

Designation: B 316/B 316M - 02

Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Rivet and Cold-Heading Wire and Rods¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B 316/B 316M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope *

1.1 This specification covers wire and rod in the alloys (Note 1) shown in Table 1 and the tempers shown in Table 2 [Table 3] and Table 4 [Table 5], suitable for manufacturing rivets and other similar items by cold-heading operations.

Note 1—Throughout this specification the use of the term *alloy* in the general sense includes aluminum as well as aluminum alloy.

Note 2—For rolled or cold-finished wire and rod, see Specification B 211, and for extruded wire and rod, see Specification B 221.

- 1.2 Alloy and temper designations are in accordance with ANSI H35.1 [H35.1M]. The equivalent Unified Numbering System alloy designations are those of Table 1 preceded by A9, for example, A91100 for aluminum 1100 in accordance with Practice E 527.
- 1.3 For acceptance criteria for inclusion of new aluminum and aluminum alloys in this specification, see Annex A2.
- 1.4 The values stated in either inch-pound or SI units are to be regarded separately as standard. The SI units are shown either in brackets or in separate tables. The values stated in each system are not exact equivalents; therefore, each system must be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems will result in nonconformance with the specification.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 The following documents of the issue in effect on date of material purchase form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein:
 - 2.2 ASTM Standards:
 - B 211 Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Bar, Rod, and Wire²
 - B 221 Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Profiles and Tubes²
 - B 557 Test Methods of Tension Testing Wrought and Cast Aluminum- and Magnesium-Alloy Products²
- ¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B07 on Light Metals and Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B07.03 on Aluminum Alloy Wrought Products.
- Current edition approved Oct. 10, 2002. Published January 2003. Originally approved in 1957. Last previous edition approved in 2000 as B 316/B 316M-00.
 - ² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 02.02.

- B 557M Test Methods of Tension Testing Wrought and Cast Aluminum- and Magnesium-Alloy Products [Metric]²
- B 565 Test Method for Shear Testing of Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Rivets and Cold-Heading Wire and Rods²
- B 660 Practices for Packaging/Packing of Aluminum and Magnesium Products²
- B 666/B 666M Practice for Identification Marking of Aluminum and Magnesium Products²
- B 918 Practice for Heat Treatment of Wrought Aluminum $Allovs^2$
- E 29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications³
- E 34 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Base Alloys⁴
- E 55 Practice for Sampling Wrought Nonferrous Metals and Alloys for Determination of Chemical Composition⁴
- E 227 Test Method for Optical Emission Spectrometric Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys by the Point-to-Plane Technique⁴
- E 527 Practice for Numbering Metals and Alloys (UNS)⁵
- E 607 Test Method for Optical Emission Spectrometric Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys by the Point-to-Plane Technique, Nitrogen Atmosphere⁴
- E 716 Practices for Sampling Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys for Spectrochemical Analysis⁴
- E 1004 Practice for Determining Electrical Conductivity Using Electromagnetic (Eddy-Current) Method⁶
- E 1251 Test Method for Optical Emission Spectrometric Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys by the Argon Atmosphere, Point-to-Plane, Unipolar Self-Initiating Capacitor Discharge⁴
- 2.3 ANSI Standards:
- H35.1 Alloy and Temper Designation Systems for Aluminum²
- H35.1M Alloy and Temper Designation Systems for Aluminum [Metric]

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 14.02.

⁴ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.05.

⁵ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.01.

⁶ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.03.

- H35.2 Dimensional Tolerances for Aluminum Mill Products²
- H35.2M Dimensional Tolerances for Aluminum Mill Products [Metric]
- 2.4 Military Standard:
- MIL-STD-129 Marking for Shipment and Storage⁷
- 2.5 AMS Specification:
- AMS 2772 Heat Treatment of Aluminum Alloy Raw Materials⁸
- 2.6 Federal Standard:
- Fed. Std. No. 123 Marking for Shipment (Civil Agencies)⁷

