



Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Profiles, and Tubes¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B 221; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope *

1.1 This specification² covers aluminum and aluminum-alloy extruded bar, rod, wire, profile, and tube in the aluminum alloys (Note 1) and tempers shown in Table 2.

NOTE 1—Throughout this specification, the use of the term *alloy* in the general sense includes aluminum as well as aluminum alloy.

NOTE 2—For rolled or cold-finished bar and rod refer to Specification B 211, for drawn tube to Specification B 210, for structural pipe and tube to Specification B 429, and for seamless pipe and tube to Specification B 241/B 241M.

1.2 Alloy and temper designations are in accordance with ANSI H35.1. The equivalent Unified Numbering System alloy designations are those of Table 1 preceded by A9; for example, A91100 for Aluminum 1100 in accordance with Practice E 527.

1.3 For acceptance criteria for inclusion of new aluminum and aluminum alloys in this specification, see Annex A2.

1.4 A complete metric companion to B 221 has been developed—B 221M; therefore, no metric equivalents are presented in this specification.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 The following documents of the issue in effect on the date of material purchase, unless otherwise noted, form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein:

2.2 ASTM Standards:

B 210 Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Drawn Seamless Tubes³

B 211 Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Bar, Rod, and Wire³

B 241/B 241M Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Seamless Pipe and Seamless Extruded Tube³

B 429 Specification for Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Structural Pipe and Tube³

B 557 Test Methods of Tension Testing Wrought and Cast Aluminum- and Magnesium-Alloy Products³

B 594 Practice for Ultrasonic Inspection of Aluminum-Alloy Wrought Products for Aerospace Applications³

B 660 Practices for Packaging/Packing of Aluminum and Magnesium Products³

B 666/B 666M Practice for Identification Marking of Aluminum and Magnesium Products³

B 807 Practice for Extrusion Press Solution Heat Treatment of Aluminum Alloys³

B 918 Practice for Heat Treatment of Wrought Aluminum Alloys³

E 29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications⁴

E 34 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum-Base Alloys⁵

E 55 Practice for Sampling Wrought Nonferrous Metals and Alloys for Determination of Chemical Composition⁵

E 227 Test Method for Optical Emission Spectrometric Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys by the Point-to-Plane Technique⁵

E 527 Practice for Numbering Metals and Alloys (UNS)⁶

E 607 Test Method for Atomic Emission Spectrometric Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys by the Point-to-Plane Technique, Nitrogen Atmosphere⁵

E 716 Practices for Sampling Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys for Spectrochemical Analysis⁵

E 1004 Practice for Determining Electrical Conductivity Using the Electromagnetic (Eddy-Current) Method⁷

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B07 on Light Metals and Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B07.03 on Aluminum Alloy Wrought Products.

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² For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code applications see related Specification SB-221 in Section 11 of this Code.

³ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 02.02.

⁴ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 14.02.

⁵ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 03.05.

⁶ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 01.01.

⁷ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 03.03.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard.

TABLE 1 Chemical Composition Limits^{A,B,C}

Alloy	Silicon	Iron	Copper	Manga- nese	Magne- sium	Chromium	Zinc	Vanadium	Titanium	Other Elements ^D		Aluminum
										Each	Total ^E	
1060	0.25	0.35	0.05	0.03	0.03	...	0.05	0.05	0.03	0.03	...	99.60 min ^F
1100	0.95 Si + Fe		0.05–0.20	0.05	...	...	0.10	...	...	0.05	0.15	99.00 min ^F
2014	0.50–1.2	0.7	3.9–5.0	0.40–1.2	0.20–0.8	0.10	0.25	...	0.15	0.05	0.15	remainder
2024	0.50	0.50	3.8–4.9	0.30–0.9	1.2–1.8	0.10	0.25	...	0.15	0.05	0.15	remainder
2219	0.20	0.30	5.8–6.8	0.20–0.40	0.02	...	0.10	0.05–0.15	0.02–0.10	0.05 ^G	0.15 ^G	remainder
3003	0.6	0.7	0.05–0.20	1.0–1.5	...	...	0.10	...	...	0.05	0.15	remainder
Alclad 3003	...	3003 Clad with 7072 alloy		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3004	0.30	0.7	0.25	1.0–1.5	0.8–1.3	...	0.25	...	...	0.05	0.15	remainder
3102	0.40	0.7	0.10	0.05–0.40	...	...	0.30	...	0.10	0.05	0.15	remainder
5052	0.25	0.40	0.10	0.10	2.2–2.8	0.15–0.35	0.10	...	...	0.05	0.15	remainder
5083	0.40	0.40	0.10	0.40–1.0	4.0–4.9	0.05–0.25	0.25	...	0.15	0.05	0.15	remainder
5086	0.40	0.50	0.10	0.20–0.7	3.5–4.5	0.05–0.25	0.25	...	0.15	0.05	0.15	remainder
5154	0.25	0.40	0.10	0.10	3.1–3.9	0.15–0.35	0.20	...	0.20	0.05	0.15	remainder
5454	0.25	0.40	0.10	0.50–1.0	2.4–3.0	0.05–0.20	0.25	...	0.20	0.05	0.15	remainder
5456	0.25	0.40	0.10	0.50–1.0	4.7–5.5	0.05–0.20	0.25	...	0.20	0.05	0.15	remainder
6005	0.6–0.9	0.35	0.10	0.10	0.40–0.6	0.10	0.10	...	0.10	0.05	0.15	remainder
6005A	0.50–0.9	0.35	0.30	0.50 ^H	0.40–0.7	0.30 ^H	0.20	...	0.10	0.05	0.15	remainder
6060	0.30–0.6	0.10–0.30	0.10	0.10	0.35–0.6	0.5	0.15	...	0.10	0.05	0.15	remainder
6061 ^I	0.40–0.8	0.7	0.15–0.40	0.15	0.8–1.2	0.04–0.35	0.25	...	0.15	0.05	0.15	remainder
6063	0.20–0.6	0.35	0.10	0.10	0.45–0.9	0.10	0.10	...	0.10	0.05	0.15	remainder
6066	0.9–1.8	0.50	0.7–1.2	0.6–1.1	0.8–1.4	0.40	0.25	...	0.20	0.05	0.15	remainder
6070	1.0–1.7	0.50	0.15–0.40	0.40–1.0	0.50–1.2	0.10	0.25	...	0.15	0.05	0.15	remainder
6105	0.6–1.0	0.35	0.10	0.10	0.45–0.8	0.10	0.10	...	0.10	0.05	0.15	remainder
6162	0.40–0.8	0.50	0.20	0.10	0.7–1.1	0.10	0.25	...	0.10	0.05	0.15	remainder
6262	0.40–0.8	0.7	0.15–0.40	0.15	0.8–1.2	0.04–0.14	0.25	...	0.15	0.05 ^J	0.15 ^J	remainder
6351	0.7–1.3	0.50	0.10	0.40–0.8	0.40–0.8	...	0.20	...	0.20	0.05	0.15	remainder
6463	0.20–0.6	0.15	0.20	0.05	0.45–0.9	...	0.05	...	...	0.05	0.15	remainder
7005	0.35	0.40	0.10	0.20–0.7	1.0–1.8	0.06–0.20	4.0–5.0	...	0.01–0.06	0.05 ^K	0.15 ^K	remainder
7072 ^L	0.7 Si + Fe		0.10	0.10	0.10	...	0.8–1.3	...	...	...	...	remainder
7075	0.40	0.50	1.2–2.0	0.30	2.1–2.9	0.18–0.28	5.1–6.1	...	0.20	0.05	0.15	remainder
7116	0.15	0.30	0.50–1.1	0.05	0.8–1.4	...	4.2–5.2	0.05	0.05	0.05 ^M	0.15	remainder
7129	0.15	0.30	0.50–0.9	0.10	1.3–2.0	0.10	4.2–5.2	0.05	0.05	0.05 ^M	0.15	remainder
7178	0.40	0.50	1.6–2.4	0.30	2.4–3.1	0.18–0.28	6.3–7.3	...	0.20	0.05	0.15	remainder

