

Designation: F 467 - 03

Standard Specification for Nonferrous Nuts for General Use¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F 467; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This specification covers the requirements for commercial wrought nonferrous nuts 0.250 to 1.500 in. inclusive in diameter in a number of alloys in common use and intended for general service applications.
- 1.2 Applicable bolts, cap screws, and studs for use with nuts covered by this specification are covered by Specification F 468.

Note 1—A complete metric companion to Specification F 467 has been developed—F 467M; therefore no metric equivalents are presented in this specification.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:
- B 154 Test Method for Mercurous Nitrate Test for Copper and Copper Alloys²
- B 446 Specification for Nickel-Chromium-Molybdenum-Columbium-Alloy (UNS N06625), Nickel-Chromium-Molybdenum-Silicon Alloy (UNS N06219), and Nickel-Chromium-Molybdenum-Tungsten Alloy (UNS N06650) Rod and Bar³
- D 3951 Practice for Commercial Packaging⁴
- E 18 Test Methods for Rockwell Hardness and Rockwell Superficial Hardness of Metallic Materials⁵
- E 29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications⁶
- E 34 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Base Alloys⁷
- E 38 Methods for Chemical Analysis of Nickel-Chromium and Nickel-Chromium-Iron Alloys⁸
- E 53 Test Methods for Determination of Copper in Unal-
- ¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F16 on Fasteners and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F16.04 on Nonferrous Fasteners.

Current edition approved May 10, 2003. Published June 2003. Originally approved in 1976. Last previous edition approved in 2001 as F 467 – 01a.

- ² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 02.01.
- ³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 02.04.
- ⁴ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 15.09.
- ⁵ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.01.
- ⁶ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 14.02.
- ⁷ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.05.
- ⁸ Discontinued-see 1988 Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.05. Replaced by E 350.

- loyed Copper by Gravimetry⁷
- E 54 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Special Brasses and Bronzes⁹
- E 55 Practice for Sampling Wrought Nonferrous Metals and Alloys for Determination of Chemical Composition⁷
- E 62 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper and Copper Alloys (Photometric Methods)⁷
- E 75 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper-Nickel and Copper-Nickel-Zinc Alloys⁷
- E 76 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Nickel-Copper Alloys⁷
- E 92 Test Method for Vickers Hardness of Metallic Materials⁵
- E 101 Test Method for Spectrographic Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys by the Point-to-Plane Technique¹⁰
- E 120 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Titanium and Titanium Alloys⁷
- E 165 Practice for Liquid Penetrant Examination¹¹
- E 227 Test Method for Optical Emission Spectrometric Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys by the Point-to-Plane Technique⁹
- E 354 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of High-Temperature, Electrical, Magnetic, and Other Similar Iron, Nickel, and Cobalt Alloys⁷
- E 478 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper Allovs⁷
- E 1409 Test Method for Determination of Oxygen in Titanium and Titanium Alloys by the Inert Gas Fusion Technique⁷
- F 468 Specification for Nonferrous Bolts, Hex Cap Screws, and Studs for General Use¹²
- F 606 Test Methods for Determining the Mechanical Properties of Externally and Internally Threaded Fasteners, Washers, and Rivets¹²
- F 1470 Guide for Fastener Sampling for Specified Mechanical Properties and Performance Inspection¹²
- 2.2 ASME Standards:

⁹ Discontinued-see 2001 Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.05.

¹⁰ Discontinued-see 1995 Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.05.

¹¹ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.03.

¹² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.08.