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions:
- 3.1.1 *rod*—a solid product 0.375 in. or greater [over 10 mm] in diameter, that is long in relation to cross section.
- 3.1.2 *cold-heading rod*—rod of a quality suitable for use in the manufacture of cold-headed products such as rivets and bolts.
 - 3.1.3 rivet rod—see cold-heading rod.
- 3.1.4 *wire*—a solid wrought product that is long in relation to its cross section, which is square or rectangular with sharp or rounded corners or edges, or is round, a regular hexagon, or a regular octagon, and whose diameter or greatest perpendicular distances between parallel faces (except for flattened wire) is less than 0.375 in. [up through 10 mm]
- 3.1.5 cold-heading wire—wire of a quality suitable for use in the manufacture of cold-headed products such as rivets and holts
 - 3.1.6 rivet wire—see cold-heading wire.
 - 3.1.7 *producer*—the primary manufacturer of the material.
- 3.1.8 *supplier*—includes only the category of jobbers and distributors as distinct from producers.
 - 3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.2.1 *capable of*—The term *capable of* as used in this specification means that the test need not be performed by the producer of the material. However, should subsequent testing by the purchaser establish that the material does not meet these requirements, the material shall be subject to rejection.

4. Ordering Information

- 4.1 Orders for material to this specification shall include the following information:
- Note 3—For inch-pound orders specify Specification B 316; for metric orders specify Specification B 316M. Do not mix units.
- 4.1.1 This specification designation (which includes the number, the year, and the revision letter, if applicable),
 - 4.1.2 Quantity in pieces or pounds [kilograms],
 - 4.1.3 Alloy (see 7.1),
 - 4.1.4 Temper (see 8.1),
 - 4.1.5 Diameter,
 - 4.1.6 Form-coiled or straight lengths,
- ⁷ Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, Bldg. 4 Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, Attn: NPODS.
- ⁸ Available from Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE), 400 Commonwealth Dr., Warrendale, PA 15096-0001.

- 4.2 Additionally, orders for material to this specification shall include the following information when required by the purchaser:
- 4.2.1 Whether inspection or witness of inspection and tests by the purchaser's representative is required prior to material shipment (Section 13),
 - 4.2.2 Whether certification is required (Section 15),
- 4.2.3 Whether marking for identification is required (Section 16), and
- 4.2.4 Whether Practices B 660 applies and, if so, the levels of preservation, packaging, and packing required (17.3).

5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 The products covered by this specification shall be produced by extruding, rolling, or drawing, or a combination thereof, at the option of the producer.

6. Responsibility for Quality Assurance

- 6.1 Responsibility for Inspection and Tests—Unless otherwise specified in the contract or purchase order, the producer is responsible for the performance of all inspection and test requirements specified herein. The producer may use his own or any other suitable facilities for the performance of the inspection and test requirements specified herein, unless disapproved by the purchaser in the order or at the time of contract signing. The purchaser shall have the right to perform any of the inspections and tests set forth in this specification where such inspections are deemed necessary to assure that material conforms to prescribed requirements.
- 6.2 Lot Definition— An inspection lot shall be defined as follows:
- 6.2.1 For heat-treated tempers, an inspection lot shall consist of an identifiable quantity of material of the same mill form, alloy, temper, and nominal diameter traceable to a heat-treat lot or lots, and subjected to inspection at one time.
- 6.2.2 For nonheat-treated tempers, an inspection lot shall consist of an identifiable quantity of material of the same mill form, alloy, temper, and nominal diameter subjected to inspection at one time.

7. Chemical Composition

- 7.1 Limits—The material shall conform to the chemical composition limits specified in Table 1. The producer shall determine conformance by analyzing samples taken when the ingots are poured, or by analyzing samples taken from the finished or semifinished product. If the producer has determined the chemical composition of the material during the course of manufacture, he shall not be required to sample and analyze the finished product.
- Note 4—It is standard practice in the United States aluminum industry to determine conformance to the chemical composition limits prior to further processing of ingots into wrought products. Due to the continuous nature of the process, it is not practical to keep a specific ingot analysis identified with a specific quantity of finished material.
- 7.2 *Number of Samples*—The number of samples taken for determination of chemical composition shall be as follows:

TABLE 1 Chemical Composition Limits^{A,B,C}

Alloy	Silicon	Iron	on Copper	Manganese	Magnesium	Chromium	Zinc	Titanium	Other Elements ^D		Alumainuma
Alloy								Hanium	Each	Total ^E	Aluminum
1100	0.95 Si	i + Fe	0.05-0.20	0.05			0.10		0.05	0.15	99.00 min ^F
2017	0.20-0.8	0.7	3.5-4.5	0.40-1.0	0.40-0.8	0.10	0.25	0.15	0.05	0.15	remainder
2024	0.50	0.50	3.8-4.9	0.30-0.9	1.2-1.8	0.10	0.25	0.15	0.05	0.15	remainder
2117	0.8	0.7	2.2-3.0	0.20	0.20-0.50	0.10	0.25		0.05	0.15	remainder
2219	0.20	0.30	5.8-6.8	0.20-0.40	0.02		0.10	0.02-0.10	0.05 ^{<i>G</i>}	0.15 ^{<i>G</i>}	remainder
3003	0.6	0.7	0.05-0.20	1.0-1.5			0.10		0.05	0.15	remainder
5005	0.30	0.7	0.20	0.20	0.50-1.1	0.10	0.25		0.05	0.15	remainder
5052	0.25	0.40	0.10	0.10	2.2-2.8	0.15-0.35	0.10		0.05	0.15	remainder
5056	0.30	0.40	0.10	0.05-0.20	4.5-5.6	0.05-0.20	0.10		0.05	0.15	remainder
6053	Н	0.35	0.10		1.1-1.4	0.15-0.35	0.10		0.05	0.15	remainder
6061	0.40-0.8	0.7	0.15-0.40	0.15	0.8-1.2	0.04-0.35	0.25	0.15	0.05	0.15	remainder
7050	0.12	0.15	2.0-2.6	0.10	1.9-2.6	0.04	5.7-6.7	0.06	0.05	0.15	remainder
7075	0.40	0.50	1.2-2.0	0.30	2.1-2.9	0.18-0.28	5.1-6.1	0.20	0.05	0.15	remainder
7178	0.40	0.50	1.6-2.4	0.30	2.4-3.1	0.18-0.28	6.3-7.3	0.20	0.05	0.15	remainder

^A Limits are in weight [mass] percent, maximum, unless shown as a range or stated otherwise.

- 7.2.1 When samples are taken at the time the ingots are poured, at least one sample shall be taken for each group of ingots poured simultaneously from the same source of molten metal.
- 7.2.2 When samples are taken from the finished or semifinished product, a sample shall be taken to represent each 4000 lb [2000 kg], or fraction thereof, in the lot. Only one sample shall be taken from any one piece.
- 7.3 *Methods of Sampling*—Samples for determination of chemical composition shall be taken in accordance with one of the following methods:
- 7.3.1 Samples for chemical analysis shall be taken from the material by drilling, sawing, milling, turning, or clipping a representative piece or pieces to obtain a prepared sample of not less than 75 g. Sampling shall be in accordance with Practice E 55.
- 7.3.2 Sampling for spectrochemical analysis shall be in accordance with Practices E 716. Samples for other methods of analysis shall be suitable for the form of material being analyzed and the type of analytical method used.
- 7.4 Methods of Analysis—The determination of chemical composition shall be made in accordance with suitable chemical (Test Methods E 34) or spectrochemical (Test Methods E 227, E 607, and E 1251) methods. Other methods may be used only when no published ASTM method is available. In case of dispute, the methods of analysis shall be agreed upon between the producer and the purchaser.

8. Mechanical Properties

8.1 *Tensile Properties of Material as Supplied*—The material shall conform to the tensile strength requirements specified in Table 2 [Table 3].

- 8.2 Mechanical Properties of Material after Heat Treatment—In addition to the requirements of 8.1, heat-treatable material ordered in the annealed or strain-hardened tempers and subsequently solution heat treated (T4) or solution and precipitation heat treated (T6, T61, T62, T7, or T73), shall conform to the requirements of Table 4 [Table 5] for either tensile strength or shear strength, at the producer's option. However, the material shall be capable of meeting both the tensile and shear strength requirements.
 - 8.3 *Number of Specimens*:
- 8.3.1 One tension test specimen shall be taken for each 1000 lb or fraction thereof in the lot to determine compliance with 8.1. Only one specimen shall be taken from any one piece.
- 8.3.2 The number of tests to determine compliance with 8.2 shall be the same as in 8.3.1.
 - 8.4 Test Methods:
- 8.4.1 The tension tests shall be made in accordance with Test Methods B 557 [B 557M].
- 8.4.2 The shear tests shall be made in accordance with Test Method B 565.