^A Limits are in weight percent maximum unless shown as a range, or stated otherwise.

^B Analysis shall be made for the elements for which limits are shown in this table.

^C For the purpose of determining conformance to these limits, an observed value or a calculated value obtained from analysis shall be rounded to the nearest unit in the last right-hand place of the figures used in expressing the specified limit, in accordance with the rounding-off method of Practice E 29.

^D *Others* includes listed elements for which no specific limit is shown as well as unlisted metallic elements. The producer may analyze samples for trace elements not specified in the specification. However, such analysis is not required and may not cover all metallic *Others* elements. Should any analysis by the producer or the purchaser establish that an *Others* element exceeds the limit of *Each* or that the aggregate of several *Others* elements exceeds the limit of *Total*, the material shall be considered nonconforming.

^E *Other Elements*—Total shall be the sum of unspecified metallic elements 0.010 % or more, rounded to the second decimal before determining the sum.

^F The aluminum content shall be calculated by subtracting from 100.00 % the sum of all metallic elements present in amounts of 0.010 % or more each, rounded to the second decimal before determining the sum.

^G Zirconium, 0.10–0.25 %. The total for other elements does not include zirconium.

^H Manganese plus chromium shall total 0.12–0.50.

^I In 1965 the requirements for 6062 were combined with those for 6061 by revising the minimum chromium from “0.15 %” to “0.04 %.” This action cancelled alloy 6062.

^J Bismuth and lead shall be 0.40–0.7 % each.

^K Zirconium 0.08–0.20 %. The total for other elements does not include zirconium.

^L Composition of cladding alloy applied during the course of manufacture. Samples from finished tube shall not be required to conform to these limits.

^M Gallium 0.03 % max.

E 1251 Test Method for Optical Emission Spectrometric Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys by the Argon Atmosphere, Point-to-Plane, Unipolar Self Initiating Capacitor Discharge⁵

G 47 Test Method for Determining Susceptibility to Stress-Corrosion Cracking of 2xxx and 7xxx Aluminum Alloy Products⁸

Method of Test for Exfoliation Corrosion Susceptibility in 7xxx Series Copper-Containing Aluminum Alloys (EXCO Test) (G 34-72)⁹

2.3 *ANSI Standards:*

H35.1 Alloy and Temper Designation Systems for Aluminum³

H35.2 Dimensional Tolerances for Aluminum Mill Products³

2.4 *Federal Standard:*

Fed. Std. No. 123 Marking for Shipment (Civil Agencies)¹⁰

2.5 *Military Standard:*

MIL-STD-129 Marking for Shipment and Storage¹⁰

2.6 *AMS Specification:*

⁸ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 03.02.

⁹ The applicable edition in the use of this specification is G 34–72, which is available in the gray pages of the *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 02.02.

¹⁰ Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, Bldg. 4 Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, Attn: NPODS.

AMS 2772 Heat Treatment of Aluminum Alloy Raw Materials¹¹
3. Terminology
3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 *extruded bar*—an extruded solid product that is long in relation to cross section, which is square or rectangular

(excluding plate and flattened wire) with sharp or rounded corners or edges, or is a regular hexagon or octagon, and in which at least one perpendicular distance between parallel faces is 0.375 in. or greater.

3.1.2 *extruded rod*—an extruded solid product 0.375 in. or greater in diameter that is long in relation to cross section.

3.1.3 *extruded profile*—a hollow or solid extruded section, long in relation to its cross-sectional dimensions, whose cross section is other than that of wire, rod, bar, or tube.

¹¹ Available from Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE), 400 Commonwealth Dr., Warrendale, PA 15096-0001.

TABLE 2 Mechanical Property Limits^{A,B}

NOTE 1—Strength values shown in parentheses are for information only.