- B 1.1 Unified Inch Screw Threads (UN and UNR Thread Form)¹³
- B 18.2.2 Square and Hex Nuts¹³

3. Ordering Information

- 3.1 Orders for nuts under this specification shall include the following information:
 - 3.1.1 Quantity (number of pieces of each item and size);
 - 3.1.2 Name of item;
 - 3.1.3 Size (diameter and threads per inch);
 - 3.1.4 Alloy number (Table 1);

- 3.1.5 Stress relieving, if required (4.2.3);
- 3.1.6 "Shipment lot" testing, as required (Section 9);
- 3.1.7 Source inspection, if required (Section 14);
- 3.1.8 Certificate of compliance or test report, if required (Section 16);
- 3.1.9 Additional requirements, if any, to be specified on the purchase order (4.2.1, 7.2, 8.2, 12.1, and 13.1),
 - 3.1.10 Supplementary requirements, if any; and
- 3.1.11 ASTM designation (including year or published date).

Note 2—A typical ordering description is as follows: 10 000 pieces, Hex Nut, 0.250" -20, Alloy 270, Furnish Certificate of Compliance, Supplementary Requirement S 1, ASTM Specification F 467-XX

¹³ Global Engineering Documents, 15 Inverness Way East, Englewood, CO 80112.

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					70	H)	,										
		Arsenic, max									0.15						
		Tin			0.5-1.0	0.5-1.0	4.2–5.8	0.20-0.50		0.20 max	0.20 max				0.5-1.5		
		Lead, max		0.10	0.20	0.20	0.05	0.01			0.05	0.05	0.05	0.20-0.8	0.20	0.05	0.02
		Zinc, max ^A		balance	balance	balance	0.30	0.05			0.50	1.5	1.5	1.5	balance	1.00	1.00
		Silicon						0.10		0.25 max	$1.5-2.2^{E}$	0.8-2.0	2.8–3.8	2.8–3.5			
		Phos- phorus					0.03-0.35	0.015									
	Copper and Copper-Base Alloys	Nickel, max						0.15^{C}		4.0-5.5	0.25		9.0			19.0–23.0 ^c	29.0–33.0 ^C
Composition, %	per and Copp	Man- ganese, max						0.10	1.0	1.5	0.10	0.7	1.5	1.5	0.05-0.5	1.00	1.00
ŏ	Cop	Iron, max		0.02	0.10	0.10	0.10	2.0-3.0	1.5–3.5	2.0-4.0	0.30	0.8	0.8	0.25	0.8-2.0	0.60	0.40-0.7
		Copper, min	6.66	63.0-68.5	62.0-65.0	59.0–62.0	balance ^A	В	88.0 ^D	78.0 ^D	88.65 ^D	0	94.8 ^D	94.0^{D}	27.0-60.0	74.0 ^D	65.0 ^D
		Alumi- num						6.0-7.5	6.0–8.0	9.0–11.0	6.3–7.6				0.25 max		
		General Name	ETP copper	brass	naval brass	naval brass	phosphor bronze	aluminum bronze	aluminum bronze	aluminum bronze	aluminum silicon bronze	silicon bronze	silicon bronze	silicon bronze	manganese bronze	cupro-nickel	cupro-nickel
		Alloy	110	270	462	464	510	613	614	630	642	651	655	661	675	710	715
	SNO	Designa- tion Number	C11000	C27000	C46200	C46400	C51000	C61300	C61400	C63000	C64200	C65100	C65500	C66100	C67500	C71000	C71500

 A Elements shown as balance shall be arithmetically computed by deducting the sum of the other named elements from 100. B Copper plus specified elements = 99.8 min; copper plus silver = 88.5–91.5. C Cobalt is to be counted as nickel. D Minimum content of copper plus all other elements with specified limits shall be 99.5 %. E Minimum content of copper plus all other elements with specified limits shall be 10.5 %. E An alloy containing as high as 2.6 % silicon is acceptable provided the sum of all the elements other than copper, silicon, and iron does not exceed 0.30 %.