9. Heat Treatment

- 9.1 Unless specified in 9.2, producer or supplier heat treatment for the applicable tempers in Table 4 shall be in accordance with AMS 2772.
- 9.2 When specified, heat treatment for the applicable tempers in Table 4 shall be in accordance with Practice B 918.
- 9.3 Alloy 7277 rivets are hot driven only at metal temperatures between 850 and 975°F [455 and 525°C]. Producer confirmation of heat-treat response to the T62 temper requires solution heat treatment at a metal temperature of 860 to 920°F [460 to 495°C] for approximately 30 min, and then a two step

^B Analysis shall be made for the elements for which limits are shown in this table.

^C To determine conformance to these limits, an observed value or a calculated value obtained from analysis shall be rounded off to the nearest unit in the last right-hand place of figures used in expressing the specified limit, in accordance with the rounding off method of Practice E 29.

^DOthers includes listed elements for which no specific limit is shown as well as unlisted metallic elements. The producer may analyze samples for trace elements not specified in this specification. However, such analysis is not required and may not cover all metallic *Others* elements. Should any analysis by the producer or the purchaser establish that an *Others* element exceeds the limit of *Each* or that the aggregate of several *Others* elements exceeds the limit of *Total*, the material shall be considered nonconforming.

EOther Elements—Total shall be the sum of unspecified metallic elements 0.010 % or more, rounded to the second decimal before determining the sum.

F The aluminum content shall be calculated by subtracting from 100.00 % the sum of all the metallic elements present in amounts of 0.010 % or more each, rounded to the second decimal before determining the sum.

^G Vanadium, 0.05–0.15 %; zirconium, 0.10–0.25 %. The total for other elements does not include vanadium and zirconium.

^H 45 to 65 % of actual magnesium content.

¹ Zirconium 0.08–0.15 %. The total for other elements does not include zirconium.

TABLE 2 Tensile Property Limits (Inch-Pound Units) A,B

Alloy	Temper	Diameter, in.	Tensile Strength, ksi		
Alloy	remper	Diameter, in.	min	max	
1100	0	up through 1.000		15.5	
	H14	up through 1.000	16.0	21.0	
2017	Ο	up through 1.000		35.0	
	H13	up through 1.000	30.0	40.0	
2024	Ο	up through 1.000		35.0	
	H13	up through 1.000	32.0	42.0	
2117	Ο	up through 1.000		25.0	
	H15	up through 0.615	28.0	35.0	
	H13	0.616-1.000	25.0	32.0	
2219	H13	up through 1.000	28.0	38.0	
3003	Ο	up through 1.000		19.0	
	H14	up through 1.000	20.0	26.0	
5005	Ο	up through 1.000		20.0	
	H32	up through 1.000	17.0	23.0	
5052	Ο	up through 1.000		32.0	
	H32	up through 1.000	31.0	37.0	
5056	Ο	up through 1.000		46.0	
	H32	up through 1.000	44.0	52.0	
6053	Ο	up through 1.000		19.0	
	H13	up through 1.000	19.0	26.0	
6061	Ο	up through 1.000		22.0	
	H13	up through 1.000	22.0	30.0	
7050	Ο	up through 1.000		40.0	
	H13	up through 1.000	34.0	44.0	
7075	0	up through 1.000	•••	40.0	
	H13	up through 1.000	36.0	46.0	
7178	0	up through 1.000	•••	40.0	
	H13	up through 1.000	36.0	46.0	

^A To determine conformance to this specification, each value for tensile strength shall be rounded to the nearest 0.1 ksi in accordance with the rounding-off method of Practice E 29.