Temper	Specified Section or Wall Thickness, in.	Area, in. ²	Tensile Strength, ksi		Yield Strength (0.2 % offset), ksi		Elongation in 2 in. or 4 × Diameter, min, % ^{C,D}														
			min	max	min	max															
Aluminum 1060 ^E																					
O	all	all	8.5	14.0	2.5	...	25														
H112	all	all	8.5	...	2.5	...	25														
Aluminum 1100 ^E																					
O	all	all	11.0	15.5	3.0	...	25														
H112	all	all	11.0	...	3.0	...	25														
Alloy 2014 ^E																					
O	all	all	...	30.0	...	18.0	12														
T4	}	all	...	...	35.0	...	12												
T4510 ^F																					
T4511 ^F																					
T42 ^G	}	all	...	...	...	...	12										
T6																					
T6510 ^F																					
T6511 ^F																					
T6511 ^F																					
T62 ^G	}	all	60.0	...	53.0	...	7														
								}	up through 0.499	60.0	...	53.0	...	7							
															}	0.500–0.749	64.0	...	58.0	...	7
}	0.750 and over	up through 25	68.0	...	60.0	...	7														
								}	0.750 and over	over 25 through 32	68.0	...	58.0	...	6						
}	up through 0.749	all	60.0	...	53.0	...	7														
								}	up through 25	60.0	...	53.0	...	7							
															}	over 25 through 32	60.0	...	53.0	...	6
Alloy 2024 ^E																					
O	all	all	...	35.0	...	19.0	12														
T3	}	all	57.0	...	42.0	...	12 ^H														
								}	up through 0.249	60.0	...	44.0	...	12 ^H							
															}	0.250–0.749	65.0	...	46.0	...	10
}	1.500 and over	over 25 through 32	68.0	...	48.0 ^J	...	8														
								T42 ^G	}	all	57.0	...	38.0	...	12						
}	up through 0.749	57.0	...	38.0	...	10															
							}									0.750–1.499	57.0	...	38.0	...	10
}	over 25 through 32	57.0	...	38.0	...	8															
							T81	}	all	64.0	...	56.0	...	4							
}	0.050–0.249	66.0	...	58.0	...	5															
															}	0.250–1.499	up through 32	66.0	...	58.0	...	5
}	1.500 and over	up through 32	66.0	...	58.0	...	5														
								Alloy 2219 ^E													
O	all	all	...	32.0	...	18.0	12														
T31	}	all	42.0	...	26.0	...	14														
T3510 ^F																					
T3511 ^F																					
T62 ^G	}	up through 0.999	54.0	...	36.0	...	6														
								}	1.000 and over	up through 25	54.0	...	36.0	...	6						

TABLE 2 *Continued*

Temper	Specified Section or Wall Thickness, in.	Area, in. ²	Tensile Strength, ksi		Yield Strength (0.2 % offset), ksi		Elongation in 2 in. or 4 × Diameter, min, % ^{C,D}		
			min	max	min	max			
T81 T8510 ^F T8511 ^F	} up through 2.999	up through 25	58.0	...	42.0	...	6		
Alloy 3003 ^E									
O H112			all all	all all	14.0 14.0	19.0 ...	5.0 5.0	25 25
Alloy Alclad 3003 ^E									
O H112	all all	all all	13.0 13.0	18.0 ...	4.5 4.5 ^K	... ...	25 25	
Alloy 3004 ^E									
O	all	all	23.0	29.0	8.5	...	...
Alloy 3102									
H112 ^L	0.028–0.050	all	11.0	18.0	4.0	...	25		
Alloy 5052									
O	all	all	25.0	35.0	10.0	...	...
Alloy 5083 ^E									
O H111 H112	up through 5.000 ^M up through 5.000 ^M up through 5.000 ^M	up through 32 up through 32 up through 32	39.0 40.0 39.0	51.0	16.0 24.0 16.0	... ... ...	14 12 12	
Alloy 5086 ^E									
O H111 H112	up through 5.000 ^M up through 5.000 ^M up through 5.000 ^M	up through 32 up through 32 up through 32	35.0 36.0 35.0	46.0	14.0 21.0 14.0	... ... ...	14 12 12	
Alloy 5154									
O H112	all all	all all	30.0 30.0	41.0 ...	11.0 11.0	... ...	... ...
Alloy 5454 ^E									
O H111 H112	up through 5.000 ^M up through 5.000 ^M up through 5.000 ^M	up through 32 up through 32 up through 32	31.0 33.0 31.0	41.0	12.0 19.0 12.0	... ... ...	14 12 12	
Alloy 5456 ^E									
O H111 H112	up through 5.000 ^M up through 5.000 ^M up through 5.000 ^M	up through 32 up through 32 up through 32	41.0 42.0 41.0	53.0	19.0 26.0 19.0	... ... ...	14 12 12	
Alloy 6005									
T1 T5	up through 0.500 } up through 0.124 0.125–1.000	all all all	25.0 38.0 38.0	... ... ...	15.0 35.0 35.0	... ... ...	16 8 10
Alloy 6005A									
T1 T5	up through 0.249 up through 0.249 0.250–0.999	all all all	25.0 38.0 38.0	... ... ...	14.5 31.0 31.0	... ... ...	15 7 9
Alloy 6060									
T51	up through 0.125	all	22.0	...	16.0	...	8		
Alloy 6061 ^E									
O T1 T4 T4510 ^F T4511 ^F T42 ^G T51	} all up through 0.625 all all all up through 0.625	all all all all all all	... 26.0 26.0 26.0 26.0 35.0	22.0 ... ... ... ... ...	... 14.0 16.0 16.0 12.0 30.0	16.0	16 16 16 16 16 8	

TABLE 2 *Continued*

Temper	Specified Section or Wall Thickness, in.	Area, in. ²	Tensile Strength, ksi		Yield Strength (0.2 % offset), ksi		Elongation in 2 in. or 4 × Diameter, min, % ^{C,D}
			min	max	min	max	
T6, T62 ^G T6510 ^F T6511 ^F	up through 0.249 0.250 and over	all	38.0	...	35.0	...	8
		all	38.0	...	35.0	...	10
Alloy 6063							
O	all	all	...	19.0	...	...	18
T1	up through 0.500 0.501–1.000	all	17.0	...	9.0	...	12
		all	16.0	...	8.0	...	12
T4, T42 ^G	up through 0.500 0.501–1.000	all	19.0	...	10.0	...	14
		all	18.0	...	9.0	...	14
T5	up through 0.500 0.501–1.000	all	22.0	...	16.0	...	8
		all	21.0	...	15.0	...	8
T52	up through 1.000	all	22.0	30.0	16.0	25.0	8
T6, T62 ^G	up through 0.124 0.125–1.000	all	30.0	...	25.0	...	8
		all	30.0	...	25.0	...	10
Alloy 6066							
O	all	all	...	29.0	...	18.0	16
T4, T4510 ^F T4511 ^F T42 ^G	all	all	40.0	...	25.0	...	14
T6, T6510, ^F T6511 ^F T62 ^G	all	all	40.0	...	24.0	...	14
	all	all	50.0	...	45.0	...	8
	all	all	50.0	...	42.0	...	8
Alloy 6070							
T6, T62	up through 2.999	up through 32	48.0	...	45.0	...	6
Alloy 6105							
T1	up through 0.500	all	25.0	...	15.0	...	16
T5	up through 0.124 0.125–1.000	all	38.0	...	35.0	...	8
		all	38.0	...	35.0	...	10
Alloy 6162							
T5, T5510 ^F T5511 ^F	up thru 1.000	all	37.0	...	34.0	...	7
T6, T6510 ^F T6511 ^F	up thru 0.249 0.250–0.499	all	38.0	...	35.0	...	8
		all	38.0	...	35.0	...	10
Alloy 6262							
T6 T6510 ^F T6511 ^F	all	all	38.0	...	35.0	...	10
Alloy 6351							
T1	up through 0.499	up through 20	26.0	...	13.0	...	15
T11	up through 0.749	all	26.0	...	16.0	...	16
T4	up through 0.749	all	32.0	...	19.0	...	16
T5	up through 0.249 0.250–1.000	all	38.0	...	35.0	...	8
		all	38.0	...	35.0	...	10
T51	0.125–1.000	all	36.0	...	33.0	...	10
T54	up through 0.500	all	30.0	...	20.0	...	10
T6	up through 0.124 0.125–0.749	all	42.0	...	37.0	...	8
		all	42.0	...	37.0	...	10
Alloy 6463							
T1	up through 0.500	up through 20	17.0	...	9.0	...	12
T5	up through 0.500	up through 20	22.0	...	16.0	...	8
T6	up through 0.124 0.125–0.500	up through 20	30.0	...	25.0	...	8
		up through 20	30.0	...	25.0	...	10