		ä
	ys	Phos-
IABLE 1 Continued	Nickel and Nickel-Base Alloys	
IABLE 1	and Nic	Man-
	Nicke	
		;

	יווטי	•								
	Tung- sten		3.0-4.5				3.2-4.2		3.0-4.4	
	Vana- dium	0.2-0.4	0.35 max							
	Sulfur, max	0.030	0.030	0.024	0.025-0.060	0.01	0.015		0.02 max	
	Molyb- denum	26.0–30.0					8.0-10.0		15.0-17.0	
	Co- balt, max	2.50	2.50	В	В	В	1.00	max		
	Tita- nium					0.35 - 0.85	0.40 max		0.02 - 0.25	
	Sili- con, max	1.00	0.08	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.50	max	0.08	max
S	Phos- pho- rus, max	0.025	0.040				0.015		0.04	max
Nickel and Nickel-Base Alloys	Nickel ^₄	balance	balance	63.0-70.0	63.0-70.0	63.0-70.0	58.0 min		balance	
and Nic	Man- ga- nese, max			2.0	2.0	1.5	0.50		0.75	max
Nicke	Iron, max	4.0–6.0	4.0–7.0	2.5	2.5	2.0	2.0	max	2.0	max
	Copper⁴			balance	balance	balance				
	Chro- mium	1.0 max	14.5-16.5				20.0–23.0		19.0–23.0	
	Car- bon, max	0.05	0.05	0.3	0.3	0.25	0.010		0.010	max
	Alumi- num					2.30-3.15	0.40	max		
	General Name	Ni-Mo	Ni-Mo-Cr	Ni-Cu Class A	Ni-Cu Class B	Ni-Cu-Al	Ni-Cr-Mo-Cb		Ni-Cr-Mo-W	
	Al- loy	335	276	400	405	200	625 ^C		989	
	UNS Designa- tion Num- ber	N10001	N10276	N04400	N04405	N05500	N06625		N06686	_

 A Elements shown as balance shall be arithmetically computed by deducting the sum of the other named elements from 100. B Cobalt is to be counted as nickel. C Alloy 625 material shall be refined using the electroslag remelting process (ESR), or the vacuum arc remelting process (VAR).

		Other Elements, max	Total	0.15	0.15	
		Other EI	Each	0.05	0.05	O
		Magne-		1.2–1.8	0.8–1.2	0.8–1.2
		Zinc,	Y III III III III III III III III III I	0.25	0.25	0.25
		Tita- nium,	max	0.15 ^B	0.15	0.15
		Silicon,	בומץ בומץ	0.50	0.40-0.8	0.40-0.8
ν, %	· Alloys ^A	Manga- nese,	max	0.30-0.9	0.15	0.15
Composition, %	Aluminum-Base Alloys ^A	lron,	I d	0:00	0.7	0.7
	Alu	Copper		3.8-4.9	0.15-0.40	0.15-0.40
		Chro-		0.10 max	0.04-0.35	0.04-0.14
		Alumi-		balance	balance	balance
		General	ם פ	Aluminum 2024	Aluminum 6061	Aluminum
		Al-	<u></u>	2024	6061	6262
		UNS Desig- nation	Num- ber	A92024	A96061	A96262

TABLE 1 Continued

A Analysis shall regularly be made only for the elements specified in this table. If, however, the presence of other elements is suspected or indicated in amounts greater than the specified limits, further analysis shall be made to determine that these elements are not present in excess of the specified limits.

B Titanium + zirconium 0.20 %, max.

C Lead 0.4-0.7 %; bismuth 0.4-0.7 %.