TABLE 3 Tensile Property Limits [SI Units]^{A,B}

A.U	T	Specified I	Diameter, mm	Tensile Strength, MPa		
Alloy	Temper	over	through	min	max	
1100	0		25.00		110	
	H14		25.00	110	145	
2017	0		25.00	•••	240	
	H13		25.00	205	275	
2024	0		25.00	•••	240	
	H13		25.00	220	290	
2117	0		25.00	•••	175	
	H15		16.00	190	240	
	H13	16.00	25.00	170	220	
2219	H13		25.00	190	260	
3003	0		25.00	135	130	
	H14		25.00	140	180	
5005	0		25.00	•••	140	
	H32		25.00	115	160	
5052	0		25.00	•••	220	
	H32		25.00	215	255	
5056	0		25.00		320	
	H32		25.00	300	360	
6053	0		25.00	•••	130	
	H13		25.00	130	180	
6061	0		25.00		155	
	H13		25.00	150	210	
7050	0		25.00	•••	275	
	H13		25.00	235	305	
7075	0		25.00		275	
	H13		25.00	245	320	
7178	0		25.00		275	
	H13		25.00	245	320	

^A To determine conformance to this specification, each value for tensile strength shall be rounded off to the nearest 1 MPa in accordance with the rounding-off method of Practice E 29.

precipitation heat treatment. The first step is a 4-h soaking time at a metal temperature of 210°F [100°C] followed by cooling

to room temperature, and the second step is an 8-h soaking time at $315^{\circ}F$ [$155^{\circ}C$] metal temperature.

^B See Annex A1 for basis of mechanical property limits.

^B The basis for establishment of mechanical property limits is shown in Annex A1.

TABLE 4 Mechanical Property Limits of Heat-Treatable Alloys (After Heat Treatment) (Inch-Pound Units)^{A,B}

Alloy	Temper	Diameter, in.	Tensile Strength min, ksi	Yield Strength ^C (0.2 % offset) min, ksi	Elongation $^{\mathcal{C}}$ in 2 in., or 4 $ imes$ Diameter min,%	Shear Strength min, ksi
2017	T4	0.063-1.000	55.0	32.0	12	33.0
2024	T42	0.063-0.124	62.0	•••		40.0
		0.125-1.000	62.0	40.0	10	37.0
2117	T4	0.063-1.000	38.0	18.0	18	26.0
2219	T6	0.063-1.000	55.0	35.0	6	30.0
6053	T61	0.063-1.000	30.0	20.0	14	20.0
6061	T6	0.063-1.000	42.0	35.0	10	25.0
7050	T7	0.063-1.000	70.0	58.0	10	39.0
7075	T6	0.063-1.000	77.0	66.0	7	42.0
7075	T73	0.063-1.000	68.0	56.0	10	41.0
7178	T6	0.063-1.000	84.0	73.0	5	46.0

^A To determine conformance to this specification, each value for tensile strength, yield strength, and shear strength shall be rounded off to the nearest 0.1 ksi, and each value for elongation shall be rounded to the nearest 0.5 %, both in accordance with the rounding-off method of Practice E 29.

TABLE 5 Mechanical Property Limits of Heat Treatable Alloys (After Heat Treatment) [SI Units]^{A,B}

Alloy	Temper —	Specified D	Specified Diameter, mm		Yield Strength ^C 0.2 % offset	Elongation ^C , min, % in 5 × Diameter	Shear Strength
7 tiloy	Tompor	over	through	Strength min,MPa	min, MPa	$5.65\sqrt{A}^{D}$	min, MPa
2017	T4	1.60	25.00	380	220	10	225
2024	T42	1.60	3.20	425			275
		3.20	25.00	425	275	10	255
2117	T4	1.60	25.00	260	125	16	180
2219	T6	1.60	25.00	380	240	5	205
6053	T61	1.60	25.00	205	135	12	135
6061	T6	1.60	25.00	290	240	9	170
7050	T7	1.60	25.00	485	400	9	270
7075	T6	1.60	25.00	530	455	6	290
7075	T73	1.60	25.00	470	385	9	280
7178	T6	1.60	25.00	580	500	4	315

^A To determine conformance to this specification, each value for tensile strength, yield strength, and shear strength shall be rounded off to the nearest 1 MPa and each value for elongation shall be rounded to the nearest 0.5 %, both in accordance with the rounding-off method of Practice E 29.

