



Designation: **D 4116 – 95a01**

Standard Performance Specification for Women’s and Girls’ Knitted and Woven Corset-Girdle- Combination Fabrics¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D 4116; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This performance specification covers woven and knitted fabrics composed of any textile fiber or mixture of fibers used in corsets, girdles or a combination of the same.

1.2 This performance specification is not applicable to knitted or woven corset-girdle-combination fabrics, to knitted lace fabrics, and to fabrics used for interlinings.

1.3 These requirements apply to the length and width directions for those properties where each fabric direction is pertinent.

1.4 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D-13 on Textiles and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D13.61 on Apparel. Current edition approved ~~Dec. 10, 1995~~; 2001. Published ~~May 1996~~; July 2001. Originally published as D 4116 – 82. Last previous edition D 4116 – 95a.

- D 123 Terminology Relating to Textiles²
- D 434 Test Method for Resistance to Slippage of Yarns in Woven Fabrics Using a Standard Seam²
- D 1424 Test Method for ~~Tear Resistance~~ Tearing Strength of Woven Fabrics by Falling-Pendulum Type (Elmendorf) Apparatus²
- D 2261 Test Method for Tearing Strength of ~~Woven~~ Fabrics by the Tongue (Single Rip) ~~Meth Procedure~~ (Constant-Rate-of-Extension Tensile Testing Machine)²
- D 2262 Test Method for Tearing Strength of Woven Fabrics by the Tongue (Single Rip) Method (Constant-Rate-of-Traverse Tensile Testing Machine)³
- D 2905 Practice for Statements on Number of Specimens for Textiles²
- D 3786 Test Method for Hydraulic Bursting Strength of Knitted Goods and Nonwoven Fabrics—; Diaphragm Bursting Strength Tester Method⁴
- D 3787 Test Method for Bursting Strength of Knitted Goods—; Constant-Rate-of-Traverse (CRT) Ball Burst Test⁴
- D 5034 Test Method for Breaking ~~Force~~ Strength and Elongation of Textile Fabrics (Grab Test)⁵
- 2.2 *AATCC Test Methods*:⁶
- 8 Colorfastness to Crocking: AATCC Crockmeter Method
- 15 Colorfastness to Perspiration
- 16 Colorfastness to Light
- 23 Colorfastness to Burnt Gas Fumes
- 61 Colorfastness to Washing, Domestic, and Laundering, Commercial: Accelerated
- 116 Colorfastness to Crocking: Rotary Vertical Crockmeter Method
- 124 Appearance of Durable Press Fabrics after Repeated Home Launderings
- 135 Dimensional Changes in Automatic Home Laundering of Woven or Knit Fabrics
- 172 Colorfastness to Non-Chlorine Bleach in Home Laundering
- 188 Colorfastness to Chlorine Bleach in Home Laundering
- Evaluation Procedure No. 1 Gray Scale for Color Change
- Evaluation Procedure No. 2 Gray Scale for Staining
- Evaluation Procedure No. 3 AATCC Chromatic Transference Scale.
- 2.3 *Federal Standard*:⁷
- 16 CFR, Chapter II-Consumer Product Safety Commission Subchapter D-Flammable Fabrics Act Regulations
- 2.4 *Military Standard*:⁸
- MIL-STD-105D Sampling Procedures and Tables for Inspection by Attributes

NOTE 1—Reference to test methods in this standard give only the permanent part of the designation of ASTM, AATCC, or other test methods. The current editions of each test method cited shall prevail.

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 For definitions of textile terms used in this specification, refer to the individual ASTM and AATCC methods and to Terminology D 123.

3.2 Definitions found in a dictionary of common terms are suitable for this specification.

4. Specification Requirements

4.1 The properties of knitted and woven fabrics for women's and girls' corset-girdle-combinations shall conform to the specification requirements in Table 1.

5. Significance and Use

5.1 Upon agreement between the purchaser and the supplier, fabrics intended for this end use should meet all the requirements listed in Table 1 of this specification.