TABLE 2 *Continued*

Temper	Specified Section or Wall Thickness, in.	Area, in. ²	Tensile Strength, ksi		Yield Strength (0.2 % offset), ksi		Elongation in 2 in. or 4 × Diameter, min, % ^{C,D}	
			min	max	min	max		
Alloy 7005								
T53	0.125–1.000	up through 25	50.0	...	44.0	...	10	
Alloy 7075 ^E								
O	all	all	...	40.0	...	24.0	10	
T6, T62 ^G T6510 ^F T6511 ^F	} {	up through 0.249	all	78.0	...	70.0	...	7
		0.250–0.499	all	81.0	...	73.0	...	7
		0.500–1.499	all	81.0	...	72.0	...	7
		1.500–2.999	all	81.0	...	72.0	...	7
		3.000–4.499	up through 20 over 20 through 32	81.0 78.0	...	71.0 70.0	...	7 6
		4.500–5.000	up through 32	78.0	...	68.0	...	6
T73 T73510 ^F T73511 ^F	} {	0.062–0.249	up through 20	68.0	...	58.0	...	7
		0.250–1.499	up through 25	70.0	...	61.0	...	8
		1.500–2.999	up through 25	69.0	...	59.0	...	8
		3.000–4.499	up through 20 over 20 through 32	68.0 65.0	...	57.0 55.0	...	7 7
T76 T76510 ^F T76511 ^F	} {	up through 0.049	all	73.0	...	63.0	...	7
		0.050–0.124	all	74.0	...	64.0	...	7
		0.125–0.249	up through 20	74.0	...	64.0	...	7
		0.250–0.499	up through 20	75.0	...	65.0	...	7
		0.500–1.000	up through 20	75.0	...	65.0	...	7
		1.001–2.000	up through 20	75.0	...	65.0	...	7
		2.001–3.000	up through 20	74.0	...	64.0	...	7
3.001–4.000	up through 20	74.0	...	63.0	...	7		
Alloy 7116								
T5	0.125–0.500	all	48.0	...	42.0	...	8	
Alloy 7129								
T5, T6	up through 0.500	all	55.0	...	49.0	...	9	
Alloy 7178 ^E								
O	all	up through 32	...	40.0	...	24.0	10	
		up through 0.061	up through 20	82.0	...	76.0	...	...
T6 T6510 ^F T6511 ^F	} {	0.062–0.249	up through 20	84.0	...	76.0	...	5
		0.250–1.499	up through 25	87.0	...	78.0	...	5
		1.500–2.499	up through 25 over 25 through 32	86.0 84.0	...	77.0 75.0	...	5 5
		2.500–2.999	up through 32	82.0	...	71.0	...	5
T62 ^G	} {	up through 0.061	up through 20	79.0	...	73.0	...	5
		0.062–0.249	up through 20	82.0	...	74.0	...	5
		0.250–1.499	up through 25	86.0	...	77.0	...	5
		1.500–2.499	up through 25 over 25 through 32	86.0 84.0	...	77.0 75.0	...	5 5
		2.500–2.999	up through 32	82.0	...	71.0	...	5
T76 T76510 ^F T76511 ^F	} {	0.125–0.249	up through 20	76.0	...	66.0	...	7
0.250–0.499		up through 20	77.0	...	67.0	...	7	
0.500–1.000		up through 20	77.0	...	67.0	...	7	

^AThe basis for establishment of tensile property limits is shown in Annex A1.

^BTo determine conformance to this specification, each value shall be rounded to the nearest 0.1 ksi for strength and nearest 0.5 % for elongation in accordance with the rounding-off-method of Practice E 29.

^CElongation of full-section and cut-out sheet-type specimens is measured in 2 in. Elongation of cut-out round specimens is measured in 4 × specimen diameter.

^DSee 8.1.1 and 8.1.2 for conditions under which measurements are not required.

^EThese alloys are also produced in the F temper for which no tensile properties are specified or guaranteed.

^FFor stress relieved tempers (T3510, T3511, T4510, T4511, T5510, T5511, T6510, T6511, T73510, T73511, T76510, T76511, T8510, T8511), characteristics and properties other than those specified may differ somewhat from the corresponding characteristics and properties of material in the basic tempers.

^GMaterial in the T42 and T62 tempers is not available from the material producers.

^HMinimum elongation for tube, 10 %.

^IMinimum yield strength for tube, 48.0 ksi.

^JMinimum yield strength for tube, 46.0 ksi.

^KYield strength is not applicable in tube.

^LOnly in tube form.

^MProperties not applicable to extruded tube over 2.999 in wall thickness.

3.1.4 *extruded tube*—an extruded hollow section, long in relation to its cross-sectional dimensions, which is symmetrical and is round, square, rectangular, hexagonal, octagonal, or elliptical with sharp or rounded corners, and has a uniform wall thickness except as affected by corner radii.

3.1.5 *alclad tube*—a composite tube product composed of an aluminum alloy core having on either the inside or outside surface a metallurgically bonded aluminum or aluminum alloy coating that is anodic to the core, thus electrolytically protecting the core against corrosion.

3.1.6 *wire*—a solid section long in relation to its cross-sectional dimensions, having a cross section that is round, hexagonal, or octagonal and whose diameter, width, or greatest distance between parallel faces is less than 3/8 in., or having a symmetrical cross section that is square or rectangular (excluding flattened wire) with sharp or rounded corners or edges.

3.1.7 *producer*—the primary manufacturer of the material.