TABLE 6 Lot Acceptance Criteria for Resistance to Stress-Corrosion Lot Acceptance Criteria

Alley and Tomper	Electrical Conductivity ^A	Level of Machaniae Dropoutice	Lot Acceptance Status	
Alloy and Temper	%IACS	Level of Mechanical Properties		
7050-T7	41.0 and greater	per specified requirements	acceptable	
	40.0 through 40.9	per specified requirements and longitudinal yield strength does not exceed 69.0 ksi [475 MPa]	acceptable	
		per specified requirements but longitudinal yield strength exceeds 69.0 ksi		
	40.0 through 40.9	any level	unacceptable ^B	
	Less than 40.0		unacceptable ^B	
7075-T73	40.0 greater	per specified requirements	acceptable	
	38.0 through 39.9	per specified requirements and longitudinal yield strength does not exceed minimum by more than 11.9 ksi [82 MPa]	acceptable	
		per specified requirements but longitudinal yield strength exceeds minimum by 12 ksi or more [more than 82 MPa]		
	38.0 through 39.9	any level	unacceptable ^B	
	Less than 38.0		unacceptable ^B	

^A The electrical conductivity shall be determined on the surface of the tensile-test sample in accordance with Practice E 1004.

^B See Annex A1 for basis of mechanical property limits.

^C The measurement of elongation and yield strength is not required for wire less than 0.125 in. in diameter.

^B The basis for establishment of mechanical property limits is shown in Annex A1.

^C The measurement of elongation and yield strength is not required for wire 3.20 mm and less in diameter.

^D A is the cross-sectional area of the specimen.

^B When material is found to be unacceptable, it shall be reprocessed (additional precipitation heat treatment or re-solution heat treatment and precipitation heat treatment).

10. Stress-Corrosion Resistance

- 10.1 For lot acceptance purposes, resistance to stress-corrosion cracking for each lot of 7050-T7 and 7075-T73 material shall be established by testing the previously selected tension-test samples to the criteria shown in Table 6.
- 10.2 The producer shall maintain records of all lots so tested and make them available for examination at the producer's facility.

11. Dimensional Tolerances

11.1 Variations from the specified diameter, length, and straightness shall not exceed the permissible variations prescribed in Tables 9.3, 9.9, and 9.12 of ANSI H35.2. [H35.2M]

12. General Quality

12.1 Unless otherwise specified, the material shall be supplied in the mill finish and shall be uniform as defined by the requirements of this specification and shall be commercially sound. Any requirement not so covered is subject to negotiation between producer and purchaser.

13. Source Inspection

- 13.1 If the purchaser desires that his representative inspect or witness the inspection and testing of the material prior to shipment, such agreement shall be made by the purchaser and producer as part of the purchase contract.
- 13.2 When such inspection or witness of inspection and testing is agreed upon, the producer shall afford the purchaser's representative all reasonable facilities to satisfy him that the material meets the requirements of this specification. Inspection and tests shall be conducted so there is not unnecessary interference with the producer's operations.

14. Retest and Rejection

- 14.1 If any material fails to conform to all of the applicable requirements of this specification, it shall be cause for rejection of the inspection lot.
- 14.2 When there is evidence that a failed specimen was not representative of the inspection lot and when no other sampling plan is provided or approved by the purchaser through the contract or purchase order, at least two additional specimens shall be selected to replace each test specimen that failed. All specimens so selected for re-test shall meet the requirements of the specification or the lot shall be subject to rejection.

- 14.3 Material in which defects are discovered subsequent to inspection may be rejected.
- 14.4 If material is rejected by the purchaser, the producer or supplier is responsible only for replacement of the material to the purchaser. As much as possible of the rejected material shall be returned to the producer or supplier.

15. Certification

15.1 The producer or supplier shall, on request, furnish to the purchaser a certificate stating that each lot has been sampled, tested, and inspected in accordance with this specification, and has been found to meet the requirements.

16. Identification Marking of Product

- 16.1 When specified in the contract or purchase order all material shall be marked in accordance with Practice B 666/B 666M.
- 16.2 The requirements specified in 16.1 are minimum; marking systems that involve added information, larger characters, and greater frequencies are acceptable under this specification.