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	Residuals ^B	to- tal, max	_	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4			0.4	
	Resid	each, max	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1		0.1	0.15	0.1
	d d d d	nium, each, Ru max								0.10^{C} 0.15	
	ij										06-0.14
		Sn, u									0.6–1.4 0.6–1.40 06–0.14
	Ziroo	nium, Zr								3.5-4.5	0.6–1.4
	dylon,	denum, Mo								3.5-4.5	0.6–1.2
		Vana- Chro- dium, V mium, Cr								5.5-6.5	
-						3.5-4.5	3.5-4.5			7.5–8.5	0.6–1.4
Titanium and Titanium-Base $Alloys^A$		Palla- dium, Pd							0.12-0.25	0.10 ^A	
Titanium-	Š	gen,	0.18	0.25	0.40	0.20	0.13		0.25	0.12	0.11
um and	Catil	gen, S	0.05	0.05	0.07	0.05	0.05		0.05	0.03	0.03
Titani		Hydro- gen, H	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125		0.0125	0.0200	0.0125
		Tita- nium, Ti	balance	balance	balance	balance	balance		balance	balance	balance
		Iron, Fe	0.20	0.30	0.50	0.40	0.25			0.30	
	ٔ د	bon, Co,	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.08		0.10	0.05	0.08
		Alumi- num, Al				5.5-6.75	5.5-6.5			3.0-4.0	4.5–5.5
		General Name	Titanium Gr 1	Titanium Gr 2	Titanium Gr 4	Titanium Gr 5	Titanium Ti-6Al-4V	E	Titanium Gr 7	Titanium Ti-38-6-44	Titanium Ti-5-1-1-1
		Alloy	-	2	4	2	23		7	19	32
	SNO	Des- ignation Number	R50250	R50400	R50700	R56400	R56401		R52400	R58640	R55111

TABLE 1 Continued

A All reported values are maximums, unless a range is specified.

B A residual is an element present in a metal or an alloy in small quantities inherent to the manufacturing process but not added intentionally. Residual elements need not be reported unless a report is specifically required by the purchaser.

C Ruthenium and Palladium, or both, may be added to Grade 19 for enhanced corrosion resistance as negotiated between purchaser and vendor. Chemical analysis is not required unless specifically negotiated.



4. Materials and Manufacture

4.1 Materials:

- 4.1.1 The nuts shall be manufactured from material having a chemical composition conforming to the requirements in Table 2 and capable of developing the required mechanical properties for the specified alloy in the finished fastener.
- 4.1.2 The starting condition of the raw material shall be at the discretion of the fastener manufacturer but shall be such that the finished products conform to all the specified requirements.

4.2 Manufacture:

- 4.2.1 *Forming*—Unless otherwise specified, the nuts shall be hot pressed, cold formed, or machined from suitable material at the option of the manufacturer.
- 4.2.2 *Condition*—Except as provided in 4.2.3, the nuts shall be furnished in the condition specified below:

TABLE 2 Mechanical Property Requirements

Alloy	Mechanical Property Marking	Hardness, min ^A	Proof Stress, min, ksi
Cu 110	F 467A	65 HRF	30
Cu 270	F 467B	55 HRF	60
Cu 462	F 467C	65 HRB	50
Cu 464	F 467D	55 HRB	50
Cu 510	F 467E	60 HRB	60
Cu 613	F 467F	70 HRB	80
Cu 614	F 467G	70 HRB	75
Cu 630	F 467H	85 HRB	100
Cu 642	F 467J	75 HRB	75
Cu 651	F 467K	75 HRB	70
Cu 655	F 467L	60 HRB	50
Cu 661	F 467M	75 HRB	70
Cu 675	F 467N	60 HRB	55
Cu 710	F 467P	50 HRB	45
Cu 715	F 467R	60 HRB	55
Ni 335	F 467S	20 HRC	115
Ni 276	F 467T	20 HRC	110
Ni 400	F 467U	75 HRB	80
Ni 405	F 467V	60 HRB	70
Ni 500	F 467W	24 HRC	130
Ni 625	F 647AC	85 HRB-35 HRC	60
Ni 686	F 467BN	23 HRC	115
AI 2024-T4 ^B	F 467X	70 HRB	55
AI 6061-T6	F 467Y	40 HRB	40
AI 6262-T9	F 467Z	60 HRB	52
Ti 1	F 467AT	140 HV	40
Ti 2	F 467BT	150 HV	55
Ti 4	F 467CT	200 HV	85
Ti 5	F 467DT	30 HRC	135
Ti 7	F 467ET	160 HV	55
Ti-19	F 467FT	24 HRC	120
Ti 23	F 467GT	25 HRC	125
Ti-5-1-1-1	F 467HT	24 HRC	105

^A For aluminum and titanium alloys hardness values are for information only. ^B Aluminum alloy 2024-T4 shall be supplied in naturally aged condition. This

material is not recommended for nuts in sizes greater than 1/4 (0.250) in.