3.1.8 *supplier*—includes only the category of jobbers and distributors as distinct from producers.

3.2 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:*

3.2.1 *capable of*—The term *capable of* as used in this specification means that the test need not be performed by the producer of the material. However, should subsequent testing by the purchaser establish that the material does not meet these requirements, the material shall be subject to rejection.

4. Ordering Information

4.1 Orders for material to this specification shall include the following information:

4.1.1 This specification designation (which includes the number, the year, and the revision letter, if applicable),

4.1.2 Quantity in pieces or pounds,

4.1.3 Alloy (Section 7 and Table 1),

4.1.4 Temper (Section 8 and Table 2),

4.1.5 Nominal cross-sectional dimensions as follows:

4.1.5.1 For rod and round wire—diameter,

4.1.5.2 For square-cornered bar and wire—depth and width,

4.1.5.3 For sharp-cornered hexagonal or octagonal bar and wire—distance across flats.

4.1.5.4 For round tube—outside or inside diameter and wall thickness,

4.1.5.5 For square or sharp-cornered tube other than round—distance across flats and wall thickness,

4.1.5.6 For round-cornered bars, profiles, tube other than round, square, rectangular, hexagonal, or octagonal with sharp corners—drawing required,

4.1.6 Length,

4.2 Additionally, orders for material to this specification shall include the following information when required by the purchaser:

4.2.1 Whether heat treatment in accordance with Practice B 918 is required (9.2),

4.2.2 Whether ultrasonic inspection is required (Section 17, Table 3),

4.2.3 Whether inspection or witness of inspection and tests by the purchaser's representative is required prior to material shipment (Section 18),

4.2.4 Whether certification is required (Section 22),

4.2.5 Whether marking for identification is required (Section 20), and whether marking of lot number for alloys 2014 and 2024 in the T3- and T4-type tempers and alloys 6061 in the T6-type tempers is required (20.2),

4.2.6 Whether Practices B 660 applies and, if so, the levels of preservation, packaging, and packing required (21.3), and

4.2.7 Requirements for tensile property and dimensional tolerance for sizes not specifically covered (8.1.3 and 15.1.1).

5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 The products covered by this specification shall be produced by the hot extrusion method or by similar methods at the option of the producer, provided that the resulting products comply with the requirements in this specification.

6. Quality Assurance

6.1 *Responsibility for Inspection and Tests*—Unless otherwise specified in the contract or purchase order, the producer is responsible for the performance of all inspection and test requirements specified herein. The producer may use his own or any other suitable facilities for the performance of the inspection and test requirements specified herein, unless disapproved by the purchaser in the order or at the time of contract signing. The purchaser shall have the right to perform any of the inspections and tests set forth in this specification where such inspections are deemed necessary to ensure that material conforms to prescribed requirements.

6.2 *Lot Definition*—An inspection lot shall be defined as follows:

6.2.1 For heat-treated tempers, an inspection lot shall consist of an identifiable quantity of material of the same mill

TABLE 3 Ultrasonic Discontinuity Limits for Extruded Bar and Profiles^A

Alloy	Thickness, ^B in.	Weight, max per Piece, lb	Max Width: Thickness Ratio	Discontinuity Class ^C
2014	0.500 and over	600	10:1	B
2024				
2219				
7075	0.500–1.499	600	10:1	B
7178					1,500 and over	600	10:1	A

^ADiscontinuities in excess of those listed in this table shall be allowed, subject to the approval of the procuring activity, if it is established that they will be removed by machining or that they are in noncritical areas.

^BThe thickness of any element of a profile shall be deemed to be the smallest dimension of that element and the discontinuity class applicable to that particular thickness shall apply to that element of the profile.

^CThe discontinuity class limits are defined in Section 11 of Practice B 594.

form, alloy, temper, and nominal dimensions traceable to a heat-treat lot or lots, and subjected to inspection at one time.

6.2.2 For nonheat-treated tempers, an inspection lot shall consist of an identifiable quantity of material of the same mill form, alloy, temper, and nominal dimensions subjected to inspection at one time.

7. Chemical Composition

7.1 *Limits*—The material shall conform to the chemical composition limits in Table 1. Conformance shall be determined by analyzing samples taken when the ingots are poured, or samples taken from the finished or semifinished product. If the chemical composition has been determined during the course of manufacture, analysis of the finished product shall not be required.

NOTE 3—It is standard practice in the United States aluminum industry to determine conformance to the chemical composition limits prior to further processing of ingots into wrought products. Due to the continuous nature of the process, it is not practical to keep a specific ingot analysis identified with a specific quantity of finished material.

7.2 Number of Samples:

7.2.1 The number of samples taken for determination of chemical composition shall be as follows:

7.2.1.1 When samples are taken at the time the ingots are poured, at least one sample shall be taken for each group of ingots poured simultaneously from the same source of molten metal.

7.2.1.2 When samples are taken from the finished or semifinished product, a sample shall be taken to represent each 4000 lb, or fraction thereof, in the lot, except that not more than one sample shall be required per piece.

7.3 Methods of Sampling:

7.3.1 Samples for determination of chemical composition shall be taken in accordance with one of the following methods:

7.3.1.1 Samples for chemical analysis shall be taken from the material by drilling, sawing, milling, turning, or clipping a representative piece or pieces to obtain a prepared sample of not less than 75 g. Sampling shall be in accordance with Practice E 55.

7.3.1.2 Sampling for spectrochemical analysis shall be in accordance with Practices E 716. Samples for other methods of analysis shall be suitable for the form of material being analyzed and the type of analytical method used.

NOTE 4—It is difficult to obtain a reliable analysis of each of the components of clad materials using material in its finished state. A reasonably accurate determination of the core composition can be made if the cladding is substantially removed prior to analysis. The cladding composition is more difficult to determine because of the relatively thin layer and because of diffusion of core elements to the cladding. The correctness of cladding alloy used can usually be verified by a combination of metallographic examination and spectrochemical analysis of the surface at several widely separated points.

7.4 *Methods of Analysis*—The determination of chemical composition shall be made in accordance with suitable chemical (Test Methods E 34) or spectrochemical (Test Methods E 227, E 607, and E 1251) methods. Other methods may be used only when no published ASTM test method is available.

In case of dispute, the methods of analysis shall be agreed upon between the producer and purchaser.

8. Tensile Properties of Material from the Producer

8.1 *Limits*—The material shall conform to the tensile property requirements specified in Table 2.

8.1.1 The elongation requirements shall not be applicable to the following:

8.1.1.1 Material of such dimensions that a standard test specimen cannot be taken in accordance with Test Methods B 557, and of such a profile that it cannot be satisfactorily tested in full section.