17. Packaging and Package Marking

- 17.1 The material shall be packaged to provide adequate protection during normal handling and transportation, and each package shall contain only one size, alloy, and temper of material unless otherwise agreed. The type of packing and gross weight of container shall, unless otherwise agreed upon, be at the producer's discretion, provided that they are such as to ensure acceptance by common or other carriers for safe transportation at the lowest rate to the delivery point.
- 17.2 Each shipping container shall be marked with the purchase order number, size of material, specification number, alloy and temper, gross and net weights, and the producer's name or trademark.
- 17.3 When specified in the contract or purchase order, material shall be preserved, packaged, and packed in accordance with the requirements of Practices B 660. The applicable levels shall be as specified in the contract or order. Marking for shipment of such material shall be in accordance with Fed. Std. No. 123 for civil agencies and MIL-STD-129 for military agencies.

18. Keywords

18.1 aluminum alloy; aluminum-alloy rivet; cold-heading rods; cold-heading wire

ANNEXES

(Mandatory Information)

A1. BASIS FOR INCLUSION OF PROPERTY LIMITS

A1.1 Limits are established at a level at which a statistical evaluation of the data indicates that 99 % of the population obtained from all standard material meets the limit with 95 % confidence. For the products described, mechanical property limits for the respective size ranges are based on the analyses of at least 100 data from standard production material with no

more than ten data from a given lot. All tests are performed in accordance with the appropriate ASTM test methods. For information purposes, refer to "Statistical Aspects of Mechanical Property Assurance" in the Related Material section of the *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 02.02.

A2. ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA FOR INCLUSION OF NEW ALUMINUM AND ALUMINUM ALLOYS IN THIS SPECIFICATION

- A2.1 Prior to acceptance for inclusion in this specification, the composition of wrought or cast aluminum or aluminum alloy shall be registered in accordance with ANSI H35.1 [H35.1M]. The Aluminum Association⁹ holds the Secretariat of ANSI H35 Committee and administers the criteria and procedures for registration.
- A2.2 If it is documented that the Aluminum Association could not or would not register a given composition, an alternative procedure and the criteria for acceptance shall be as follows:
- A2.2.1 The designation submitted for inclusion does not utilize the same designation system as described in ANSI H35.1. A designation not in conflict with other designation systems or a trade name is acceptable.
- A2.2.2 The aluminum or aluminum alloy has been offered for sale in commercial quantities within the prior twelve months to at least three identifiable users.
- A2.2.3 The complete chemical composition limits are submitted.
- A2.2.4 The composition is, in the judgment of the responsible subcommittee, significantly different from that of any other aluminum or aluminum alloy already in this specification.

- A2.2.5 For codification purposes, an alloying element is any element intentionally added for any purpose other than grain refinement and for which minimum and maximum limits are specified. Unalloyed aluminum contains a minimum of 99.00 % aluminum.
- A2.2.6 Standard limits for alloying elements and impurities are expressed to the following decimal places:

Less than 0.001 %	0.000X
0.001 to but less than 0.01 %	0.00X
0.01 to but less than 0.10 %	
Unalloyed aluminum made by a refining process	0.0XX
Alloys and unalloyed aluminum not made by a refining	0.0X
process 0.10 through 0.55 %	0.XX
(It is customary to express limits of 0.30 through 0.55 % as	
0.X0 or 0.X5.)	
Over 0.55 %	0.X, X.X, etc.
(except that combined Si + Fe limits for 99.00 % minimum	
aluminum must be expressed as 0.XX or 1.XX)	

A2.2.7 Standard limits for alloying elements and impurities are expressed in the following sequence: Silicon; Iron; Copper; Manganese; Magnesium; Chromium; Nickel; Zinc (Note A2.1); Titanium; Other Elements, Each; Other Elements, Total; Aluminum (Note A2.2).

Note A2.1—Additional specified elements having limits are inserted in alphabetical order of their chemical symbols between zinc and titanium, or are specified in footnotes.

Note A2.2—Aluminum is specified as *minimum* for unalloyed aluminum and as a *remainder* for aluminum alloys.

⁹ The Aluminum Association, 900 19th Street, NW, Washington, DC 20006.

Committee B07 has identified the location of selected changes to this standard since the last issue (B 316/B 316M–00) that may impact the use of this standard.

- (1) Replaced Practice B 597 with Practice B 918 in 2.2 and 9.2.
- (2) Replaced AMS-H-6088 with AMS 2772 in 2.5 and 9.1.

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