Alloy Condition

Copper (all alloys)	As formed or stress relieved at manufacturer's option
Nickel alloys 400 and 405	As formed or stress relieved at manufacturer's option
Nickel alloy 500	Solution annealed and aged
Aluminum alloys:	_
2024-T4	Solution treated and naturally aged
6061-T6	Solution treated and artificially aged
6262-T9	Solution treated, artificially aged, and cold
	worked
Titanium	As formed
625	Annealed

4.2.3 *Stress Relieving*—When required, stress relieving shall be specified by the purchaser for all copper alloys and nickel alloys 400 and 405.

5. Chemical Composition

- 5.1 *Chemical Composition*—The nuts shall conform to the chemical composition specified in Table 1 for the specified alloy.
 - 5.2 Manufacturer's Analysis:
- 5.2.1 Except as provided in 5.2.2, when test reports are required on the inquiry or purchase order (3.1.8), the manufacturer shall make individual analyses of randomly selected finished nuts from the product to be shipped and report the results to the purchaser. Alternatively, if heat and lot identities have been maintained, the analysis of the raw material from which the nuts have been manufactured may be reported instead of product analysis.
- 5.2.2 For aluminum nuts, instead of 5.2.1, the manufacturer may furnish a certificate of conformance certifying compliance with the chemical composition specified in Table 1.
 - 5.3 Product Analysis:
- 5.3.1 Product analyses may be made by the purchaser from finished products representing each lot. The chemical composition thus determined shall conform to the requirements in Table 1.
- 5.3.2 In the event of disagreement, a referee chemical analysis of samples from each lot shall be made in accordance with 12.1 and 13.1.

6. Mechanical Properties

- 6.1 The nuts shall be tested in accordance with the mechanical testing requirements for the applicable type and shall meet the mechanical requirements in Table 2 for the specified alloy.
- 6.2 Where both proof load and hardness tests are performed, the proof load test results shall take precedence for acceptance purposes.

7. Dimensions

7.1 *Nuts*—Unless otherwise specified, the dimensions of nuts shall be in accordance with the requirements of ASME B8.2.2.

7.2 *Threads*—Unless otherwise specified, the nuts shall have Class 6H threads in accordance with ASME B1.1.

8. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

- 8.1 Workmanship—Nuts shall have a workmanlike finish free of injurious burrs, seams, laps, irregular surfaces, and other imperfections affecting serviceability.
- 8.2 *Finish*—Unless otherwise specified, the nuts shall be furnished without any additive chemical or metallic finish.

9. Sampling

- 9.1 A lot, for the purposes of selecting test specimens, shall consist of not more than 100 000 pieces offered for inspection at one time having the following common characteristics:
 - 9.1.1 One type of item,
 - 9.1.2 Same alloy and temper, and
 - 9.1.3 One nominal diameter and thread series.

10. Number of Tests and Retests

10.1 Normal Testing—The requirements of this specification shall be met in continuous mass production for stock (see Table 3). The manufacturer shall make sample inspections as specified below to ensure that the product conforms to the specified requirements. When tests of individual shipments are required, Supplementary Requirement S 2 shall be specified.

