

Standard Specification for Compressible-Washer-Type Direct Tension Indicators for Use With Structural Fasteners [Metric]¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F 959M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers the requirements for compressible-washer-type direct tension indicators capable of indicating the achievement of a specified minimum bolt tension in a structural bolt.

1.2 Two types of direct tension indicators in nominal diameter sizes M16 through M36 are covered:

1.2.1 *Type* 8.8—direct tension indicators for use with Specification A 325M bolts, and

1.2.2 *Type 10.9*—direct tension indicators for use with Specification A 490M bolts.

1.3 Direct tension indicators are intended for installation under either a bolt head or a hardened washer. (See Research Council on Structural Connections: Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts.)

1.4 The following precautionary statement pertains only to the test methods portions, Section 12, and Appendix X1 of this specification: This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

- A 325M Specification for Structural Bolts, Steel, Heat-Treated, 120/105 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength [Metric]²
- A 490M Specification for High-Strength Steel Bolts, Classes 10.9 and 10.9.3, for Structural Steel Joints [Metric]²
- B 695 Specification for Coatings of Zinc Mechanically Deposited on Iron and Steel²

D 3951 Practice for Commercial Packaging³

² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.08.

- F 606M Test Methods for Determining the Mechanical Properties of Externally and Internally Threaded Fasteners, Washers, and Rivets [Metric]
- F 1470 Guide for Fastener Sampling for Specified Mechanical Properties and Performance Inspection²
- 2.2 Research Council on Structural Connections Standard: Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts⁴

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.1.1 compressible-washer-type direct tension indicator, n—a washer-type element inserted under the bolt head or hardened washer, having the capability of indicating the achievement of a required minimum bolt tension by the degree of direct tension indicator plastic deformation. Hereafter referred to as *direct tension indicator*.

4. Ordering Information

4.1 Orders for direct tension indicators under this specification shall include the following:

- 4.1.1 Quantity (number of pieces);
- 4.1.2 Name of product (direct tension indicator);
- 4.1.3 Size, that is, nominal diameter;

4.1.4 ASTM designation and year of issue (if not specified, current issue shall be used);

- 4.1.5 Type required, 8.8 or 10.9 (see 1.2);
- 4.1.6 Coating type, if required (see 5.4);

4.1.7 Source inspection, if required (Section 13);

4.1.8 Certificates of compliance or test reports, if required (Section 15); and

4.1.9 Any special requirements.

5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 Steel used in the manufacture of direct tension indicators shall be produced by the basic-oxygen or electric-furnace process.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F16 on Fasteners and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F16.02 Steel Bolts, Nuts, Rivets, and Washers.

Current edition approved April 10, 2002. Published May 2002. Originally published as F 959M – 94. Last previous edition F 959M – 01a.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 15.09.

⁴ Available from Research Council on Structural Connections at www.boltcouncil.org.

5.2 Design:

5.2.1 Direct tension indicators shall have a configuration produced by extrusion, punching, pressing, or similar forming, to permit a measurable decrease in thickness when placed in compression.

5.2.2 The design shall be such that the degree of plastic deformation shall indicate the tension in a tightened structural bolt.

5.3 *Heat Treatment*—The process used for heat treatment of DTIs shall be through-hardening by heating to a temperature above the upper transformation temperature, quenching in a liquid medium, and then retempering by reheating to a suitable temperature to attain desired mechanical/performance properties.

5.4 Protective Coatings:

5.4.1 Unless otherwise specified, the direct tension indicators shall be furnished "plain," with the "as fabricated" surface finish without protective coatings.

5.4.2 When "zinc coated" is specified, the direct tension indicators shall be zinc coated by the mechanical deposition process in accordance with the requirements of Class 50 of Specification B 695.

5.4.3 When "baked epoxy" is specified, the epoxy shall be 0.025 to 0.05 mm thick applied over the zinc coating specified in 5.4.2. The epoxy shall not flake off exposed surfaces during installation.

5.4.4 Other coatings are to be used only when approved by the direct tension indicator manufacturer.

6. Chemical Composition

6.1 The direct tension indicators shall conform in chemical composition to the limits given in Table 1.

6.2 Product analysis may be made by the purchaser from finished direct tension indicators representing each lot. The chemical composition shall conform to the requirements given in Table 1, Product Analysis.

7. Performance Requirements

7.1 *Compression Loads*—When compressed to the gap specified in Table 2, the compression load shall conform to the requirements specified in Table 3.

