



Designation: D 994 – 98

Standard Specification for Preformed Expansion Joint Filler for Concrete (Bituminous Type)¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D 994; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers bituminous preformed expansion joint filler for use in concrete construction.

NOTE 1—Attention is called to ASTM Specifications D 1751 and D 1752.

1.2 The values stated in SI units shall be regarded as the standard.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

C 670 Practice for Preparing Precision and Bias Statements for Test Methods for Construction Materials²

D 545 Methods of Testing Preformed Expansion Joint Fillers for Concrete Construction (Nonextruding and Resilient Types)³

D 1751 Specification for Preformed Expansion Joint Filler for Concrete Paving and Structural Construction (Nonextruding and Resilient Bituminous Types)³

D 1752 Specification for Preformed Sponge Rubber and Cork Expansion Joint Fillers for Concrete Paving and Structural Construction³

3. Manufacture

3.1 This product shall consist of a bituminous (asphalt or tar) mastic composition, formed and encased between two layers of bituminous impregnated felt or two layers of glass-fiber felt. The mastic shall comprise mineral fillers and reinforcing fibers and may contain thin strips of reinforcing sheet material.

4. General Requirements

4.1 Preformed strips of expansion joint filler shall be of such character as not to be deformed or broken by ordinary handling when exposed to atmospheric conditions and shall not become brittle in cold weather. Pieces of the joint filler that have been damaged shall be rejected.

5. Properties

5.1 *Distortion at 52°C (125°F)*—The joint filler shall not show a deflection of more than 25 mm (1 in.) when tested in accordance with 8.2.1.

5.2 *Brittleness*—The joint filler shall not crack or shatter when tested in accordance with 8.2.2.

NOTE 2—Expansion joint filler having a nominal thickness of 6.4 mm (1/4 in.) or less shall not be subject to a requirement for brittleness.

5.3 *Water Absorption*—The water absorption of the joint filler, when tested in accordance with 8.2.3, shall not exceed the following values:

Nominal Thickness of Joint, mm (in.)	Absorption, max, weight %
25.4 (1)	2.5
19.1 (3/4)	3
12.7 (1/2)	4
9.5 (3/8)	5

NOTE 3—Expansion joint filler having a nominal thickness of less than 9.5 mm (3/8 in.) shall not be subject to a requirement for water absorption.

5.4 *Compression*—The load required to compress the test specimen to 50 % of its thickness before test shall not be less than nor more than the following values when the joint filler is tested in accordance with 8.2.4.

Nominal Thickness of Joint mm (in.)	Load Requirements, min-max. kPa (psi)
25.4 (1 in.)	690-5, 200 (100-754)
19.1 (3/4 in.)	690, 5, 800 (100-841)
12.7 (1/2 in.)	690-6, 400 (100-928)

NOTE 4—Expansion joint filler having a nominal thickness of less than 12.7 mm (1/2 in.) shall not be subject to a requirement for compression.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D-4 on Road and Paving Materials and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D04.33 on Formed-In-Place Sealants for Joints and Cracks in Pavements.

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² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 04.02.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 04.03.

6. Dimensions and Permissible Variations

6.1 The preformed strips shall conform to the dimensions specified or shown on the plans. Strips of the joint filler that do not conform to the specified dimensions, within the permissible variations of + 1.6 mm ($1/16$ in.) in thickness, ± 3.2 mm ($1/8$ in.) in depth, and ± 6.4 mm ($1/4$ in.) in length, shall be rejected.

7. Sampling

7.1 *Size of Sample*— Each sample shall consist of sufficient material to provide at least 3 test specimens measuring 51 by 152 mm (2 by 6 in.) and at least 1 test specimen measuring 102 by 102 mm (4 by 4 in.).

7.2 *Number of Samples*— One representative sample shall be selected from each shipment of 93 m² (1000 ft²) or fraction thereof of each thickness ordered.