	A	Acceptance Criter	ia
Number of Pieces in	No. of	Accept-	Rejection
Lot	Tests	ance No.	No.
50 and under	2	0	1
51 to 500	3	0	1
501 to 35 000	5	0	1
35 001 to 100 000	8	0	1

10.2 Retests:

- 10.2.1 When tested in accordance with the required sampling plan, a lot shall be subject to rejection if any of the test specimens fails to meet the applicable test requirements.
- 10.2.2 If the failure of a test specimen is due to improper preparation of the specimen or to incorrect testing technique, the specimen shall be discarded and another specimen substituted.

11. Significance of Numerical Limits

11.1 For purposes of determining compliance with the specified limits for requirements of the properties listed in this specification, an observed value or calculated value shall be rounded in accordance with Practice E 29.

12. Test Specimens

12.1 Chemical Tests—When required, samples for chemical analysis shall be taken in accordance with Practice E 55 by

TABLE 3 Mechanical Test Requirements for Nuts

Product	Proof Stress, ksi	Tests Conducted Using Full- size Product			
		Hardness	Proof Load		
Jam, slotted, and castle nuts All other nuts	all up to 120	A	 A		
	over 120	Α			
Tests in accordance with section		11.2.2	12.2.1		

A Mandatory tests.

drilling, sawing, milling, turning, clipping, or such other methods capable of producing representative samples.

- 12.2 Mechanical Tests:
- 12.2.1 Nuts shall be tested in full section.
- 12.2.2 The hardness shall be determined on the top or bottom face of the nut.

13. Test Methods

13.1 Chemical Analysis—When required, the chemical composition shall be determined by any recognized commercial test method. In the event of disagreement, the following test methods shall be used for referee purposes.

Alloy	Test Method
Copper	E 53, E 54, E 62, E 75, E 478
Aluminum	E 34, E 101, 8a E 227
Nickel	E 38, E 76, E 354
Titanium	E 120. E 1409

13.2 Mechanical:

- 13.2.1 The proof load or proof stress tests shall be determined in accordance with the appropriate methods of Test Methods F 606. Loads to be determined using Table 2 and Table 4.
- 13.2.2 The hardness shall be determined in accordance with Test Methods E 18 and E 92. For sizes $\frac{1}{4}$ (0.250) to $\frac{7}{16}$ (0.4375) in. one reading shall be taken. For sizes $\frac{1}{2}$ (0.500) in. and larger the hardness shall be the average of four readings located 90° to one another.

14. Inspection

14.1 When specified on the inquiry or purchase order, the product shall be subject to inspection by the purchaser at the place of manufacture prior to shipment. The inspector representing the purchaser shall have controlled entry only to those parts of the manufacturer's operations that concern the manufacture of the ordered product and only when and where work on the contract of the purchaser is being performed. The manufacturer shall afford the inspector all reasonable facilities to satisfy him that the product is being furnished in accordance with this specification. All inspections and tests shall be conducted so as not to interfere unnecessarily with the operations of the manufacturer.

15. Rejection and Rehearing

15.1 Unless otherwise specified, any rejection based on tests specified herein and made by the purchaser shall be reported to the manufacturer as soon as practical after receipt of the product by the purchaser.

16. Certification and Test Reports

- 16.1 Certificate of Compliance—When specified in the contract or purchase order, the manufacturer shall furnish certification that the product was manufactured and tested in accordance with this specification and conforms to all specified requirements.
- 16.2 *Test Reports*—When "Shipment Lot Testing" in accordance with Supplementary Requirement S2 is specified in the contract or purchase order, the manufacturer shall furnish a test report showing the results of the mechanical tests for each lot shipped.