8.1.1.2 Material thinner than 0.062 in.

8.1.1.3 Wire less than 0.125 in. in diameter.

8.1.2 The measurement for yield strength is not required for wire less than 0.125 in. in diameter.

8.1.3 Tensile property limits for sizes not covered in Table 2 shall be as agreed upon between the producer and purchaser and shall be so specified in the contract or purchase order.

8.2 Number of Specimens:

8.2.1 For material having a nominal weight of less than 1 lb/linear ft, one tension test specimen shall be taken for each 1000 lb or fraction thereof in the lot.

8.2.2 For material having a nominal weight of 1 lb or more per linear foot, one tension test specimen shall be taken for each 1000 ft or fraction thereof in the lot.

8.2.3 Other procedures for selecting samples may be employed if agreed upon between the producer or supplier and the purchaser.

8.3 Geometry of test specimens and the location in the product from which they are taken shall be as specified in Test Methods B 557.

8.4 *Test Methods*—The tension tests shall be made in accordance with Test Methods B 557.

8.5 *Retests*—When there is evidence that the test specimen is defective or is not representative of the lot of material, retesting may be performed in accordance with Sections 8 and 9 of Test Methods B 557.

9. Heat Treatment

9.1 Producer and supplier heat treatment for the production of T1 and T5-type tempers shall be in accordance with Practice B 807, and for the production of T3, T4, T6, T7, and T8-type tempers, except as noted in 9.3 or otherwise specified in 9.2, shall be in accordance with AMS 2772.

9.2 When specified, heat treatment for the production of T3, T4, T6, T7, and T8-type tempers shall be in accordance with Practice B 918.

9.3 Alloys 6061, 6063, 6162, 6463, and 6351 may be solution heat-treated and quenched at the extrusion press in accordance with Practice B 807 for the production of T4 and T6-type tempers, as applicable.

10. Producer Confirmation of Heat-Treat Response

10.1 In addition to the requirements of Section 8, material in alloys 2014, 2024, and 6061 produced in the O or F temper (within the size limits specified in Table 2) shall, after proper solution heat treatment and natural aging for not less than 4

days at room temperature, conform to the properties specified in Table 2 for T42 temper material. The heat-treated sample may be tested prior to 4 days natural aging but if they fail to conform to the T42 temper properties, the test may be repeated after completion of 4 days natural aging without prejudice.

10.2 Alloys 2219, 7075, and 7178 material produced in the O or F temper, (within the size limits specified in Table 2) shall, after proper solution heat treatment and precipitation heat treatment, conform to the properties specified in Table 2 for T62 temper material.

10.3 *Number of Specimens*—The number of specimens from each lot of O temper material and F temper material to be tested to verify conformance with 10.1 and 10.2 shall be as specified in 8.2.

11. Heat Treatment and Reheat-Treatment Capability

11.1 As-received material in the O or F temper in alloys 2014, 2024, and 6061 (within the size limitations specified in Table 2 and without the imposition of cold work) shall be capable of conforming to the properties specified in Table 2 for T42 temper, upon being properly solution heat-treated and naturally aged for not less than 4 days at room temperature.

11.2 As-received material in the O and F tempers in alloys 2219, 7075, and 7178 (within the size limitations specified in Table 2 and without the imposition of cold work) shall be capable of conforming to the properties specified in Table 2 for the T62 temper, upon being properly solution and precipitation heat-treated.

11.3 Material in alloys and tempers 2014-T4, T4510, T4511, T6, T6510, and T6511, and 2024-T3, T3510, T3511, T81, T8510, and T8511 shall be capable of conforming to the properties specified in Table 2 for the T42 temper, upon being

properly resolution heat-treated and naturally aged for not less than 4 days at room temperature.

NOTE 5—Beginning with the 1975 revision, 6061-T4, T6, T4510, T4511, T6510, and T6511 were deleted from 11.3 because experience has shown the reheat-treated material tends to develop large recrystallized grains and may fail to develop the tensile properties shown in Table 2.

11.4 Alloy 2219 in the T31, T3510, T3511, T81, T8510, and T8511 tempers, and alloys 7075 and 7178 in the T6, T651, T6510, and T6511 tempers shall be capable of conforming to the properties specified in Table 2 for the T62 temper, upon being properly resolution heat-treated and precipitation heat-treated.

11.5 Material in T3/T31, T3510, T3511, T4, T4510, and T4511 tempers shall be capable of conforming, upon being properly precipitation heat-treated, to the properties specified in Table 2 for the T81, T8510, T8511, T6, T6510, and T6511 tempers, respectively.

12. Stress-Corrosion Resistance

12.1 Alloy 7075 in the T73 and T76-type tempers and alloy 7178 in the T76-type tempers shall be capable of exhibiting no evidence of stress-corrosion cracking when subjected to the test specified in 12.2.

12.1.1 For lot-acceptance purposes, resistance to stress-corrosion cracking for each lot of material shall be established by testing the previously selected tension-test samples to the criteria shown in Table 4.

12.1.2 For surveillance purposes, each month the producer shall perform at least one test for stress corrosion resistance on each applicable alloy-temper, for each thickness range 0.750 in. and over produced that month. Each sample shall be taken

TABLE 4 Lot Acceptance Criteria for Resistance to Stress Corrosion and Exfoliation Corrosion

Alloy and Temper	Lot Acceptance Criteria		Lot Acceptance Status
	Electrical Conductivity, % IACS ^A	Level of Mechanical Properties	
7075-T73, T73510, and T73511	40.0 or greater	per specified requirements	acceptable
	38.0 through 39.9	per specified requirements and yield strength does not exceed minimum by more than 11.9 ksi	acceptable
	38.0 through 39.9	per specified requirements but yield strength exceeds minimum by 12.0 ksi or more	unacceptable ^B
7075-T76, T76510, and T76511	less than 38.0	any level	unacceptable ^B
	38.0 or greater	per specified requirements	acceptable
	36.0 through 37.9	per specified requirements	unacceptable ^B
7178-T76, T76510, and T76511	less than 36.0	any level	unacceptable ^B
	38.0 or greater	per specified requirements	acceptable
	35.0 through 37.9	per specified requirements	unacceptable ^B
	less than 35.0	any level	unacceptable ^B

^A Sampling for electrical conductivity tests shall be the same as for tensile tests as specified in 8.2. Test specimens may be prepared by machining a flat, smooth surface of sufficient width for proper testing. For small sizes of tubes, a cut-out portion may be flattened and the conductivity determined on the surface. Chemical milling may be used on flat surface samples. The electrical conductivity shall be determined in accordance with Practice E 1004 in the following locations:

^B When material is found to be unacceptable, it shall be reprocessed (additional precipitation heat treatment or re-solution heat treatment, stress relieving, straightening, and precipitation heat treatment, when applicable).