7.3 Samples shall be packed for transportation in such a manner that there will be no danger of distortion or breakage.

8. Test Methods

8.1 *Significance and Use:*

8.1.1 The distortion and brittleness tests are used to determine the handling characteristic of the material. The water absorption and compression tests are used to determine the suitability of the material as an expansion joint filler.

8.2 *Procedures:*

8.2.1 *Distortion at 52°C (125°F)*— Cut a test specimen 51 by 152 mm (2 by 6 in.), substantially flat and straight, with the 152-mm dimension parallel to the machine direction of the strip. Clamp the specimen between two blocks so that the expansion joint forms a cantilever of 89-mm ($3\frac{1}{2}$ -in.) length. Place the clamp and joint assembly in a forced-draft oven maintained at $52 \pm 1.1^\circ\text{C}$ ($125 \pm 2^\circ\text{F}$), with the specimen in a horizontal position, for 2 h. Measure the deflection of the specimen from the horizontal.

8.2.2 *Brittleness*— Cut a test specimen 51 by 152 mm (2 by 6 in.) with the 152-mm dimension parallel to the machine direction of the strip. Maintain the specimen at a temperature of 4 to 6°C (39 to 43°F) in water for at least 2 h prior to testing.

Clamp the specimen between two boards so that the expansion joint forms a cantilever of 89-mm ($3\frac{1}{2}$ -in.) length and hold in a horizontal position by a suitable rigid support. Suspend a spherical cast iron ball, weighing 0.43 kg (0.95 lb) and having a diameter of 48 mm ($1\frac{7}{8}$ in.), by a cord tied to an eyelet fastened to the ball. For specimens having a thickness of 14.3 mm ($9/16$ in.) or less, suspend the ball 304 mm (1 ft) above the center of the projecting portion of the specimen. For specimens over 14.3 mm in thickness, suspend the ball 610 mm (2 ft) above the specimen. Release the ball by burning the cord above the eyelet. Other suitable suspension and release devices may be used.

8.2.3 *Water Absorption*— Cut a test specimen 51 by 152 mm (2 by 6 in.) from the joint filler material, in such a manner that all edges are freshly cut, and weigh. Immerse the specimen horizontally under 25.4 mm (1 in.) of distilled or deionized water at $23 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ($73.4 \pm 3.6^\circ\text{F}$) for 24 h, remove, and wipe off the surface water with a slightly dampened cloth. Weigh the specimen quickly and calculate the gain in weight and express as weight percent of water absorbed.

8.2.4 *Compression*— Test the joint filler in accordance with the compression test outlined in Methods D 545, except make only a single application of the load required to compress the specimen to 50 % of its thickness before test, and do not measure the recovery.

8.3 *Precision and Bias:*

8.3.1 Precision statement for single operator was calculated per Practice C 670. Maximum acceptable range of individual measurements. No precision statement is necessary for brittleness since this property is qualified as an attribute. Precision statements are listed in Table 1.

8.3.2 Since there is no accepted reference material suitable for determining the bias in this test method, no statement on bias is made.

9. Keywords

9.1 construction; asphalt; bituminous; preformed; expansion; joint; paving



TABLE 1 Single-Operator Precision Statements SI Units Only

Property	Property as a function of Nominal Thickness				
Thickness, Nominal, mm.	25.4	19.1	12.7	9.5	6.4
Distortion, max. mm.	25.4	25.4	25.4	25.4	25.4
Precision, max.accept.range.	2.93	2.30	5.92	6.03	6.84
Brittleness	Pass*	Pass*	Pass*	Pass*	----
Precision, max.accept.range	**	**	**	**	----
Water Absorption, wt % max.	2.5	3	4	5	----
Precision, max.accept.range.	0.057	0.087	0.400	1.187	----
Compression, kPa, min-max.	690–5,200	690–5,800	690–6,400	----	----
Precision, max.accept.range.	204.2	180.1	416.5	----	----

NOTE—Precision, max.accept.range. Per Practice C 670, Maximum acceptable range between high and low individual measurements.

Pass* Not crack or shatter.