8. Dimensions

8.1 The direct tension indicators shall conform to the dimensions specified in Table 4.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements

	Composition, %					
Element	Heat Analysis	Product Analysis				
Carbon	0.30-0.50	0.27–0.53 0.47–0.93 0.043				
Manganese	0.50-0.90					
Phosphorus, max	0.035					
Sulfur, max	0.040	0.048				
Silicon	0.15-0.35	0.13-0.37				

TABLE 2 Direct Tension Indicator Gap for Compression Load Testing

	Gap, mm					
Direct Tension Indicator Finish	Specification 8.8	Specification 10.9				
Plain finish	0.4	0.4				
Mechanically galvanized Baked epoxy coating on	0.4					
Mechanically deposited zinc	0.4					

TABLE 3 Acceptable Range of Compression Loads

Direct Tension Indicator Size	Compression Load Range, kN					
(Nominal Diameter, mm)	Type 8.8	Туре 10.9				
M16	91–109	114–131				
M 20	142-170	179-206				
M 22	176–211	221-254				
M 24	205-246	257-296				
M 27	267-320	334–384				
M 30	326-391	408-469				
M 36	475–570	595–684				

9. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

9.1 The direct tension indicators shall be commercially smooth and free of injurious material or manufacturing defects that would affect their performance.

10. Number of Tests and Retests

10.1 Responsibility:

10.1.1 The direct tension indicator manufacturer shall inspect each lot of direct tension indicators prior to shipment in accordance with the quality assurance procedures described in 10.2.

10.1.2 The purpose of a lot inspection testing program is to ensure that each lot conforms to the requirements of this specification. For such a plan to be fully effective, it is essential that the purchaser continue to maintain the identification and integrity of each lot following delivery until the product is installed in its service application.

10.2 Production Lot Method:

10.2.1 All direct tension indicators shall be processed in accordance with a lot identification control-quality assurance plan. The manufacturer shall identify and maintain the integrity of each production lot of direct tension indicators from raw material selection through all processing operations and treatments to final packing and shipment. Each lot shall be assigned its own lot-identification number, each lot shall be tested, and the inspection test reports for each lot shall be retained.

10.2.2 For purposes of assigning an identification number and from which test samples shall be selected, a production lot, shall consist of all direct tension indicators processed essentially together through all operations to placing in the shipping container that are of the same nominal size, produced from the same mill heat of steel, and heat treated in the same heat treatment cycle.

10.2.3 The minimum number of samples to be tested to determine compression loads and coating thickness (when applicable) shall be in accordance with the requirements specified in Guide F 1470.



TABLE 4 Dimensions of Direct Tension Indicato

Direct	Туре 8.8				Type 10.9				All Types				
Tension Indicator Size	Outside Diameter (OD), mm		Thickness, mm Number of —Protrusions———————————————————————————————————				Thickness, mr Number of — Protrusions		ess, mm	Inside Diameter (ID), mm		Protrusion Tangential Diameter	
(Nominal Diameter, mm) ^A	min	max	(Equally	Without	With Protrusion, max	min	max	(Equally	Without Protrusion, min	With Protrusion, max	Unco min	bated max	(PTD), max, mm (see Fig. 1)
M16	35.2	36.8	4	3.2	5.5	35.2	36.8	4	3.6	6.0	16.75	16.85	25
M 20	44.0	46.0	5	3.6	6.0	44.0	46.0	6	3.6	6.0	20.95	21.05	29
M 22	48.4	50.6	5	3.6	6.0	48.4	50.6	6	4.0	7.0	23.05	23.15	33
M 24	52.8	55.2	5	4.0	7.0	52.8	55.2	6	4.0	7.0	25.15	25.25	38
M 27	59.4	62.1	6	4.0	7.0	59.4	62.1	7	4.0	7.0	28.30	28.40	43
M 30	66.0	69.0	7	4.0	7.0	66.0	60	8	4.8	7.5	31.45	31.55	46.5
M 36	79.2	82.8	8	4.8	7.5	79.2	82.8	9	4.8	7.5	37.75	37.85	56

^A Nominal direct tension indicator sizes are intended for use with fasteners of the same nominal diameter.

10.3 *Number of Tests After Alterations*—If direct tension indicators are heat treated, coated, or otherwise altered by a subcontractor or manufacturer subsequent to testing, they shall be tested in accordance with 10.2 prior to shipment to the purchaser after all alterations have been completed.

11. Specimen Preparation

11.1 Indicators for tests shall be tested full size "as received," without any special preparation.

11.2 All test specimens shall conform to the values given in Table 3, regardless of surface coating (lubricants included).

12. Test Methods

12.1 Direct tension indicators shall be tested in accordance with F 606M.

13. Inspection

13.1 If the inspection described in 13.2 is required by the purchaser, it shall be specified in the inquiry and contract or order.