Section thickness, in.		Location
over	through	
...	0.100	surface of tension sample
0.100	0.500	subsurface after removal of approximately 10 % of the thickness
0.500	1.500	subsurface at approximate center of section thickness, on a plane parallel to the longitudinal center line of the material
1.500	...	subsurface on tension-test specimen surface that is closest to the center of the section thickness and on a plane parallel to the extrusion surface

from material considered acceptable in accordance with the lot-acceptance criteria of Table 4. A minimum of three adjacent replicate specimens shall be taken from each sample and tested. The producer shall maintain records of all lots so tested and make them available for examination at the producer's facility.

12.2 The stress-corrosion cracking test shall be performed on material 0.750 in. and over in thickness as follows:

12.2.1 Specimens shall be stressed in tension in the short transverse direction with respect to grain flow and held at constant strain. The stress level shall be 75 % of the specified minimum yield strength for T73-type tempers and 25 ksi for T76-type tempers.

12.2.2 The stress-corrosion test shall be made in accordance with Test Method G 47.

12.2.3 There shall be no visual evidence of stress-corrosion cracking in any specimen, except that the retest provisions of 19.2 shall apply.

13. Exfoliation-Corrosion Resistance

13.1 Alloys 7075 and 7178 in the T76, T76510, and T76511 tempers shall be capable of exhibiting no evidence of exfoliation corrosion equivalent to or in excess of that illustrated by Category B in Fig. 2 of Test for Exfoliation Corrosion Susceptibility in 7xxx Series Copper-Containing Aluminum Alloys (EXCO Test) (G 34-72) when tested in accordance with 13.1.1.

13.1.1 For surveillance purposes, each month at least one exfoliation-corrosion test shall be performed for each size range of extrusions produced during that month. The test shall be in accordance with Test for Exfoliation Corrosion Susceptibility in 7xxx Series Copper-Containing Aluminum Alloys (EXCO Test) (G 34-72) on material considered acceptable in accordance with lot-acceptance criteria of Table 4. Specimens shall be selected at random and shall be, if possible, a minimum of 2 by 4 in. with the 4-in. dimension in a plane parallel to the direction of extrusion. The test location shall be in accordance with that specified in Table 4. The producer shall maintain records of all surveillance test results and make them available for examination at the producer's facility.

13.2 For lot-acceptance purposes, resistance to exfoliation corrosion for each lot of material in the alloys and tempers listed in 13.1 shall be established by testing the previously selected tension-test samples to the criteria shown in Table 4.

14. Cladding

14.1 The aluminum-alloy cladding on clad tube shall comprise the inside surface (only) of the tube and its thickness shall be approximately 10 % of the total wall thickness.

14.2 When the cladding thickness is to be determined on finished tube, transverse cross sections of at least three tubes from the lot shall be polished for examination with a metallogical microscope. Using a 100× magnification, the cladding thickness at four points 90° apart in each sample shall be measured and the average of the 12 measurements shall be taken as the thickness. For a tube having a diameter larger than can be properly mounted for polishing and examination, the portions of the cross section polished for examination may consist of an arc about ½ in. in length.

15. Dimensional Tolerances

15.1 *Dimensions*—Variations from the specified dimensions for the type of material ordered shall not exceed the permissible variations prescribed in the tables of ANSI H35.2 (see Table 5).

15.1.1 Dimensional tolerances for sizes not covered in ANSI H35.2 shall be agreed upon between the producer and purchaser and shall be specified in the contract or purchase order.

15.2 *Sampling for Inspection*—Examination for dimensional conformance shall be made to ensure conformance to the tolerance specified.

16. General Quality

16.1 Unless otherwise specified the extruded bar, rod, wire, profile, and tube shall be supplied in the mill finish and shall be uniform as defined by the requirements of this specification and shall be commercially sound. Any requirement not so covered is subject to negotiation between the producer and purchaser.

16.2 Each bar, rod, wire, profile, or tube shall be examined to determine conformance to this specification with respect to general quality and identification marking. On approval of the purchaser, however, the producer or the supplier may use a system of statistical quality control for such examination.

17. Internal Quality

17.1 When specified by the purchaser at the time of placing the contract or order, each bar or profile 0.500 in. or greater in thickness or smallest dimension, in alloys 2014, 2024, 2219,

TABLE 5 Tables of ANSI H35.2

Table No.	Title
10.1	Cross-Sectional Dimensions: Wire, Rod, Bar & Profiles Except for Profiles in T3510, T4510, T6510, T73510, T76510 and T8510 Tempers
10.2	Length: Wire, Rod, Bar and Profiles
10.3	Straightness: Rod, Bar and Profiles
10.4	Twist: Bar and Profiles
10.5	Flatness: Flat Surfaces
10.6	Flatness: Flat Surfaces, Hollow Profiles Except for O, T3510, T4510, T6510, T73510, T76510 and T8510 Tempers
10.7	Surface Roughness: Wire, Rod, Bar and Profiles
10.8	Contour (Curved Surfaces): Profiles Except for O, T3510, T4510, T6510, T73510, T76510 and T8510 Tempers
10.9	Squareness of Cut Ends: Wire, Rod, Bar and Profiles
10.10	Corner and Fillet Radii: Bar and Profiles
10.11	Angularity: Bar and Profiles Except for O, T3510, T4510, T6510, T73510, T76510, and T8510 Tempers
12.1	Diameter Round Tube Except for T3510, T4510, T6510, T73510, T76510 and T8510 Tempers
12.2	Width and Depth: Square, Rectangular, Hexagonal, Octagonal Tube Except for T3510, T4510, T6510, T73510, T76510 and T8510 Tempers
12.3	Wall Thickness: Round Tube
12.4	Wall Thickness: Other Than Round Tube
12.5	Length Extruded Tube
12.6	Twist: Other Than Round Tube
12.7	Straightness: Tube in Straight Lengths
12.8	Flatness: Flat Surfaces
12.9	Squareness of Cut Ends: Extruded Tube
12.10	Corner and Fillet Radii: Tube Other Than Round
12.11	Angularity: Tube Other Than Round
12.12	Surface Roughness: Extruded Tube
12.13	Dents: Extruded Tube

7075, and 7178 shall be tested ultrasonically in accordance with Practice B 594 to the discontinuity acceptance limits of Table 3.

