н	1
568, Class 9.8	M1.6 to M16	plain	Н	Н	G	1	Н	1	1	1	1	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н
		zinc-coated	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	G	1	Н	Н	Н	1	Н
568, Class 10.9	M5 to M36	plain	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	G	1	1	1	Н	1	1	1	1
	M42 to M100	•	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	G	Н	Н	Н	Н
568, Class 10.9.3	M16 to M36	plain	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	G
568, Class 12.9	M1.6 to M36	plain	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	G	1	Н	Н	Н	1	1
	M42 to M100	•	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	G	Н	Н	Н	Н
325M, Types 1 and 2	M16 to M36	plain	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	G	1	1	1
		zinc-coated	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	G	Н
325M, Type 3	M16 to M36	plain	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	G	Н	1
490M, Types 1 and 2	M16 to M36	plain	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	G	1
490M, Type 3	M16 to M36	plain	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	G
A 394, Grade A	M12 to M24	zinc-coated	G	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	1	1	Н	Н	Н	1	Н
A 394, Grade B	M12 to M24	zinc-coated	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	G	1	Н	Н	Н	1	Н

 $^{^{\}it A}$ The term "bolt" includes all types of externally threaded products.

^B "Plain" applies to any bolt that is non-coated or non-plated, or that has a coating or plating of insufficient thickness to require that the nut be overtapped. "Zinc-coated" applies to any bolt that is hot-dip or mechanically zinc-coated or otherwise coated or plated with a coating or plating of sufficient thickness to require the use of overtapped nuts.

^CH1—ANSI B 18.2.4.1M hex nut, Style 1.

^D HH—ANSI B 18.2.4.6M heavy hex nut.

EH2—ANSI B 18.2.4.2M hex nut, Style 2.

FHF—ANSI B 18.2.4.4M hex flange nut.

^G Recommended nut class and style.

^H Non-suitable nut.

¹ Suitable nut class and style.

X2. SLOTTED HEX NUTS AND HEX JAM NUTS

X2.1 Slotted Hex Nuts:

- X2.1.1 Slotted hex nuts are available in nominal thread diameters M5 to M36 inclusive, and in Property Classes 5 and 10
- X2.1.2 Class 5 nuts are made of carbon steel conforming to chemical composition requirements given in Table 1. Class 10 nuts are made of carbon or alloy steel conforming to chemical composition requirements given in Table 1, and are heat treated as specified in 4.3.
- X2.1.3 Classes 5 and 10 nuts have hardnesses as specified in Table 3, and proof load stresses equal to 80 % of the values specified in Table 3 for Classes 5 and 10, respectively. Slotted hex nuts are not normally proof load tested.
- X2.1.4 Slotted hex nuts conform to dimensions given in ANSI B 18.2.4.3M.

X2.2 Hex Jam Nuts:

- X2.2.1 Hex jam nuts are available in nominal thread diameters M5 to M36 inclusive, and in Property Classes 04 and 05.
- X2.2.2 Class 04 nuts are made of carbon steel conforming to the chemical composition requirements specified for Class 9 nuts in Table 1. Class 05 nuts are made of carbon or alloy steel conforming to the chemical composition requirements specified for Class 10 nuts in Table 1, and are heat treated as specified in 4.3.
- X2.2.3 Class 04 nuts have a proof load stress of 380 MPa, and a hardness of HV 188/302 for all diameters. Class 05 nuts have a proof load stress of 500 MPa, and a hardness of HV 272/353 for all diameters. Hex jam nuts are not normally proof load tested.
- X2.2.4 Hex jam nuts conform to dimensions given in ANSI B 18.2.4.5M.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

This section identifies the location of selected changes to this standard that have been incorporated since the A 563-01 issue. For the convenience of the user, Committee F16 has highlighted those changes that impact the use of this standard. This section may also include descriptions of the changes or reasons for the changes, or both. (Approved Oct. 1, 2003.)

(1) Added Section 1.6 that references Terminology F 1789 for definitions of terms.

ASTM International takes no position respecting the validity of any patent rights asserted in connection with any item mentioned in this standard. Users of this standard are expressly advised that determination of the validity of any such patent rights, and the risk of infringement of such rights, are entirely their own responsibility.

This standard is subject to revision at any time by the responsible technical committee and must be reviewed every five years and if not revised, either reapproved or withdrawn. Your comments are invited either for revision of this standard or for additional standards and should be addressed to ASTM International Headquarters. Your comments will receive careful consideration at a meeting of the responsible technical committee, which you may attend. If you feel that your comments have not received a fair hearing you should make your views known to the ASTM Committee on Standards, at the address shown below.

This standard is copyrighted by ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, PO Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, United States. Individual reprints (single or multiple copies) of this standard may be obtained by contacting ASTM at the above address or at 610-832-9585 (phone), 610-832-9555 (fax), or service@astm.org (e-mail); or through the ASTM website (www.astm.org).