** No precision statement is necessary for this attribute.

APPENDIXES

(Nonmandatory Information)

X1. STANDARD TEST METHODS AND CONDITIONS

X1.1 *Size of Samples*—Sample sizes were used as required for each test property.

X1.3 *Test Conditions*—Standard test conditions were used as required in each test section and per Section 8.

X1.2 *Number of Specimens*—For each test, three (3) specimens were used.

X2. SINGLE-OPERATOR PRECISION STATEMENTS

X2.1 Practice C 670, for Preparing Precision and Bias Statements for test methods for Construction Materials, was used to develop the single-operator precision statement.

X2.4 Single-Operator Precision was calculated per Practice C 670. Results of three (3) specimens were used to calculate the average values and the one-sigma limits. From Practice C 670, for the average of three (3) measurements, the multiplier is 5.7 for the maximum acceptable range of individual measurements. The precision statement then for a single-operator is calculated as follows:

X2.2 Windows 95 function categories were used to calculate the average (avg) values and the one-sigma (1s) limits. Data was graphed using Windows 95 Chart Wizard.

$$\text{Precision Statement} = (1s) \times 5.7 \quad (\text{X2.1})$$

X2.3 Acceptance of individual measurement values was based on the calculated difference of two-sigma (d2s) limits as the appropriate index of test precision. Maximum acceptance range of the measurements was calculated per Practice C 670, and for a given test the individual results of the measurements were accepted if the results were within the calculated maximum acceptable range.

X2.5 Calculated precision statements for the various properties are given in Table 1.

X2.6 Single-Operator Precision for the average compression load values, for each thickness, is also presented in Graph I. (URL – Upper Range Limit, LRL – Lower Range Limit)

X3. COMPRESSION LOAD VALUES

X3.1 It was found that the compression load values are dependent on the thickness of the preformed expansion joint filler. As the thickness of the expansion filler increased the resultant compression load values decreased as shown in Fig. X3.1 and Fig. X3.2.

X3.2 Starting with the compression load value of 5,200 kPa maximum for 25.4 mm. thick joint filler, as a starting point, then by graphic analysis the maximum compression load values were plotted for each joint filler thickness as shown in Fig. X3.1 and as stated in Table 1.

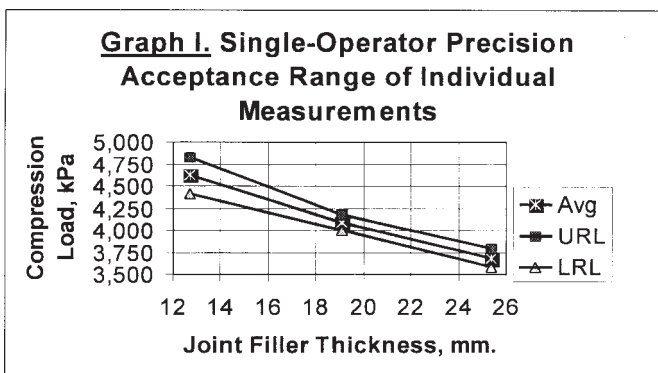


FIG. X3.1 Single-Operator Precision Acceptance Range of Individual Measurements

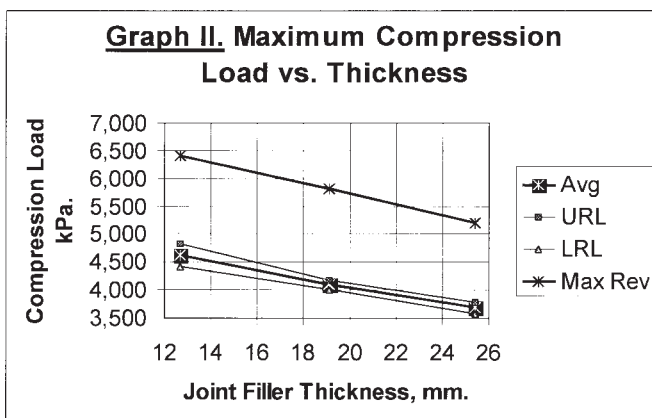


FIG. X3.2 Maximum Compression Load vs. Thickness

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