TABLE 4 Tensile Stress Areas and Threads per Inch

Nominal Size,	Coarse	Threads-UNC	Fine T	hreads-UNF	8 Thread Series-8UN		
in.	Threads/in.	Stress Area ^A , in ²	Threads/in.	Stress Area ^A , in ²	Threads/in.	Stress Area ^A , in ²	
1/4	20	0.0318	28	0.0364			
5/16	18	0.0524	24	0.0580			
3/8	16	0.0775	24	0.0878			
7/16	14	0.1063	20	0.1187			
1/2	13	0.1419	20	0.1599			
9/16	12	0.1820	18	0.2030			
5/8	11	0.2260	18	0.2560			
3/4	10	0.3340	16	0.3730			
7/8	9	0.4620	14	0.5090			
1	8	0.6060	12	0.6630			
11/8	7	0.7630	12	0.8560	8	0.790	
11/4	7	0.9690	12	1.0730	8	1.000	
13/8	6	1.1550	12	1.3150	8	1.233	
11/2	6	1.4050	12	1.5810	8	1.492	

^A Tensile stress areas are computed using the following formula:

$$A_s = 0.7854 \left[D - \frac{0.9743}{n} \right]$$

where:

 A_s = tensile stress area, in.²,

D = nominal size (basic major diameter), in., and

n = number of threads per inch.

17. Product, Packaging and Package Marking

17.1 *Individual Nuts*—All products shall be marked with a symbol identifying the manufacturer. In addition, they shall be marked with the alloy/mechanical property marking specified in Table 1. The marking shall be raised or depressed at the option of the manufacturer.

17.2 Packaging:

17.2.1 Unless otherwise specified, packaging shall be in accordance with Practice D 3951.

17.2.2 When special packaging requirements are required by the purchaser, they shall be defined at the time of inquiry and order.

17.3 *Package Marking*—Each shipping unit shall include or be plainly marked with the following:

17.3.1 ASTM designation,

17.3.2 Alloy number,

17.3.3 Alloy/mechanical property marking,

17.3.4 Size,

17.3.5 Name and brand or trademark of the manufacturer,

17.3.6 Number of pieces,

17.3.7 Country of origin, and

17.3.8 Purchase order number.

18. Keywords

18.1 general use; nonferrous; nuts

SUPPLEMENTARY REQUIREMENTS

One or more of the following supplementary requirements shall be applied only when specified by the purchaser in the inquiry, contract, or order. Supplementary requirements shall in no way negate any requirement of the specification itself.

S1. Stress Corrosion Requirements, Copper Alloys

S1.1 Copper alloy fasteners shall exhibit no evidence of cracking after immersion for 30 min in an aqueous solution of mercurous nitrate when tested in accordance with Test Method B 154.

S1.1.1 **Warning**—Mercury is a definite health hazard and equipment for the detection and removal of mercury vapor produced in volatilization is recommended. The use of rubber gloves in testing is advisable.



S2. Shipment Lot Testing

- S2.1 When Supplementary Requirement S2 is specified on the order (3.1.6), the manufacturer shall make sample tests on the individual lots for shipment to ensure that the product conforms to the specified requirements.
- S2.2 The manufacturer shall make an analysis of a randomly selected finished nut from each lot of product to be shipped. Heat or lot control shall be maintained. The analysis of the starting material from which the nuts have been manufactured may be reported in place of the product analysis.
- S2.3 The manufacturer shall perform mechanical property tests in accordance with this specification and Guide F 1470 on the individual lots for shipment.
- S2.4 The manufacturer shall furnish a test report for each lot in the shipment showing the actual results of the chemical analysis and mechanical property tests performed in accordance with Supplementary Requirement S2.

S3. Dye Penetrant Inspection

S3.1 When dye penetrant inspection is specified on the purchase order, the nuts shall be tested in accordance with Practice E 165 or other mutually acceptable procedures and shall conform to acceptance criteria as mutually agreed upon between the purchaser and the manufacturer.

S4. Heat Control (Alloys 400, 405, and 500 Only)

- S4.1 When Supplementary Requirement S4 is specified on the inquiry or order, the manufacturer shall control the product by heat analysis and identify the finished product in each shipment by the actual heat number.
- S4.2 When Supplementary Requirement S4 is specified on the inquiry and order, Supplementary Requirement S2 shall be considered automatically invoked with the addition that the heat analysis shall be reported to the purchaser on the test reports.

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