13.2 The purchaser's quality assurance representative shall have free entry to all parts of the manufacturer's works that concern the manufacture of the direct tension indicators ordered. The manufacturer shall afford the quality assurance representative all reasonable facilities to satisfy him that the direct tension indicators are being furnished in accordance with this specification. All tests and inspections required by this specification that are requested by the purchaser's representative shall be made before shipment and shall be conducted so as not to interfere unnecessarily with the operation of the plant.

14. Rejection

14.1 Direct tension indicators that fail to conform to the requirements of this specification shall be rejected. Rejection should be reported to the producer or supplier promptly and in writing. In case of dissatisfaction with the results of the test, the producer or supplier may make claim for a rehearing.

15. Certification

15.1 When specified on the order, the manufacturer shall furnish a test report as described in 15.2 or a certificate of compliance as described in 15.3, whichever is required.

15.2 When test reports are required, the manufacturers shall furnish a test report for each production lot from which direct tension indicators are supplied to fill a shipment. The report shall show the heat number (to ensure that the chemical composition is on record and could be furnished upon request), compression test loads, measured thickness of protective coatings, gap, nominal size, production lot identification number, ASTM designation, type and issue date, and purchase order number.

15.3 When certificates of compliance are required, the manufacturer shall furnish a certificate certifying that the indicators have been manufactured and tested and conform to the requirements of this specification. The certificate shall show the production lot identification number, nominal size, ASTM designation, type and issue date, and purchase order number.

16. Responsibility

16.1 The party responsible for the direct tension indicator shall be the organization that supplies the direct tension indicator to the purchaser and certifies that the direct tension indicator was manufactured, sampled, tested, and inspected in accordance with this specification and meets all of its requirements.

17. Product Marking

17.1 Each direct tension indicator shall be marked to identify the lot number; manufacturer or private label distribution, as appropriate; and type (see 1.2).

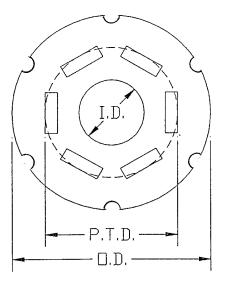
17.2 All markings shall be depressed on the same face of the direct tension indicators as the protrusions. Raised markings are prohibited.

17.3 All direct tension indicators shall have circumferential indentations spaced equally around the outside circumference, corresponding to and in alignment with each feeler gage entry space. Indentations shall be clearly visible but not so large as to interfere with the function of the direct tension indicator. (See Fig. 1).

17.3.1 The circumferential indentations indicate where the feeler gage must be inserted.

18. Packaging and Package Marking

18.1 Packaging:



DIRECT TENSION INDICATOR FIG. 1 Direct Tension Indicator Protrusion Tangential Diameter (PTD)

18.1.1 Unless otherwise specified, packaging shall be in accordance with Practice D 3951.

18.1.2 Packaging shall be performed as soon as is practical following final testing.

18.1.3 When special packaging requirements are required, they shall be defined at the time of the inquiry and order.

18.2 Package Marking:

18.2.1 Each shipping unit shall include or be marked plainly with the following information:

- 18.2.1.1 ASTM designation and type,
- 18.2.1.2 Size,

18.2.1.3 Name and brand or trademark of the manufacturer or private label distributor,

- 18.2.1.4 Number of pieces,
- 18.2.1.5 Purchase order number,
- 18.2.1.6 Name of product,
- 18.2.1.7 Lot identification number,
- 18.2.1.8 Finish, and
- 18.2.1.9 Country of origin.

19. Storage

19.1 The direct tension indicators shall be stored in an environment that preserves the surface condition supplied by the manufacturer.

20. Keywords

20.1 compressible-washer-type; direct tension indicators; DTI; indicators

APPENDIX

(Nonmandatory Information)

X1. FIELD TESTING OF DIRECT TENSION INDICATORS FOR BOLT TENSION

DTIs may be field tested in a bolt tension calibrator with bolts, nuts, and flat washers, according to the provisions of the Research Council on Structural Connections Specification for Structural Joints Using A 325 or A 490 Bolts to determine a job inspection gap. The job inspection gap shall be a gap less than the measured DTI test gap at $1.05 \times$ the minimum required bolt tension.

Because bolt tension calibrators are "soft" devices, unlike hard steel connections, care should be taken to tension the bolts with a non-impacting wrench so the tension readings can be recorded exactly.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

This section contains the principal changes to the standard that have been incorporated since the last issue.

Deleted Annex A1, "Test Method for Measuring Compression 1.4, 7.1, and 12.1. Loads (All Finishes)" and deleted references to Annex A1 from



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