5.2 It is recognized that for purposes of fashion or aesthetics the ultimate consumer of articles made from these fabrics may find acceptable fabrics that do not conform to all of the requirements in Table 1. Therefore, one or more of the requirements listed in Table 1 may be modified upon agreement between the purchaser and the supplier.

² *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 07.01.

³ Discontinued; see *1994 Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 07.021.

⁴ Available from American Association

⁴ Discontinued; see *1997 Annual Book of Textile Chemists and Colorists, P.O. Box 12215, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709*; *ASTM Standards*, Vol 07.02.

⁵ Available from Superintendent

⁵ *Annual Book of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402*; *ASTM Standards*, Vol 07.02.

⁶ Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, Bldg. 4 Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, Attn: NPODS; American Association of Textile Chemists and Colorists, P.O. Box 12215, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709.

⁷ Available from Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402.

⁸ Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, Bldg. 4 Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, Attn: NPODS.

TABLE 1 Specification Requirements

NOTE 1—Class in colorfastness is based on a numerical scale of 5 for negligible color change or color transfer to 1 for very severe color change or color transfer.

Characteristic	Requirements		Section
	Knit	Woven	
Breaking strength (load)(CRT) ^A	...	301 N (70 lbf), min	7.1
Bursting strength (ball burst) ^A	222 N (50 lbf), min	...	7.2
Tongue-tear strength ^A	...	13 N (3 lbf), min	7.3
Yarn slippage	...	6 mm (¼ in.) separation @ 155 N (35 lbf), min	7.4
<i>Dimensional change:</i>			
Laundering			7.5.1
Length	5 % max	5 % max	
Width	5 % max	3 % max	
<i>Colorfastness:</i>			
Burnt gas fumes—1 cycle:			
Shade change, original fabric	Class 4 ^B , min	Class 4 ^B , min	7.6.1
Shade change, after one laundering	Class 4 ^B , min	Class 4 ^B , min	
Laundering:			
Shade change	Class 4 ^B , min	Class 4 ^B , min	7.6.2
Staining	Class 3 ^C , min	Class 3 ^C , min	
Crocking:			
Dry	Class 4 ^D , min	Class 4 ^D , min	7.6.3
Wet	Class 3 ^D , min	Class 3 ^D , min	
Perspiration:			
Shade change	Class 4 ^B , min	Class 4 ^D , min	7.6.4
Staining	Class 3 ^C , min	Class 3 ^D , min	
Light (10 AATCC FU) ^A (xenon-arc)	Step 4 ^B , min	Step 4 ^C , min	7.6.5
Chlorine Bleach	Class 4 ^B , min	Class 4 ^B , min	7.6.6
Non-chlorine Bleach	Class 4 ^B , min	Class 4 ^B , min	7.6.5
Flammability	pass	pass	7.7

^A There is more than one method that can be used to measure breaking strength (load).

^B AATCC Gray Scale for Color Change.

^C AATCC Gray Scale for Staining.

^D AATCC Chromatic Transference Scale.

5.2.1 In such cases, any references to the specification shall specify that: “This fabric meets ASTM Specification D 4116 except for the following characteristic(s).”

5.3 Where no prepurchase agreement has been reached between the purchaser and the supplier, and in case of controversy, the requirements listed in Table 1 are intended to be used as a guide only. As noted in 5.2, ultimate consumer demands dictate varying performance parameters for any particular style of fabric.

5.4 The uses and significance of particular properties and methods are discussed in the appropriate sections of the specified methods.

6. Sampling

6.1 *Lot Sample*—As a lot sample for acceptance testing, take at random the number of rolls as directed in an applicable specification or other agreement between the purchaser and the supplier, such as an agreement to use MIL-STD-105D.

6.2 *Laboratory Sample*—From each roll or piece in the lot sample, cut two laboratory samples the full width of the fabric and at least 375 mm (15 in.) along the selvage.

7. Test Methods (See Note 1)

7.1 *Breaking Force* (woven fabrics only)—Determine the dry breaking force in the standard atmosphere for testing textiles, as directed in Test Method D 5034, using a constant rate of traverse (CRT) tensile-testing machine with the speed of the pulling clamp at 300 ± 10 mm (12 ± 0.5 in.)/min.

