



Standard Specification for Uranium Oxides with a ^{235}U Content of Less Than 5 % for Dissolution Prior to Conversion to Nuclear-Grade Uranium Dioxide¹

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1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers uranium trioxide (UO_3) or U_3O_8 powders, or mixtures of the two, that are intended for dissolution into uranyl nitrate solution meeting the requirements of Specification C 788 prior to conversion into nuclear grade UO_2 powder with a ^{235}U content of less than 5 %. This specification defines the impurity and uranium isotope limits for such uranium powders that are to be dissolved prior to processing to nuclear grade UO_2 as defined in Specification C 753.

1.2 This specification provides the nuclear industry with a general standard for such uranium oxide powders. It recognizes the diversity of conversion processes and the processes to which such powders are subsequently to be subjected. It is therefore anticipated that it may be necessary to include supplementary specification limits by agreement between the buyer and seller.

1.3 The scope of this specification does not comprehensively cover all provisions for preventing criticality accidents, for health and safety, or for shipping. Observance of this specification does not relieve the user of the obligation to conform to all international, national, state and local regulations for processing, shipping, or any other way of using uranium powders (see 2.2 and 2.3).

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

- C 696 Test Methods for Chemical, Mass Spectrometric, and Spectrochemical Analysis of Nuclear-Grade Uranium Dioxide Powders and Pellets²
- C 753 Specification for Nuclear-Grade, Sinterable Uranium Dioxide Powder²
- C 788 Specification for Nuclear-Grade Uranyl Nitrate Solution²
- C 799 Test Methods for Chemical, Mass Spectrometric, Spectrochemical, Nuclear, and Radiochemical Analysis of

- Nuclear-Grade Uranyl Nitrate Solutions²
- C 859 Terminology Relating to Nuclear Materials²
- C 996 Specification for Uranium Hexafluoride Enriched to Less Than 5 % ^{235}U ²
- C 1233 Practice for Determining Equivalent Boron Contents of Nuclear Materials²
- E 11 Specification for Wire-Cloth Sieves for Testing Purposes³
- E 105 Practice for Probability Sampling of Materials³
- 2.2 ANSI Standard:
 - ASME NQA-1 Quality Assurance Program, Requirements for Nuclear Facilities⁴
- 2.3 U.S. Government Document:
 - Federal Regulations Title 10, (Energy) Part 50, Domestic Licensing of Production and Utilization Facilities⁵

3. Terminology

3.1 Definition of Term Specific to This Standard:

3.1.1 Terms shall be defined in accordance with Terminology C 859, except for the following:

3.1.2 *Commercial Grade Uranium Oxide, n*—uranium trioxide (UO_3), U_3O_8 , or a mixture of the two, made from unirradiated uranium. It is recognized some contamination with reprocessed uranium may occur during routine processing; this is acceptable provided that the specification for Commercial Grade Uranium Oxide as set forth in 4.1 is met.

4. Isotopic Content

4.1 For Commercial Grade Uranium Oxide with an isotopic content of ^{235}U between that of natural uranium and 5 %, the isotopic limits of Specification C 996 shall apply. The specific isotopic measurements required by Specification C 996 may be waived, provided that the seller can demonstrate compliance through, for instance, the seller's quality assurance records.

4.2 For commercial uranium oxides not having an assay in the range set forth in 4.1, the isotopic requirements shall be as

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² *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 12.01.

³ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 14.02.

⁴ Available from American National Standards Institute, 11 West 42nd St., 13th Floor, New York, NY 10036.

⁵ Available from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402.

agreed upon between the buyer and seller.

5. Physical and Chemical Requirements

5.1 *Uranium Content*—The uranium content shall be determined using methods described in Test Methods C 696 and C 799, or as agreed upon between the buyer and seller. Based on the oxygen-to-uranium ratio, the minimum total uranium content shall also be agreed upon between the buyer and seller.

5.2 *Impurity Content*—The impurity content shall not exceed the individual element limit specified in Table 1 on a uranium weight basis. The summation of the contribution of each of the impurity elements listed in Table 1 shall not exceed 1000 µg/gU. The impurity content shall be determined using methods described in Test Methods C 696 or as agreed upon between the buyer and seller.

5.3 *Equivalent Boron Content*—The total equivalent boron content (EBC) shall not exceed 2.0 µg/gU. The list of elements to be considered in the EBC calculation shall be as agreed upon between the buyer and seller. The method of performing the calculation shall be as indicated in Practice C 1233.

5.4 If the concentrations of any of the elements used in the calculations in 5.2 are reported as a less-than value, this less-than value shall be used for any further calculations involving the concentration of this element.

5.5 *Moisture Content*—The moisture content of the uranium oxide shall not exceed 1 % by weight unless otherwise agreed upon by the buyer and seller.

5.6 *Ability to Flow*—The Commercial Grade Uranium Oxide shall be sufficiently free-flowing to permit sampling and powder handling.