18. Source Inspection

18.1 If the purchaser desires that his representative inspect or witness the inspection and testing of the material prior to shipment, such agreement shall be made by the purchaser and the producer or supplier as part of the purchase contract.

18.2 When such inspection or witness of inspection and testing is agreed upon, the producer or supplier shall afford the purchaser's representative all reasonable facilities to satisfy him that the material meets the requirements of this specification. Inspection and tests shall be conducted so there is no unnecessary interference with the producer's or supplier's operations.

19. Retest and Rejection

19.1 If any material fails to conform to all of the applicable requirements of this specification, it shall be cause for rejection of the inspection lot.

19.2 When there is evidence that a failed specimen was not representative of the inspection lot and when no other sampling plan is provided or approved by the purchaser through the contract or purchase order, at least two additional specimens shall be selected to replace each test specimen that failed. All specimens so selected for retest shall meet the requirements of the specification or the lot shall be subject to rejection.

19.3 Material in which defects are discovered subsequent to inspection may be rejected.

19.4 If material is rejected by the purchaser, the producer or supplier is responsible only for replacement of the material to the purchaser. As much as possible of the rejected material shall be returned to the producer or supplier by the purchaser.

20. Identification Marking of Product

20.1 When specified in the contract or purchase order, all material shall be marked in accordance with Practice B 666/ B 666M.

20.2 In addition, alloys 2014, 2024, 2219, 7075, and 7178 in the T6-, T73-, T76-, and T8-type tempers and, when specified, alloys 2014, 2024, and 6061 in the T3- and T4-type tempers and alloy 6061 in the T6-type tempers shall also be marked with the lot number in at least one location on each piece.

20.3 The requirements specified in 20.1 and 20.2 are minimum; marking systems that involve added information, larger characters, and greater frequencies are acceptable under this specification and shall be agreed upon between the producer and purchaser.

21. Packaging and Package Marking

21.1 The material shall be packaged to provide adequate protection during normal handling and transportation and each package shall contain only one size, alloy, and temper of material unless otherwise agreed upon. The type of packing and gross weight of containers shall, unless otherwise agreed upon, be at the producer or supplier's discretion, provided they are such as to ensure acceptance by common or other carriers for safe transportation at the lowest rate to the delivery point.

21.2 Each shipping container shall be marked with the purchase order number, material size, specification number, alloy and temper, gross and net weights, and the producer's name or trademark.

21.3 When specified in the contract or purchase order, material shall be preserved, packaged, and packed in accordance with the requirements of Practices B 660. The applicable level shall be as specified in the contract or order. Marking for shipment of such material shall be in accordance with Fed. Std. No. 123 for civil agencies and MIL-STD-129 for Military agencies.

22. Certification

22.1 The producer or supplier shall, on request, furnish to the purchaser a certificate stating that each lot has been sampled, tested, and inspected in accordance with this specification and has met the requirements.

23. Keywords

23.1 aluminum alloy; extruded bars; extruded rods; extruded profiles; extruded tubes; extruded wire

ANNEXES

(Mandatory Information)

A1. BASIS FOR INCLUSION OF PROPERTY LIMITS

A1.1 Limits are established at a level at which a statistical evaluation of the data indicates that 99 % of the population obtained from all standard material meets the limit with 95 % confidence. For the products described, mechanical property limits for the respective size ranges are based on the analyses of at least 100 data from standard production material with no

more than ten data from a given lot. All tests are performed in accordance with the appropriate ASTM test methods. For informational purposes, refer to "Statistical Aspects of Mechanical Property Assurance" in the Related Material section of the *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 02.02.

A2. ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA FOR INCLUSION OF NEW ALUMINUM AND ALUMINUM ALLOYS IN THIS SPECIFICATION

A2.1 Prior to acceptance for inclusion in this specification, the composition of wrought or cast aluminum or aluminum alloy shall be registered in accordance with ANSI H35.1. The Aluminum Association¹² holds the Secretariat of ANSI H35 Committee and administers the criteria and procedures for registration.

A2.2 If it is documented that the Aluminum Association could not or would not register a given composition, an alternative procedure and the criteria for acceptance shall be as follows:

A2.2.1 The designation submitted for inclusion does not utilize the same designation system as described in ANSI H35.1. A designation not in conflict with other designation systems or a trade name is acceptable.

A2.2.2 The aluminum or aluminum alloy has been offered for sale in commercial quantities within the prior twelve months to at least three identifiable users.

A2.2.3 The complete chemical composition limits are submitted.

A2.2.4 The composition is, in the judgment of the responsible subcommittee, significantly different from that of any other aluminum or aluminum alloy already in the specification.

A2.2.5 For codification purposes, an alloying element is any element intentionally added for any purpose other than grain refinement and for which minimum and maximum limits are specified. Unalloyed aluminum contains a minimum of 99.00 % aluminum.

A2.2.6 Standard limits for alloying elements and impurities are expressed to the following decimal places:

Less than 0.001 %	0.000X
0.001 to but less than 0.01 %	0.00X
0.01 to but less than 0.10 %	
Unalloyed aluminum made by a refining process	0.0XX
Alloys and unalloyed aluminum not made by a refining process 0.10 through 0.55 %	0.0X
(It is customary to express limits of 0.30 through 0.55 % as 0.X0 or 0.X5.)	0.XX
Over 0.55 %	0.X, X.X, etc.
(except that combined Si + Fe limits for 99.00 % minimum aluminum must be expressed as 0.XX or 1.XX)	

A2.2.7 Standard limits for alloying elements and impurities are expressed in the following sequence: Silicon; Iron; Copper; Manganese; Magnesium; Chromium; Nickel; Zinc (Note A2.1); Titanium; Other Elements, Each; Other Elements, Total; Aluminum (Note A2.2).

NOTE A2.1—Additional specified elements having limits are inserted in alphabetical order of their chemical symbols between zinc and titanium, or are specified in footnotes.

NOTE A2.2—Aluminum is specified as *minimum* for unalloyed aluminum and as a *remainder* for aluminum alloys.

¹² The Aluminum Association, 900 19th Street, NW, Washington, DC 20006.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

This section identifies the principal changes to this standard that have been incorporated since the last issue.

- (1) Replaced Practice B 597 with Practice B 918 in 2.2, 4.2.1 and 9.2.
- (2) Replaced MIL-H-6088 with AMS 2772 in 2.6 and 9.1.

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