NOTE 2—If preferred, a constant-rate-of-extension (CRE) tensile-testing machine may be used. The crosshead speed should be as agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier. There may be no overall correlation between the results obtained with the CRT machine and with the CRE machine. Consequently, these two breaking load testers cannot be used interchangeably. In case of controversy, the CRT method shall prevail.

7.2 *Bursting Strength* (knit fabrics only)—Determine the bursting strength of knit fabrics as directed in Test Methods D 3786 or D 3787 as agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier.

NOTE 3—Care should be taken to subtract the tare diaphragm pressure from the gross pressure to obtain actual bursting strength of fabric when using the diaphragm bursting tester. Calibrate the equipment according to manufacturer’s instruction before use. Since there is no overall correlation between the results obtained with the CRT machine equipped with a bursting attachment and the diaphragm bursting tester, these two bursting testers cannot be used interchangeably. In case of controversy, the CRT machine equipped with a bursting attachment method shall prevail.

NOTE 4—The precision of the ball burst method using the CRT machine equipped with a bursting attachment and the precision of the diaphragm bursting tested method are being established by Subcommittee D13.59. The methods are accordingly not recommended for acceptance testing unless

preceded by an interlaboratory check test in the laboratory of the purchaser and the laboratory of the supplier using randomized replicate specimens of the type of material to be evaluated.

7.3 Tongue-Tear Strength (woven fabrics only)—Determine the tear strength as directed in Test Method D 2262.

NOTE 5—If preferred, the use of Test Methods D 1424 or D 2261 is permitted with existing requirements as given in this specification. There may be no overall correlation between the results obtained with the tongue-tear machines and with the Elmendorf machine. Consequently, these three testers cannot be used interchangeably. In case of controversy, Test Method D 2262 shall prevail.

7.4 Resistance to Yarn Slippage (woven fabrics only)—Determine the resistance to yarn slippage as directed in Test Method D 434.

NOTE 6—The precision of Test Method D 434 is being established, and it may not be suitable for fabrics with a low number of warp (ends) and filling (picks) counts (see 5.2).

7.5 Dimensional Change:

7.5.1 Laundering—Determine the maximum-dimensional change after five launderings, or as agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier, as directed in the applicable procedure in AATCC Test Method 135.

7.6 Colorfastness:

7.6.1 Burnt Gas Fumes—Determine the colorfastness to burnt gas fumes on the original fabric and after one laundering or one drycleaning as directed in AATCC Test Method 23 after 1 cycle.

NOTE 7—Washing conditions shall be the same as those used in 7.5.1.

7.6.2 Laundering—Determine the colorfastness to laundering as directed in the applicable procedure of AATCC Test Method 61. The test conditions shall be as specified by the seller.

7.6.3 Crocking—Determine colorfastness to dry and wet crocking as directed in AATCC Test Method 8 for solid shades and AATCC Test Method 116 for prints, or as agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier.

7.6.4 Perspiration—Determine colorfastness to perspiration as directed in AATCC Test Method 15.

7.6.5 Light—Determine colorfastness to light as directed in AATCC Test Method 16.

NOTE 8—There are distinct differences in spectral distribution between the various types of machines listed in AATCC Test Method 16, with no overall correlations between them. Consequently, these machines cannot be used interchangeably. In case of controversy, results obtained with the Water Cooled Xenon Arc machine listed in Option E shall prevail.

7.6.6 Colorfastness to Chlorine Bleach—Determine colorfastness to light as directed in AATCC Test Method 16.

7.6.7 Colorfastness to Non-chlorine Bleach—Determine colorfastness to light as directed in AATCC Test Method 16.

7.7 Flammability—The flammability requirements shall be as agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier, provided they meet or exceed those of Part 1610 of the Flammable Fabrics Act Regulations.

8. Keywords

8.1 fabric; foundation garment; performance; specification

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