5.7 *Particle Size*—Particle size, size distribution and method of determination shall be as agreed upon between the buyer and seller. Packing or agglomeration during shipping, or both, may be a concern.

5.8 *Dissolvability*—At the buyer's request, a dissolvability test shall be performed by a procedure and to a specification as

mutually agreed upon between buyer and seller. The test parameters (such as time, temperature, nitric acid molarity) and characteristics to be measured (such as dissolution rate, insolubles, foam generation) shall be defined by agreement between the buyer and seller.

6. Lot Requirements

6.1 A lot is defined as a quantity of Commercial Grade Uranium Oxide powder that is uniform in isotopic, chemical, and flowability characteristics.

6.2 The identity of a lot shall be retained throughout.

6.3 A powder lot shall form the basis for defining sampling plans used to establish conformance to this specification.

6.4 Sampling plans shall be mutually agreed upon by the buyer and seller. A suggested sampling procedure is given in Annex A1.

7. Test Methods

7.1 The seller shall test the samples described in Annex A1 to ensure conformance of the powder to the requirements agreed upon between the buyer and the seller.

7.2 *Lot Acceptance*—Acceptance testing may be performed by the buyer on either the sample provided by the seller or on a sample taken at the buyer's plant by sampling one or more individual containers with a thief. Practice E 105 is referenced as a guide. Acceptance shall be on a lot basis and shall be contingent upon the material properties meeting the requirements of Sections 4, 5, and 6.

7.3 *Referee Method*—The buyer and seller shall agree to a third party as a referee in the event of a dispute in analytical results.

8. Testing and Certification

8.1 The manufacturer, if someone other than seller, shall test the sample described in 6.4 to ensure conformance of the uranium oxide powder to the requirements of Sections 4, 5, and 6. All testing shall be conducted by techniques mutually agreed upon between the buyer and the seller.

8.2 The manufacturer, as above, shall provide to the buyer documents certifying that the material meets all the requirements of Sections 4, 5, and 6.

8.3 The manufacturer, as above, shall make available as requested by the buyer, records of all data obtained from tests to certify that the material meets the requirements of Sections 4, 5, and 6.

9. Packaging and Marking

9.1 Uranium oxide powder shall be packaged in sealed containers to prevent loss of material and undue contamination from air or to the container materials. The exact size and method of packaging shall be as agreed upon between the buyer and seller.

9.2 Each container shall bear, as a minimum, a label on the lid and side with the following information:

- 9.2.1 Seller's name,
- 9.2.2 Material in container,
- 9.2.3 Lot number,
- 9.2.4 Uranium enrichment,
- 9.2.5 Gross, tare, net oxide weights,

TABLE 1 Impurity Elements and Maximum Concentration Limits

Element	Maximum Concentration Limit
Aluminum	150
Barium	5
Bismuth	3
Calcium and Magnesium	150
Chlorine	100
Chromium	100
Cobalt	80
Copper	100
Fluorine	100
Iron	150
Lead	40
Manganese	50
Molybdenum	200
Nickel	80
Phosphorus	100
Silicon	200
Sodium	20
Tantalum	200
Thorium	10
Tin	50
Titanium	50
Tungsten	100
Vanadium	10
Zinc	20

- 9.2.6 Uranium weight,
- 9.2.7 Purchase order number (or equivalent), and
- 9.2.8 Container () of ().

order. Code of Federal Regulations Title 10, Part 50, Appendix B and NQA-1 are referenced as guides.

11. Keywords

- 11.1 nuclear fuel; uranium oxide; uranium oxide dissolution

10. Quality Assurance

10.1 Quality assurance requirements shall be as agreed upon between the buyer and seller when specified in the purchase

ANNEX

(Mandatory Information)

A1. Sampling

A1.1 Uranium oxide may be hygroscopic and retain sufficient water after exposure to a moist atmosphere to cause detectable error. Sample, weigh, and handle the sample under conditions that will ensure that the sample is representative of the lot.

A1.2 Take a representative sample of powder from each lot for the purpose of determining chemical properties.

A1.3 A lot sample shall be of sufficient size to perform quality assurance testing at the seller's plant, acceptance testing at the buyer's plant, and referee tests in the event they become necessary.

A1.4 Package the lot sample for acceptance testing at the buyer's plant in a separate container, clearly identify by lot number, and ship with the lot. Clearly identify the referee sample and retain it at the manufacturer's (if someone other than the seller) plant until the lot has been formally accepted by the buyer.

A1.5 Prepare the lot sample by blending and splitting the container samples.

A1.6 To obtain a container sample, take specimens with a thief at random locations along a randomly chosen vertical traverse through each container selected at random to be sampled. Then blend the thief samples from the selected containers and split down to the required size.

A1.7 The number of containers so sampled shall be $5 + (n/10)$ where n is the total number of containers per lot rounded to the nearest decade. If there are five or fewer containers per lot, each container shall be so sampled.

A1.8 Alternatively, an auto-sampler can be used to obtain samples during emptying or filling of the container.

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